ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

SECTION EL

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When you read wiring diagrams:

• Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".

When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRI-CAL INCIDENT".

EL

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or on the complete harness, for easy identification.

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

NOTES

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Description

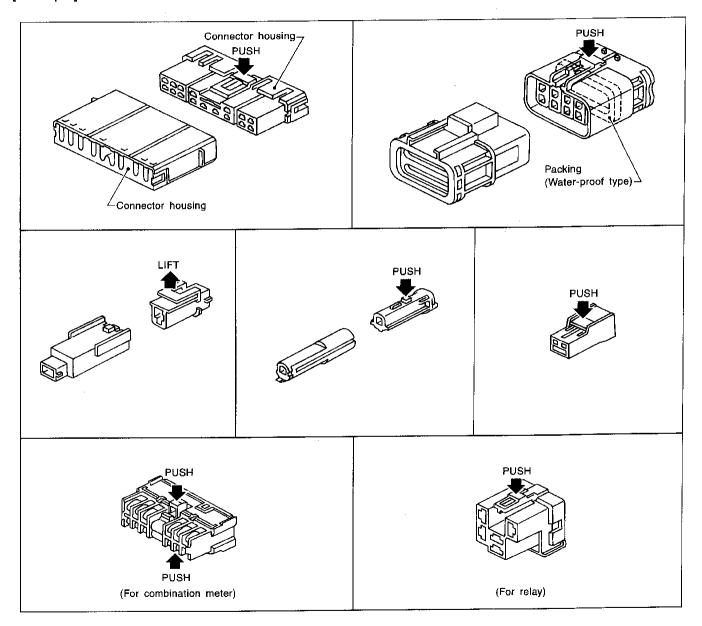
HARNESS CONNECTOR (TAB-LOCKING TYPE)

- The tab-locking type connectors help prevent accidental looseness or disconnection. The tab-locking type connector are disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking tab(s). Refer to illustration below.

CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]



SEL769DA

HARNESS CONNECTOR

Description (Cont'd)

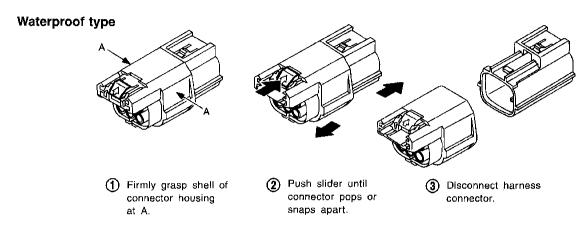
HARNESS CONNECTOR (SLIDE-LOCKING TYPE)

- A new style slide-locking type connector is used on certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD.
- The slide-locking type connectors help prevent incomplete locking and accidental looseness or disconnection.
- The slide-locking type connectors are disconnected by pushing or pulling the slider. Refer to illustration below.

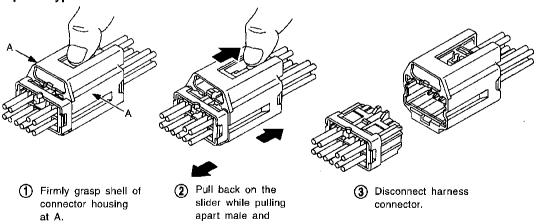
CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness or wires when disconnecting the connector. Be careful not to damage the connector support bracket when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]



Non-waterproof type



famale halves of connector.

SEL769V

MA

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CL.

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

RS

BT

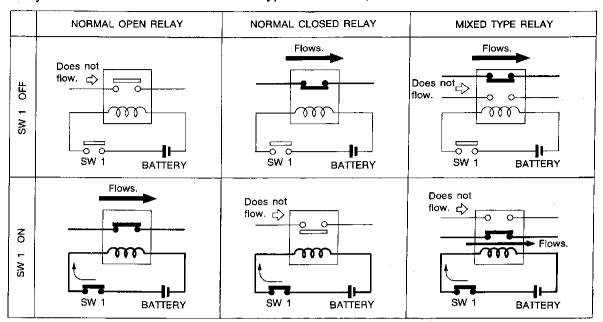
HA

IDX

Description

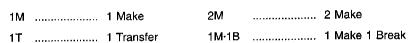
NORMAL OPEN, NORMAL CLOSED AND MIXED TYPE RELAYS

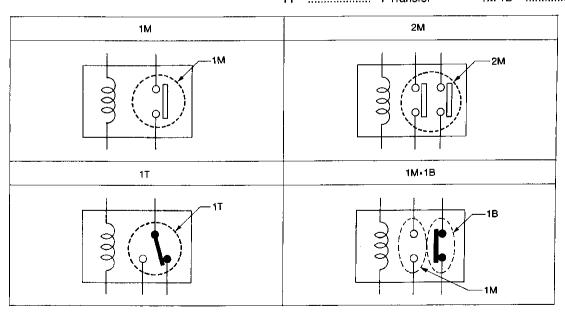
Relays can be divided into three main types: normal open, normal closed and mixed type relays.



AEL669A

TYPE OF STANDARDIZED RELAYS





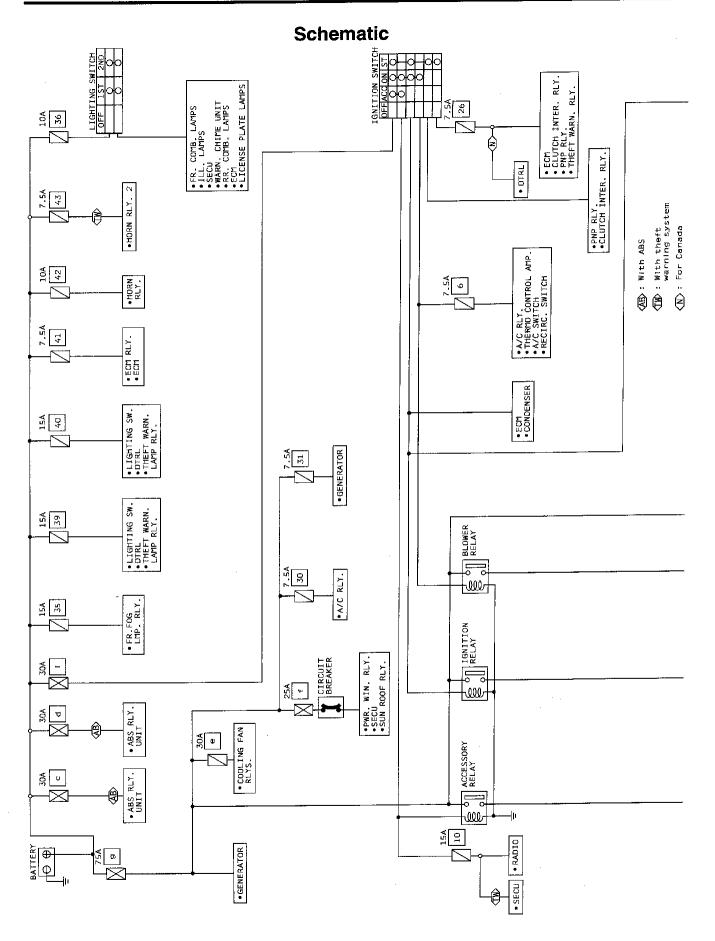
SEL882H

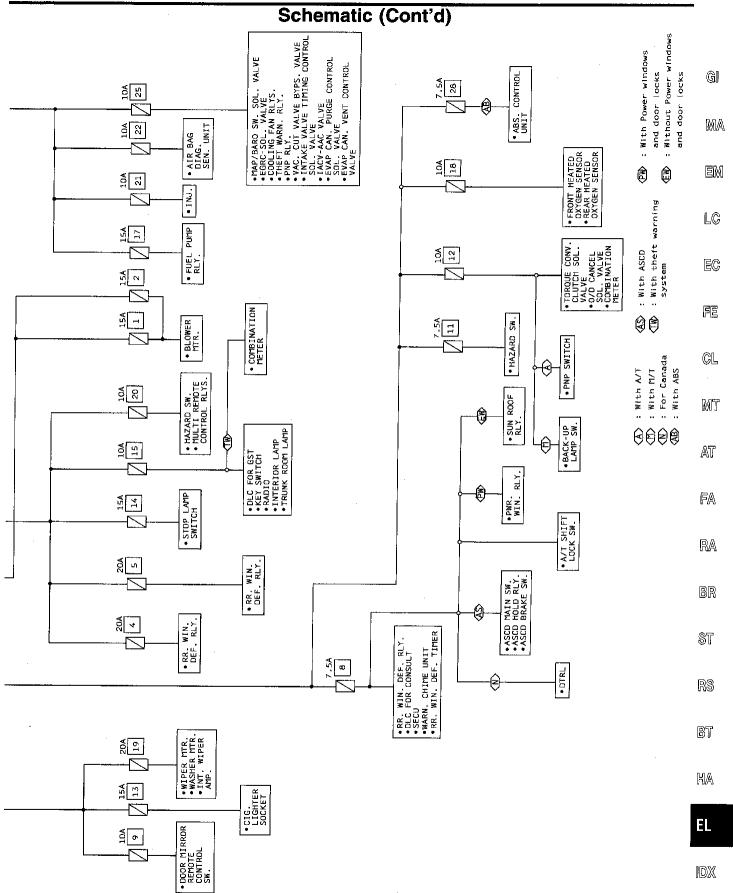
STANDARDIZED RELAY

Description (Cont'd)

	ı	bescription (Con	. u		
Туре	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color	_
1 M	3	1 3	2 3 1	GRAY	MA EM LC
1T	5 2 4	2 3	5 2 4 1 3	BLACK	EC FE CL MT
2 M	2 1 7 5 6 3	1 6 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 00 2 1 7 5 6 3	BROWN	AT FA RA BR
1M·1B	2 1 6 3 7 4	274	00 2 1 6 7 3	GRAY	ST RS BT
1M	3 5	1 5 1 0 2 3	5 2 1 3		HA EL IDX

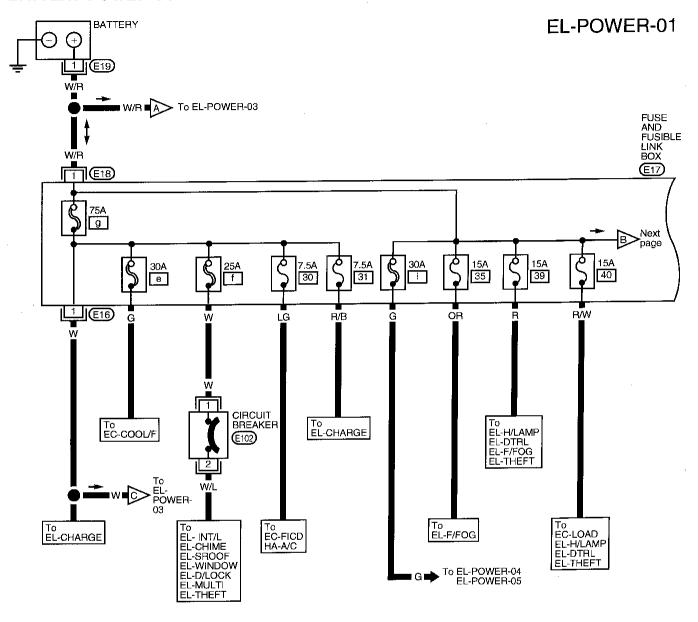
AEL733A

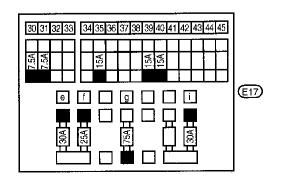


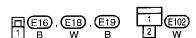


Wiring Diagram -POWER-

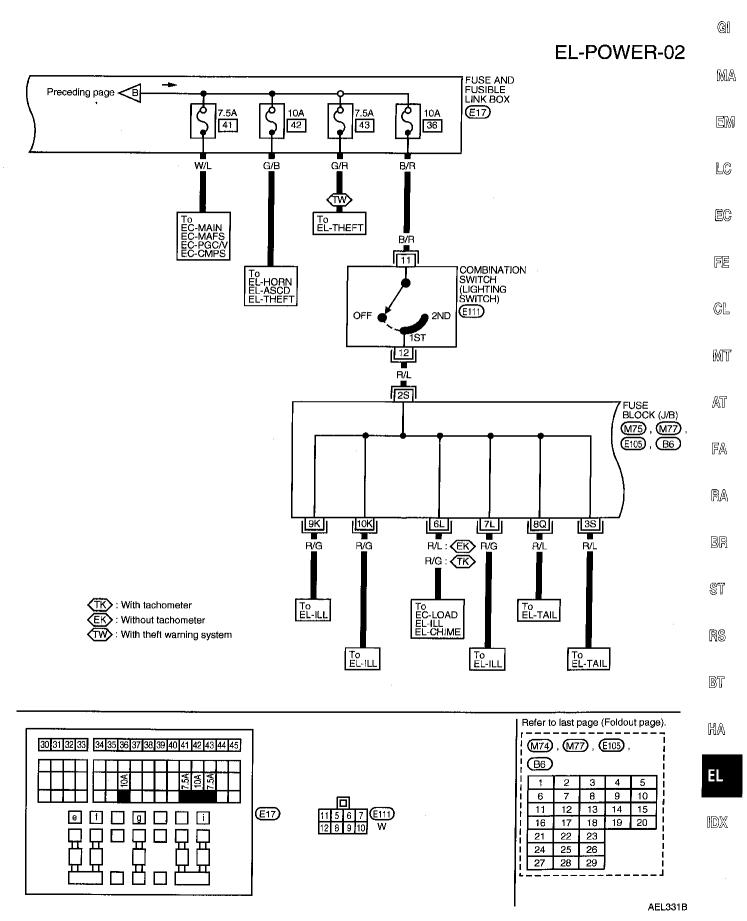
BATTERY POWER SUPPLY - IGNITION SW. IN ANY POSITION



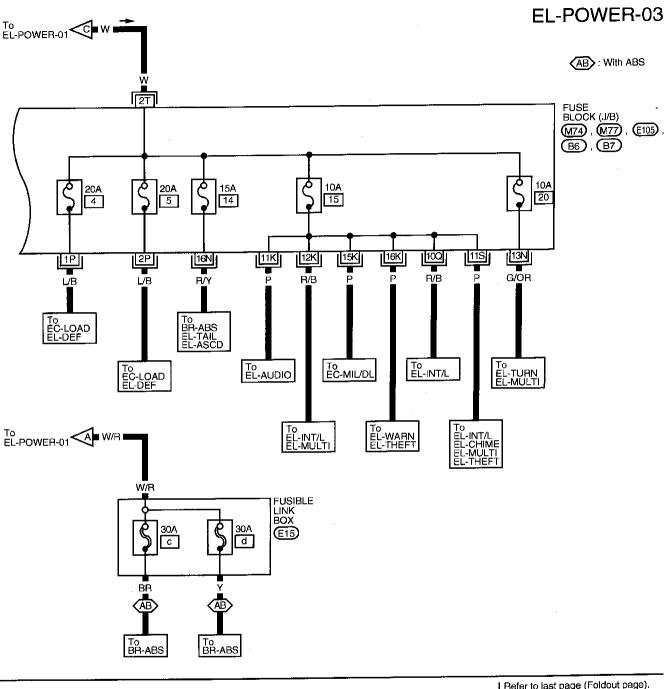


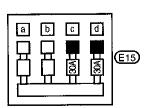


Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)

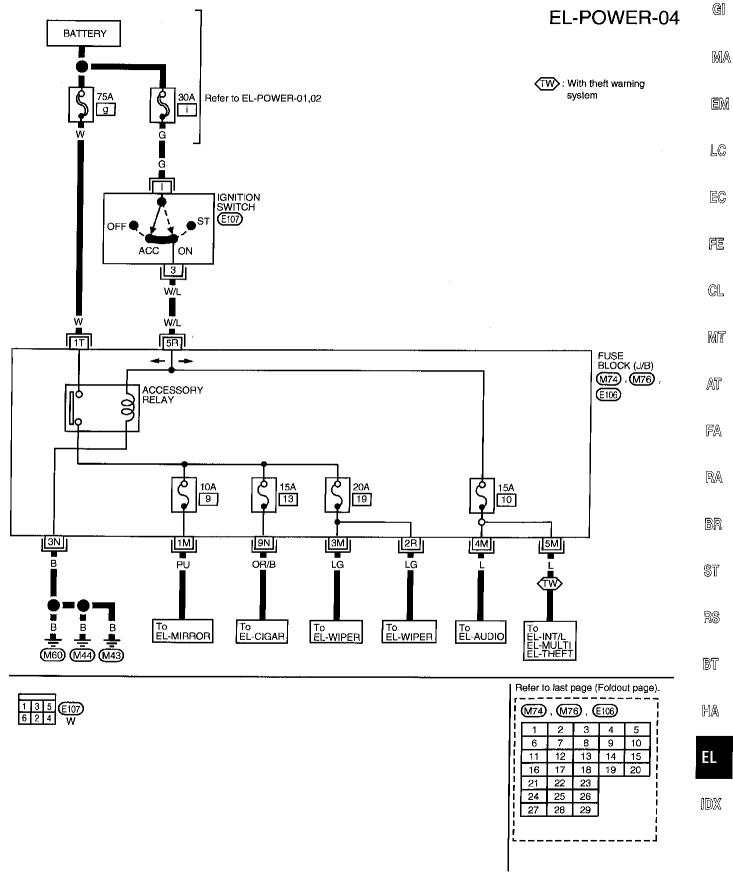




Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M74), (M77), (£105), (B6), (B7)						
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i	16	17	18	19	20	
H	21	22	23		-	i
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	27	28	29			į
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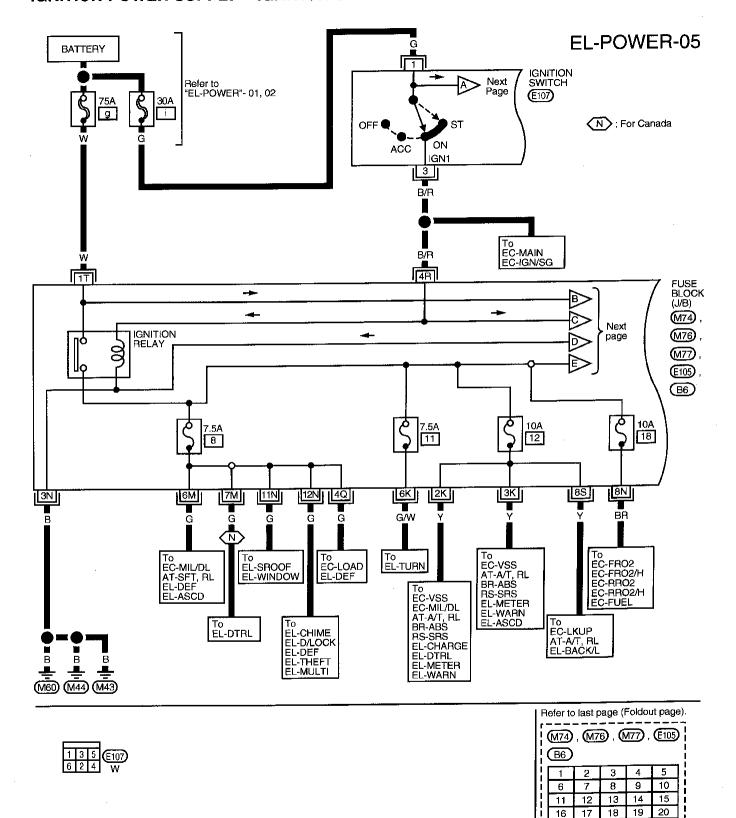
Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)

ACCESSORY POWER SUPPLY - IGNITION SW. IN "ACC" OR "ON"



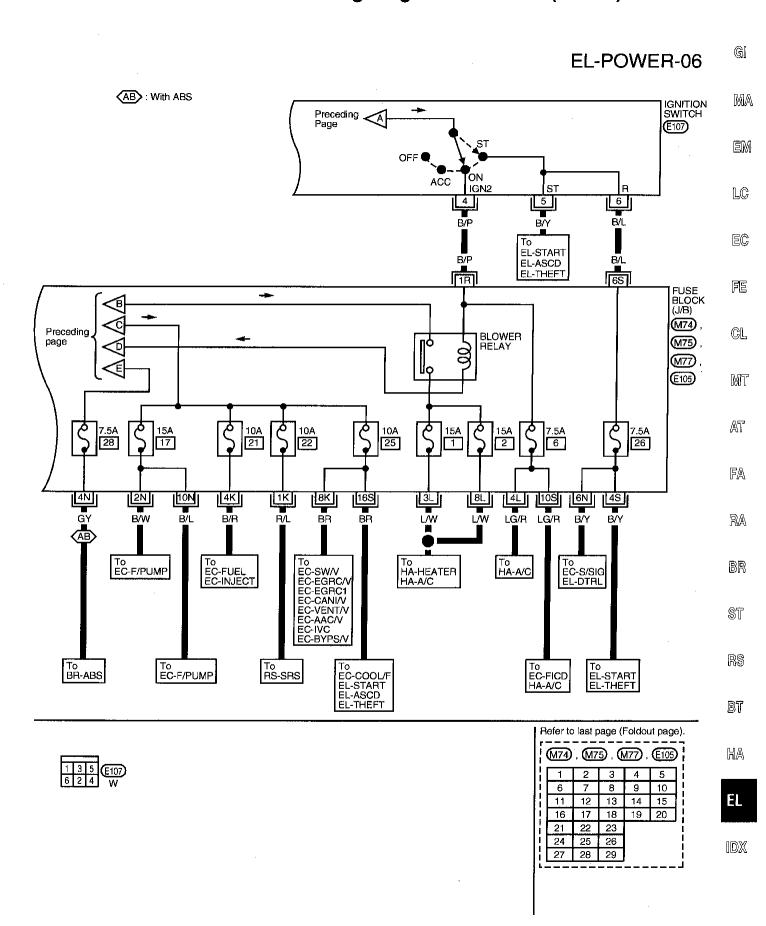
Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)

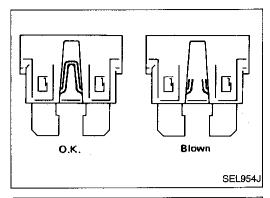
IGNITION POWER SUPPLY - IGNITION SW. IN "ON" AND/OR "START"

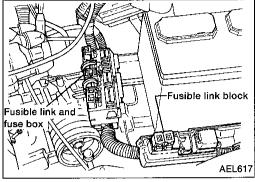


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Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)







Fuse

• If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.

Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more

than specified rating.

Do not partially install fuse; always insert it into fuse

holder properly.

Remove fuse for "ELECTRICAL PARTS (BAT)" if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

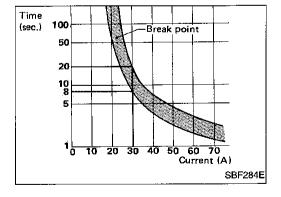
A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.

CAUTION:

If fusible link should melt, it is possible that a critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check these circuits and eliminate cause of problem.

• Never wrap outside of fusible link with vinyl tape.

Important: Never let fusible link touch any other wiring harness, vinyl or rubber parts.



Circuit Breaker Inspection

For example, when current is 30A, the circuit is broken within 8 to 20 seconds.

GROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE	
/43/M44/M60	ACCESSORY RELAY	M74	EL-POWER	
,	ASCD CONTROL UNIT	M26	EL-ASCD	
	ASCD HOLD RELAY	M24	EL-ASCD	
	ASCD MAIN SWITCH	M6	EL-ASCD	
	A/T DEVICE	M36	AT-SFT, RL	
	A/T DEVICE (OVERDRIVE CONTROL SWITCH)	M36	AT-A/T, RL	
	BLOWER RELAY	M74	EL-POWER	
	CIGARETTE LIGHTER SOCKET	M35	EL-CIGAR	
	CLUTCH INTERLOCK SWITCH	M21	EL-START, EL-THEFT	
	COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT	M40	EL-TURN	
	COMBINATION METER (AIR BAG WARNING LAMP) (Without tachometer)	M42	RS-SRS, EL-WARN	
	COMBINATION METER (AIR BAG WARNING LAMP) (With tachometer)	M66	RS-SRS, EL-WARN	
	COMBINATION METER (CRUISE INDIACATOR LAMP) (Without tachometer)	M67	EL-ASCD	
	COMBINATION METER (CRUISE INDICATOR LAMP) (With tachometer)	M66	EL-ASCD	
	COMBINATION METER (FUEL GAUGE) (Without tachometer)	M67	EL-METER	
į	COMBINATION METER (FUEL GAUGE) (With tachometer)	M66	EL-METER	
	COMBINATION METER (HIGH BEAM INDICATOR) (Without tachometer)	M42	EL-H/LAMP, EL-DTRL	
	COMBINATION METER (HIGH BEAM INDICATOR) (With tachometer)	M65	EL-H/LAMP, EL-DTRL	
	COMBINATION METER (SPEEDOMETER) (Without tachometer)	M67	EC-VSS, EL-ASCD, EL-METER	
	COMBINATION METER (SPEEDOMETER) (With tachometer)	M66	EC-VSS, EL-METER, EL-ASCD	
	COMBINATION METER (TACHOMETER)	M66	EL-METER	[
	COMBINATION METER (TURN SIGNAL LAMP) (Without tachometer)	M67	EL-TURN	(
_	COMBINATION METER (TURN SIGNAL LAMP) (With tachometer)	M66	EL-TURN	
	COMBINATION METER (WATER TEMP. GAUGE) (Without tachometer)	M67	EL-METER	
	COMBINATION METER (WATER TEMP. GAUGE) (With tachometer)	M66	EL-METER	
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR CONSULT	M4	EC-MIL/DL	
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M25	EC-MIL/DL	— F
	DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT	M73 I	EL-DTRL	— J
	DOOR MIRROR REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH	M5 I	EL-MIRROR	_ [
	FAN SWITCH	M48 I	HA-HEATER, HA-A/C, EC-LOAD	_ [
Ī	IGNITION RELAY	M74 [EL-POWER	_
	ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH	M7 [EL-ILL	 [(
	INTERMITTENT WIPER AMPLIFIER	M64 E	EL-WIPER	UL
	POWER WINDOW RELAY	M1 E	EL-WINDOW, EL-SROOF	

1229

GROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
M43/M44/M60	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH	M28	EL-DEF
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER TIMER	M38	EL-DEF
	RECIRCULATION SWITCH	M49	HA-A/C
	SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT	M37	EL-INT/L, EL-CHIME, EL-D/LOCK, EL-DEF, EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT
	SUNROOF RELAY	M2	EL-SROOF
	WARNING CHIME UNIT	M39	EL-CHIME
	WIPER MOTOR (Without ABS)	M61	EL-WIPER
	WIPER MOTOR (With ABS)	B101	EL-WIPER
	DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH RH	D15	EL-D/LOCK
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH	D8	EL-D/LOCK
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH	D17	EL-D/LOCK
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D8	EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D17	EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT
	DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH LH	D7	EL-THEFT
	DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH RH	D16	EL-THEFT
	MAIN POWER WINDOW AND DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH	D6	EL-D/LOCK, EL-WINDOW
	AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT	Z4	RS-SRS
E13/E25	BRAKE FLUID LEVEL SWITCH	E1	EL-WARN
	COMBINATION SWITCH (FRONT FOG LAMP SWITCH)	E112	EL-F/FOG
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-1	E50:A/T	EC-COOL/F
		E21:M/T	
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-2	E24:A/T	EC-COOL/F
į		E23:M/T	
	COOLING FAN RELAY-3 (HI-RELAY)	E46	EC-COOL/F
	FRONT FOG LAMP LH	E11	EL-F/FOG
	FRONT FOG LAMP RH	E26	EL-F/FOG
	FRONT SIDE MARKER LAMP LH	E9	EL-TAIL/L
	FRONT SIDE MARKER LAMP RH	E28	EL-TAIL/L
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP LH	E9	EL-TURN
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP RH	E28	EL-TURN
	HEADLAMP LH	E10	EL-H/LAMP, EL-THEFT
	HEADLAMP RH	E27	EL-H/LAMP, EL-DTRL, EL-THEFT
	HOOD SWITCH	E35	EL-THEFT
	HORN RELAY-2	E45	EL-THEFT
	PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION (PNP) SWITCH		EC-PNP/SW, AT-A/T, RL, EL-START EL-ASCD, EL-THEFT
	PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION (PNP) SWITCH	E205	EC-PNP/SW
	WASHER FLUID LEVEL SWITCH	E32	EL-WARN
	WIPER SWITCH	E109	EL-WIPER

GROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE	
F12/F23	DISTRIBUTOR (CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR)	F4	EC-CMPS	
	DISTRIBUTOR (POWER TRANSISTOR)	F4	EC-IGN/SG	
	ECM	F24	EC-FRO2/H, EC-FRO2, EC-FUEL, EC-MAIN, EC-AP/SEN, EC-RRO2, EC-RRO2/H	
	IACV-FICD SOLENOID VALVE	F9	EC-FICD, HA-A/C	
	SHIELD WIRE DISTRIBUTOR (CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR)	F4	EC-CMPS	
	SHIELD WIRE (CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR)	F3	EC-CKPS	
	SHIELD WIRE [FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (O2SF)]	F1	EC-FRO2, EC-FRO2/H, EC-FUEL	
	SHIELD WIRE (KNOCK SENSOR)	F102	EC-KS	
	SHIELD WIRE (MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR)	F 7	EC-MAFS	
	SHIELD WIRE [REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (O2SR)]	F25	EC-RRO2, EC-RRO2/H	
	SHIELD WIRE (RESISTOR)	F6	EC-IGN/SG	
	SHIELD WIRE [THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR (TV01)]	F10	EC-TPS, AT-A/T, RL	
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M25	EC-MIL/DL	
	POWER STEERING OIL PRESSURE SWITCH	M62	EC-PST/SW	
	SHIELD WIRE [ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR] (Without ABS)	M72	EC-AP/SEN	
	SHIELD WIRE [ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR] (With ABS)	B112	EC-AP/SEN	
	SHIELD WIRE (EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR)	T13	EC-PRE/SE	
A4	GENERATOR	A5	EL-CHARGE	_
B14/B17	FRONT DOOR SWITCH LH (DRIVER'S SIDE)	B13	RS-SRS, EL-CHIME, EL-INT/L, EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT	
	FUEL PUMP	B16	EC-F/PUMP	
	FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT	B15	EL-METER, EL-WARN	_
	FUEL TANK GAUAGE UNIT (TANK FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR)	B 15	EC-TFTS	
	SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	B12	EL-CHIME, EL-WARN	
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH	D25	EL-D/LOCK	
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH	D21	EL-D/LOCK	_
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D25	EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT	
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D21	EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT	
B106	ABS CONTROL UNIT	B107	BR-ABS	_
	ABS RELAY UNIT	B113	BR-ABS	
B108	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT WHEEL SENSOR LH)	E3	BR-ABS	_ =
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT WHEEL SENSOR RH)	B104	BR-ABS	
		B109	BR-ABS	_ 1
**.		B110	BR-ABS	
B202	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER	B201	EL-DEF	- [

EL-19 1231

ROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
T9/T10	BACK-UP LAMP LH	T2	EL-BACK/L
	BACK-UP LAMP RH	T7	EL-BACK/L
	HIGH-MOUNTED STOP LAMP	T5	EL-TAIL/L
	LICENSE PLATE LAMP LH	Т3	EL-TAIL/L
	LICENSE PLATE LAMP RH	ТЗ	EL-TAIL/L
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP LH (STOP)	T8	EL-TAIL/L
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP RH (STOP)	T11	EL-TAIL/L
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP LH (TAIL)	Т8	EL-TAIL/L
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP RH (TAIL)	T11	EL-TAIL/L
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP LH (TURN SIGNAL)	T8	EL-TURN
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP RH (TURN SIGNAL)	T11	EL-TURN
	TRUNK LID KEY CYLINDER SWITCH (UNLOCK SWITCH)	Т6	EL-THEFT
	TRUNK ROOM LAMP SWITCH	T4	EL-INT/L, EL-THEFT

CAUTION:

- If it becomes necessary to start engine with booster battery and jumper cables:
- Use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.



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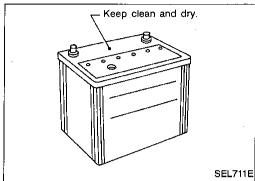
EC

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MT

AT

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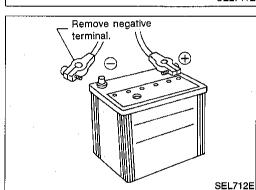


How to Handle Battery

METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent overdischarging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level.

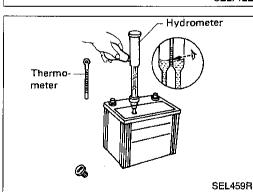


 When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal. (If the vehicle has an extended storage switch, turn it off.)

FA

RA

BR



Check the condition of the battery.
 Periodically check the specific gravity of the electrolyte.
 Keep a close check on charge condition to prevent over-discharge.

RS

HA

BT

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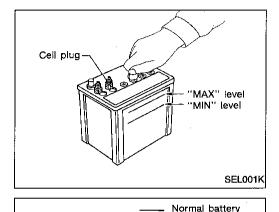
How to Handle Battery (Cont'd) CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

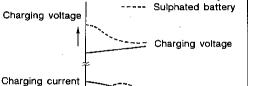
WARNING:

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.





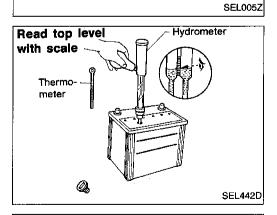
Charging current



A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity becomes less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates.

To determine if a battery has been "sulphated", note its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure, less current and higher voltage are observed in the initial stage of charging sulphated batteries.

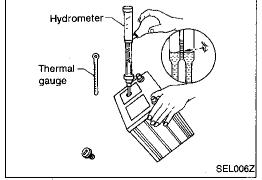
A sulphated battery may sometimes be brought back into service by means of a long, slow charge, 12 hours or more, followed by a battery capacity test.



Duration of charge

SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

1. Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.



 When electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case to raise it for easy measurement.

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

2. Use the chart below to correct your hydrometer reading according to electrolyte temperature.

Hydrometer temperature correction

Battery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
71 (160)	0.032
66 (150)	0.028
60 (140)	0.024
54 (129)	0.020
49 (120)	0.016
43 (110)	0.012
38 (100)	0.008
32 (90)	0.004
27 (80)	0
21 (70)	-0.004
16 (60)	-0.008
10 (50)	-0.012
4 (39)	-0.016
-1 (30)	-0.020
-7 (20)	-0.024
-12 (10)	-0.028
-18 (0)	-0.032

Corrected specific gravity	Approximate charge condition
1.260 - 1.280	Fully charged
1.230 - 1.250	3/4 charged
1.200 - 1.220	1/2 charged
1.170 - 1.190	1/4 charged
1.140 - 1.160	Almost discharged
1.110 - 1.130	Completely discharged

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How to Handle Battery (Cont'd) CHARGING THE BATTERY

CAUTION:

• Do not "quick charge" a fully discharged battery.

 Keep the battery away from open flame while it is being charged.

• When connecting the charger, connect the leads first, then turn on the charger. Do not turn on the charger first, as this may cause a spark.

 If battery electrolyte temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery at a temperature below 60°C (140°F).

Charging rates:

Amps	Time
50	1 hour
25	2 hours
10	5 hours
5	10 hours

Do not charge at more than 50 ampere rate.

Note: The ammeter reading on your battery charger will automatically decrease as the battery charges. This indicates that the voltage of the battery is increasing normally as the state of charge improves. The charging amps indicated above are referred to as initial charge rate.

- If, after charging, the specific gravity of any two cells varies more than .050, the battery should be replaced.
- After the battery is charged, always perform a capacity test to assure that the battery is serviceable.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Applied area		USA	Canada
Group size		21F	24F
Capacity	V-AH	12-60	12-65
Cold cranking current (For reference value)	А	490	550
Reserve capacity	Minutes	88	113

System Description

M/T MODELS	GI		
Power is supplied at all times:	QIII		
 to ignition switch terminal ① through 30A fusible link (letter i, located in the fuse and fusible link box). With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied: through terminal ⑤ of the ignition switch 	MA		
• to clutch interlock relay terminal ③.	EM		
For models with theft warning system			
 With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse (No. 25, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to theft warning relay terminal ①. 	LC		
With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied: through 7.5A fuse (No. 26, located in the fuse block [J/B])	EC		
• to theft warning relay terminal ③ If the theft warning system is triggered, terminal ② of the theft warning relay is grounded through terminal ③ of the smart entrance control unit and power to the clutch interlock relay is interrupted. When the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied:			
 through theft warning relay terminal 4 to clutch interlock relay terminal 1 	CL		
For models without theft warning system	D.057		
With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied: • through 7.5A fuse (No. ᠌6, located in the fuse block [J/B]) • to clutch interlock relay terminal ①.	MT AT		
Ground is supplied to clutch interlock relay terminal ②, when the clutch pedal is depressed through the clutch interlock switch and body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).	/A\U		
The clutch interlock relay is energized and power is supplied: • from terminal (5) of the clutch interlock relay • to terminal (2) of the starter meter windings	FA		
• to terminal ① of the starter motor windings. The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occurs and the engine starts.	RA		
the engine starts.	BR		
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System Description (Cont'd)

A/T MODELS

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 30A fusible link (letter i), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to ignition switch terminal 1.

Models without ASCD

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 25], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal (1) (models without theft warning system)
- to theft warning relay terminal ③ (models with theft warning system).

Also, with the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

- from ignition switch terminal (5)
- to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal 3.

If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied:

- through theft warning relay terminal 4
- to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal (1) (models with theft warning system).

With the selector lever in the P or N position, ground is supplied:

- to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal ② through the park/neutral position (PNP) switch. Then park/neutral position (PNP) relay is energized and power is supplied:
- from park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal (5)
- to terminal 1 of the starter motor windings.

Models with ASCD

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 25, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal ① (models without theft warning system)
- to theft warning relay terminal ③ (models with theft warning system).

Also, with the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

- from ignition switch terminal (5)
- to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal (6).

If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied:

through theft warning relay terminal (4)

to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal ① (models with theft warning system).

With the selector lever in the P or N position, ground is supplied:

• to park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal ② through the park/neutral position (PNP) switch.

Then park/neutral position (PNP) relay is energized and power is supplied:

- from park/neutral position (PNP) relay terminal ?
- to terminal ① of the starter motor windings.

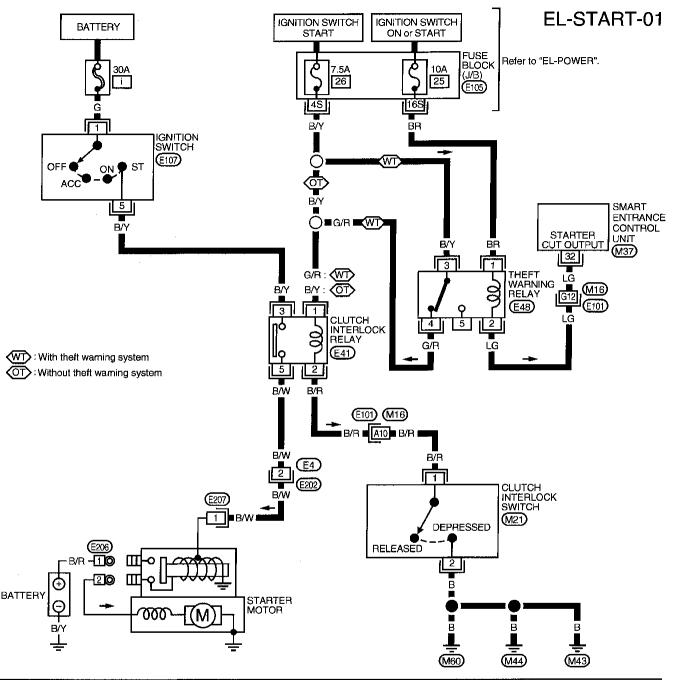
The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occurs and the engine starts.

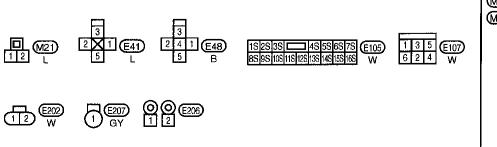
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

The theft warning system will interrupt power supply to clutch interlock relay (M/T models) or park/neutral position (PNP) relay (A/T models) if the system is triggered. The starter motor will then not crank, and the engine will not start. Refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM" (EL-204).

Wiring Diagram -START-

M/T MODELS





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Refer to last page (Foldout page).
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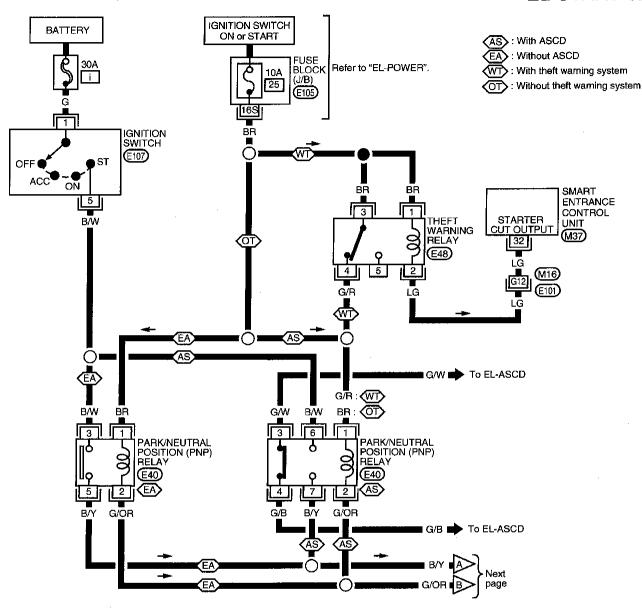
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Wiring Diagram -START- (Cont'd)

A/T MODELS

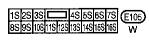
EL-START-02





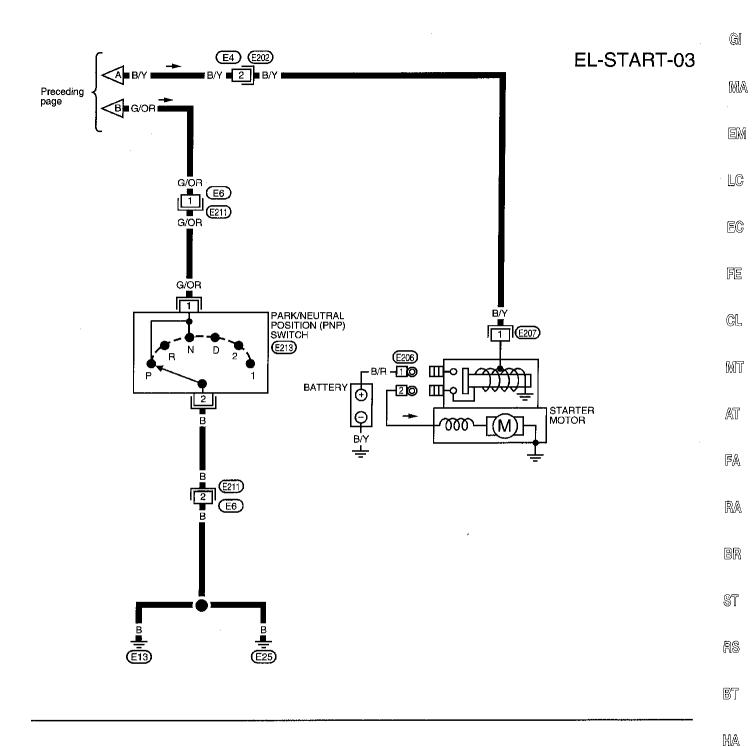








Wiring Diagram -START- (Cont'd)



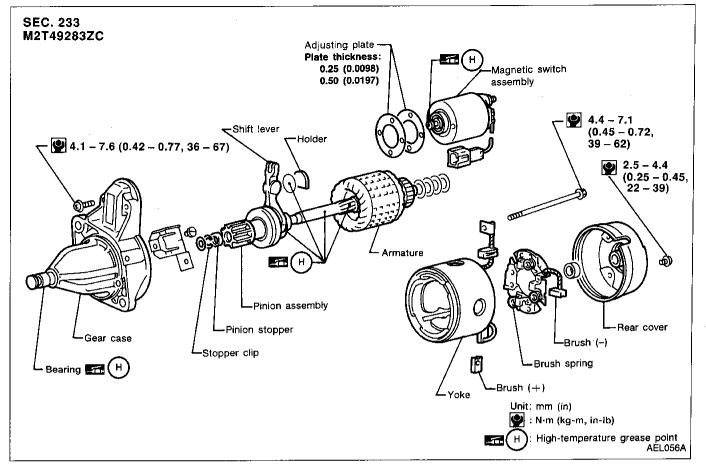




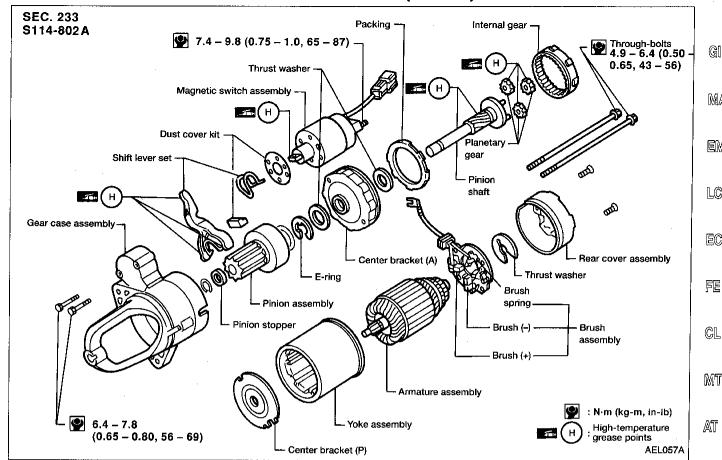
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Construction



Construction (Cont'd)



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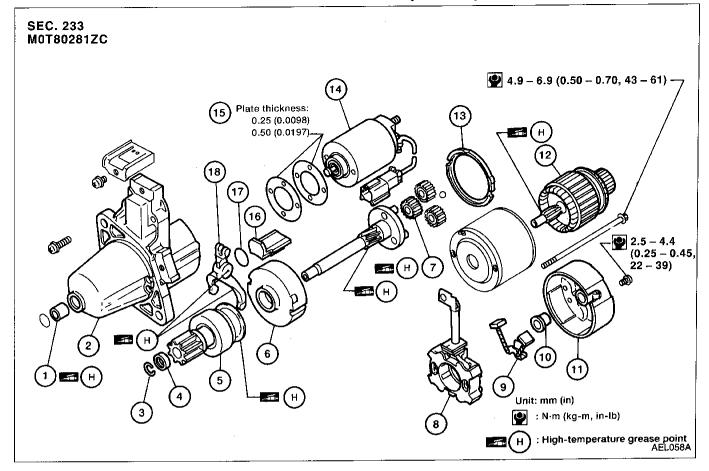
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Construction (Cont'd)



- 1 Sleeve bearing
- ② Gear case
- 3 Stopper clip
- 4 Pinion stopper
- 5 Pinion assembly
- 6 Internal gear

- Planetary gear
- (8) Brush holder
- (9) Brush
- (10) Bearing
- 11 Rear cover
- (12) Armature

- (13) Packing
- 14 Magnetic switch assembly
- 15) Adjusting plate
- 16 Packing
- 17 Plate
- (18) Shift lever

Pinion/Clutch Check

- Inspect pinion teeth.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check @l condition of ring gear teeth.)
- 2. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident, replace.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

STARTER

	M0T80281ZC	M2T49283ZC	S114-802A	
Туре	MITSUBISHI		HITACHI	
	Reduction	Non-reduction		
Applied model	M/T		A/T	
	Federal	California		
System voltage V	. 12			
No-load				
Terminal voltage V	11.0	11.5	11.0	
Current A	90 Max.	53 Max.	90 Max.	
Motor revolution rpm	2750 Min.	6000 Min.	2750 Min.	
Minimum diameter of commutator mm (in)	28.8 (1.134)	31.4 (1.236)	28.0 (1.102)	
Minimum length of brush mm (in)	7.0 (0.276)	11.5 (0.453)	10.5 (0.413)	
Brush spring tension N (kg, lb)	11.8 - 23.5 (1.2 - 2.4, 2.7 - 5.3)	13.7 - 25.5 (1.4 - 2.6, 3.1 - 5.7)	14.7 - 17.7 (1.5 - 1.8, 3.3 - 4.0)	
Clearance of bearing metal and armature shaft mm (in)	0.2 (0.0078) Max.	0.2 (0.0078) Max.	_	
Clearance between Pinion front edge and Pinion stopper mm (in)	0.5 - 2.0 (0.019 - 0.079)	0.5 - 2.0 (0.019 - 0.079)	0.3 - 2.5 (0.012 - 0.098)	

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CHARGING SYSTEM

System Description*

The generator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to keep the battery charged. The voltage output is controlled by the IC regulator.

Power is supplied at all times to generator terminal (§) through:

- 75A fusible link (letter 9, located in the fuse and fusible link box), and
- 7.5A fuse (No. 31, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Terminal (B) of the generator supplies power to charge the battery and operate the vehicle's electrical system. Output voltage is controlled by the IC regulator at terminal (S) detecting the input voltage. The charging circuit is protected by the 75A fusible link.

Terminal (E) of the generator supplies ground through body ground (A4).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

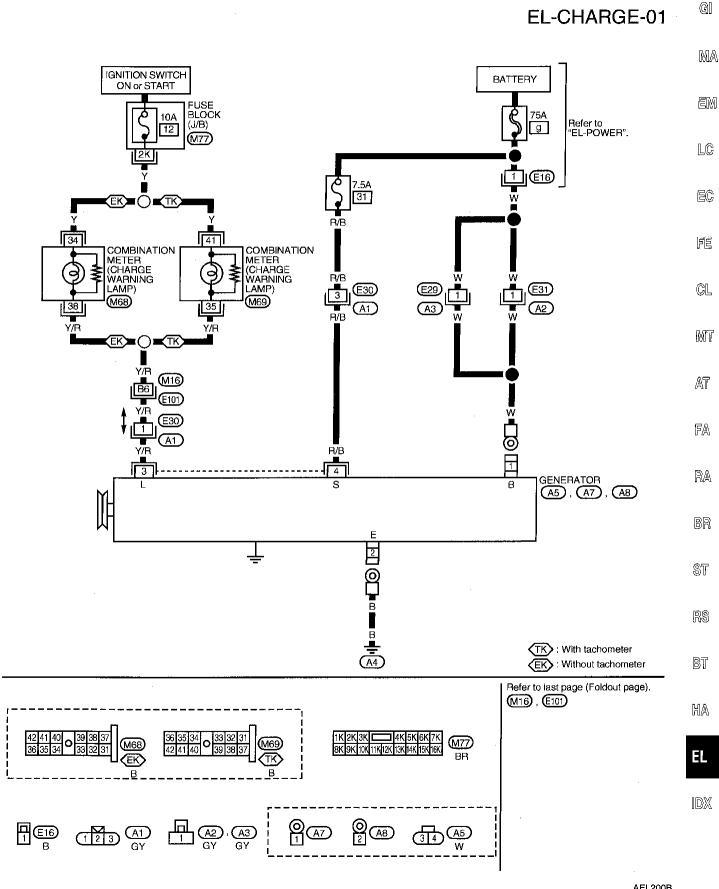
- through 10A fuse (No. 12, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to combination meter terminal (1) (3) for the charge warning lamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal (39) (39) of the combination meter through terminal (L) of the generator. With power and ground supplied, the charge warning lamp will illuminate. When the generator is providing sufficient voltage with the engine running, the ground is opened and the charge warning lamp will go off.

If the charge warning lamp illuminates with the engine running, a fault is indicated.

*: Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.

Wiring Diagram -CHARGE-



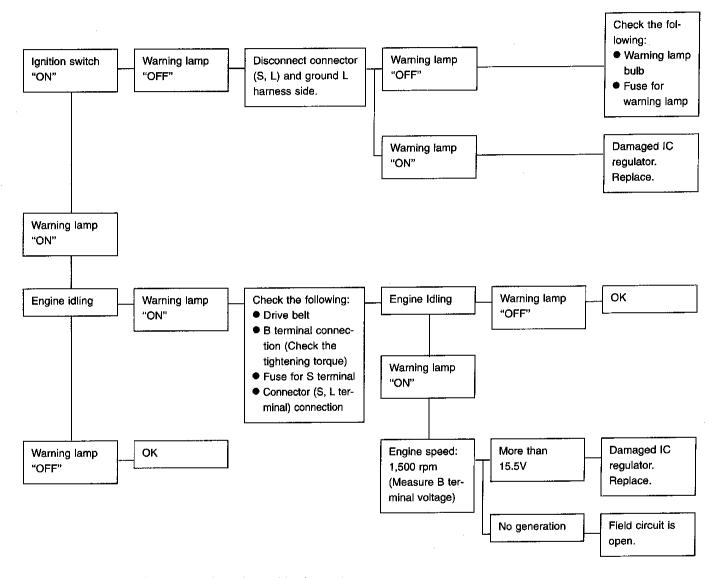
AEL200B

Trouble Diagnoses

Before conducting a generator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The generator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

- Before starting, inspect the fusible link.
- Use fully charged battery.

WITH IC REGULATOR



Warning lamp: "CHARGE" warning lamp in combination meter

★: When field circuit is open, check condition of rotor coil, rotor slip ring and brush. If necessary, replace faulty parts with new ones.

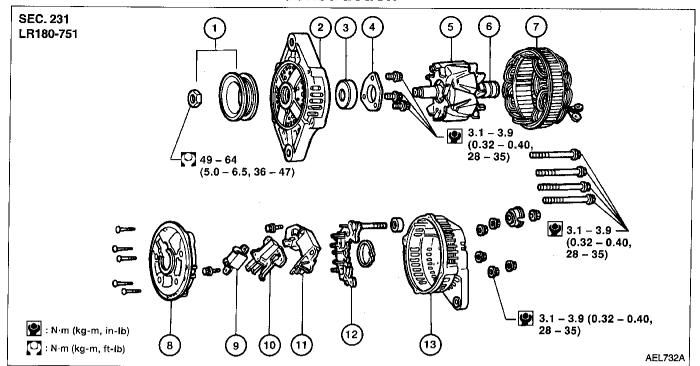
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR

The IC regulator warning function activates to illuminate "CHARGE" warning lamp, if any of the following symptoms occur while generator is operating:

- B terminal is disconnected.
- S terminal is disconnected or related circuit is open.
- Field circuit is open.
- Excessive voltage is produced.

CHARGING SYSTEM

Construction



- 1 Pulley assembly
- 2 Front cover
- 3 Front bearing
- 4 Retainer
- Rotor

- 6 Slip ring
- (7) Stator
- 8 Fan guide
- (9) Condenser

- 11 IC regulator assembly
- Diode assembly
- (13) Rearcover

10 Brush assembly

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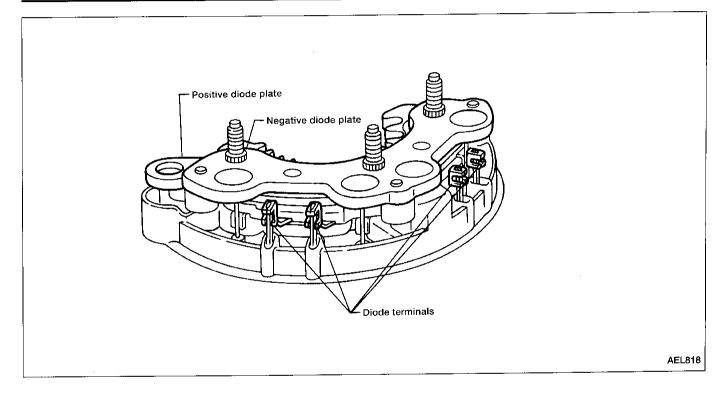
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Diode Check

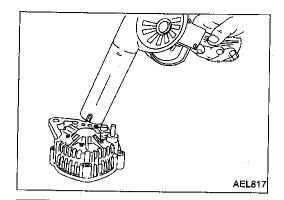
MAIN DIODES

- In order to check diodes, they must be unsoldered from the stator.
 Use an ohmmeter to check condition of diodes as indicated in chart below.
 If any of the test results are not satisfactory, replace diode assembly.

	Ohmmet	Judgement			
	Posit i ve ⊕	Negative ⊝	Judgement		
	Positive diode plate	Diode terminals	Diode conducts in only one		
Diode check (Positive side)	Diode terminals	Positive diode plate	direction.		
	Negative diode plate	Diode terminals	Diode conducts in only one		
Diode check (Negative side)	Diode terminals	Negative diode plate	direction.		



CHARGING SYSTEM



Disassembly and Assembly

- 1. Remove rear cover.
- Heat rear cover, using heat gun, to 50°C (90°F) above room temperature to prevent bearing damage.

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2. Disconnect stator/diode.

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Cut diode terminals.Unsolder stator coil leads.

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CAUTION:

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Unsolder stator coil leads as fast as possible to avoid damaging diodes.

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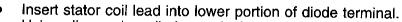
3. Remove stator and rotor.

Remove bearing retainer and bearing.

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5. Assemble in reverse of disassembly.

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Using pliers, crimp diode terminal around stator coil lead.

Be sure stator coil leads do not protrude more than 3 mm (0.118 in.) past diode terminal.

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(o. 116 m.) past diode terminal.

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Solder stator coil lead and diode terminals.



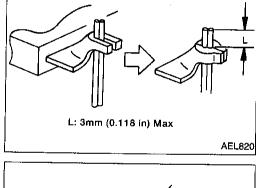
Solder stator coil leads and diode terminals as fast as possible to avoid damaging diodes. Use 9/1 Pb/Sn solder in assembly.

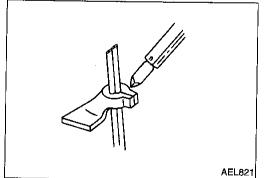
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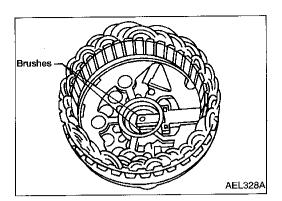
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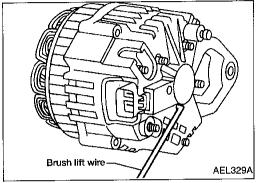
CHARGING SYSTEM

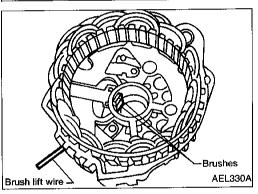


Disassembly and Assembly (Cont'd) **REAR COVER INSTALLATION**

1. Before installing front cover with pulley and rotor with rear cover, push brush up with fingers and retain brush by inserting brush lift wire into brush lift hole from outside.

2. After installing front and rear sides of generator, pull out brush lift wire.





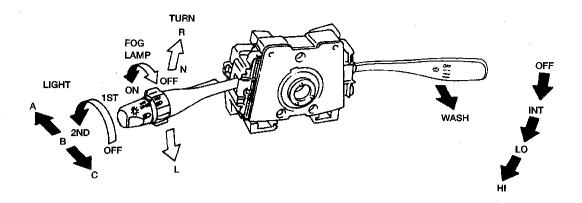
GENERATOR

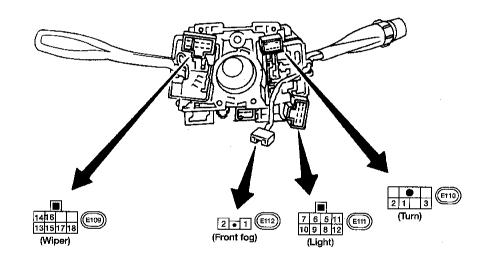
Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

		LR180-751
Туре		HITACHI
Nominal rating	V-A	12-80
Ground polarity		Negative
Minimum revolution under no-load (When 13.5 volts is applied)	rpm	Less than 1,000
Hot output current	A/rpm	More than 23/1,300 More than 65/2,500 More than 77/5,000
Regulated output voltage	V	14.1 - 14.7
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	6.0 (0.236)
Brush spring pressure	N (g, oz)	1.000 - 3.432 (102 - 350, 3.60 - 12.34)
Slip ring minimum outer diameter	mm (in)	More than 26.0 (1.024)
Rotor (Field coil) resistance	Ω	2.6 - 2.7

COMBINATION SWITCH

Check





LIGHTING SWITCH											
1	(OFF			151		2ND				
	Α	В	Ç	Α	B	C	Α	В	O		
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6		į	O			O	O		Ö		
7								Q			
8			Q			O	\circ	\circ	\bigcirc		
9			Ō			O	Q	T	Q		
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11						O	\circ	$\overline{\circ}$	0		
12	-					Q	Ó	ð	ð		
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١	WIPER SWITCH											
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13	Q	O.										
14	O	О	0									
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16				O								
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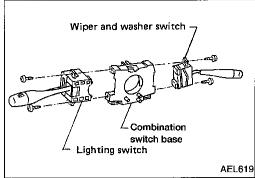
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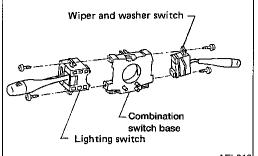
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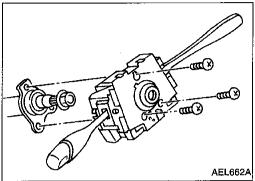
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COMBINATION SWITCH



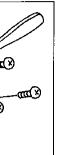




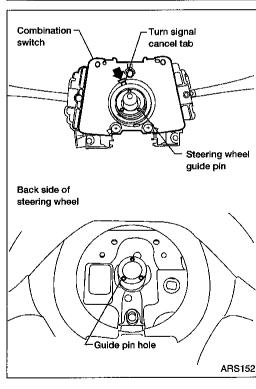


For removal and installation of spiral cable, refer to RS section ["Driver Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable", "SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)"]

Each switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.

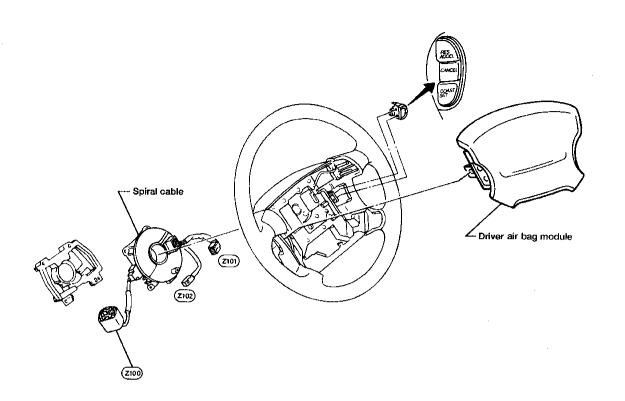


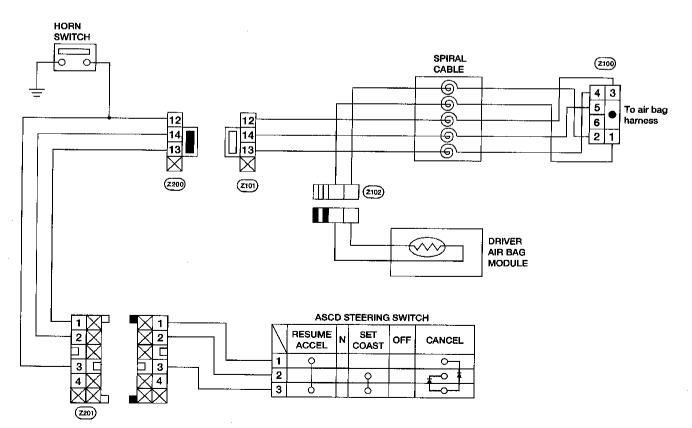
To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screws.



Before installing the steering wheel, align the turn signal cancel tab with the notch of combination switch. Refer to RS section ("INSTALLATION", Driver Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable").

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HEADLAMP

System Description (For USA)*

The headlamps are controlled by the lighting switch which is built into the combination switch. Power is supplied at all times:

to lighting switch terminal 5

• through 15A fuse (No. 39, located in the fuse and fusible link box), and

to lighting switch terminal ®

through 15A fuse (No. 40, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Low beam operation

When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, "LOW BEAM" (B), power is supplied:

from lighting switch terminal

to terminal ② of the LH headlamp, and

from lighting switch terminal ⑦

to terminal ② of the RH headlamp.

Ground is supplied:

to RH and LH headlamp terminal ③

• through body grounds (£13) and (£25).

With power and ground supplied, the headlamp(s) will illuminate.

High beam operation/flash-to-pass operation

When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, "HIGH BEAM" (A) or "FLASH TO PASS" (C) position, power is supplied:

from lighting switch terminal 6

to terminal ① of the RH headlamp, and

from lighting switch terminal 9

to terminal 1 of the LH headlamp, and

• to combination meter terminal (3) ((2)) for the hi beam indicator.

Ground is supplied to terminal (19) (11) of the combination meter through body grounds (143), (144) and (1460).

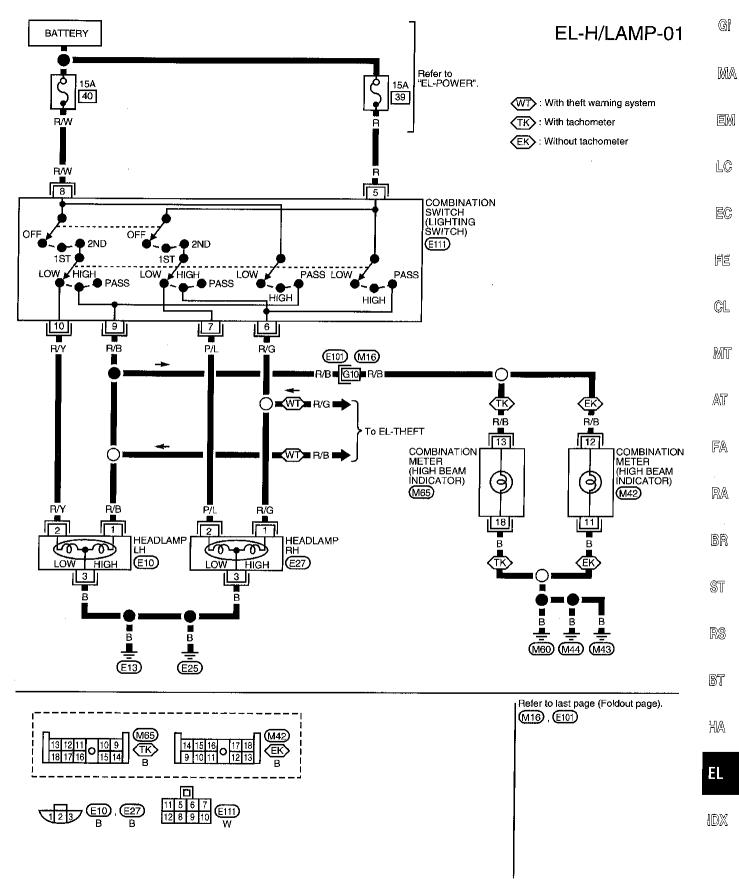
With power and ground supplied, the high beams and the high beam indicator illuminate.

Theft warning system

The theft warning system will flash the high beams if the system is triggered. Refer to "THEFT WARN-ING SYSTEM", EL-204.

*: Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.

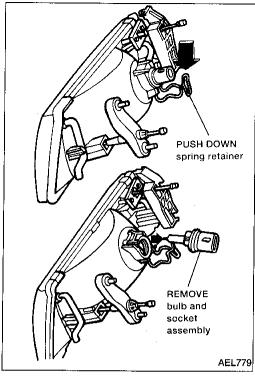
Wiring Diagram (For USA) -H/LAMP-

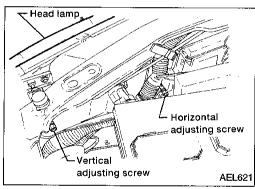


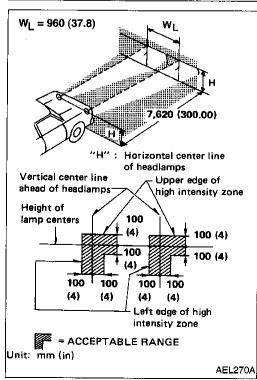
HEADLAMP

Trouble Diagnoses (For USA)

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
LH headlamps do not operate.	 Bulb Grounds £13 and £25 15A fuse Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check grounds (£13) and (£25). Check 15A fuse (No. 40), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (8) of lighting switch. Check lighting switch.
RH headlamps do not operate.	 Bulb Grounds (£13) and (£28) 15A fuse Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check grounds (£13) and (£25). Check 15A fuse (No. (39)), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (5) of lighting switch. Check lighting switch.
LH high beam does not operate, but LH low beam operates.	Bulb Open in LH high beam circuit Lighting switch	 Check bulb. Check R/B wire between lighting switch and LH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
LH low beam does not operate, but LH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in LH low beam circuit Bulb It is a suitch	 Check bulb. Check R/Y wire between lighting switch and LH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH high beam does not operate, but RH low beam operates.	 Bulb. Open in RH high beam circuit Lighting switch. 	 Check bulb. Check R/G wire between lighting switch and RH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH low beam does not operate, but RH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in RH low beam circuit Lighting switch	 Check bulb. Check P/L wire between lighting switch and RH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
High beam indicator does not work.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60) 3. Open in high beam circuit	 Check bulb in combination meter. Check grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60). Check R/B wire between lighting switch and combination meter for an open circuit.







Bulb Replacement

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. The bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

- Grasp only the plastic base when handling the bulb.
 Never touch the glass envelope.
- 1. Disconnect the battery cable.
- If removing the right-hand (passenger side) headlamp bulb, it is necessary to first reposition the engine coolant reservoir.
- Disconnect the electrical connector from the bulb.
- Push down spring retainer.
- 5. Pull out the headlamp bulb and socket as an assembly. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it. Do not handle the glass envelope.

CAUTION:

Do not leave headlamp reflector without bulb for a long period of time. Dust, moisture, smoke, etc. entering headlamp body may affect the performance of the headlamp. Remove headlamp bulb from the headlamp reflector just before a replacement bulb is installed.

Aiming Adjustment

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. Aimers should be in good condition, calibrated and operated according to their operation manuals. Before performing aiming adjustment, make sure of the following:

- Keep all tires inflated to correct pressure.
- Place vehicle on level ground.
- See that vehicle is unloaded (except for full levels of coolant, engine oil and fuel, and spare tire, jack, and tools).
 Have the driver or equivalent weight placed in driver's seat.

LOW BEAM

- 1. Turn headlamp low beam ON.
- Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment.
- Adjust headlamps so that upper edge and left edge of high intensity zone are within the acceptable range as shown at left.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.
- "H": Horizontal center line of headlamp
- "W,": Distance between each headlamp center

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System Description (For Canada)*

The headlamp system for Canada vehicles contains a daytime light control unit. This unit activates the high beam headlamps at approximately half illumination whenever the engine is running. If the parking brake is applied before the engine is started, daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once the parking brake is released. Thereafter, the daytime lights will continue to operate when the parking brake is applied. If the daytime light control unit receives a ground signal from the generator the daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once a battery positive voltage signal is sent to the daytime light control unit from the generator. Power is supplied at all times:

• through 15A fuse (No. 39), located in the fuse and fusible link box)

• to daytime light control unit terminal ② and

to lighting switch terminal ⑤.

Power is also supplied at all times:

through 15A fuse (No. 40, located in the fuse and fusible link box)

to daytime light control unit terminal ③ and

to lighting switch terminal 8.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

through 7.5A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block [J/B])

• to daytime light control unit terminal 12.

With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

through 7.5A fuse (No. 26, located in the fuse block [J/B])

• to daytime light control unit terminal 1.

Ground is supplied to daytime light control unit terminal (9) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

HEADLAMP OPERATION

Low beam operation

When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, "LOW BEAM" (B) position, power is supplied:

from lighting switch terminal ⑦

• to RH headlamp terminal (2).

Ground is supplied:

to RH headlamp terminal (3)

• through body grounds (£13) and (£25). Also, when the lighting switch is moved to headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, "LOW BEAM" (B) position,

power is supplied:

from lighting switch terminal

• to LH headlamp terminal (2).

Ground is supplied:

• to LH headlamp terminal (3)

from daytime light control unit terminal ⑦

through daytime light control unit terminal (9)

• through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

With power and ground supplied, the low beam headlamps illuminate.

System Description (For Canada)* (Cont'd)

High beam operation/Flash-to-pass operation

When the lighting switch is moved to headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, "HIGH BEAM" (A) or "FLASH TO PASS" (C) position, power is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal 6
- to RH headlamp terminal 1, and
- from lighting switch terminal (9)
- to daytime light control unit terminal (5), and
- to combination meter terminal (3) (12) for the hi beam indicator
- through daytime light control unit terminal (6)
- to LH headlamp terminal (1).

Ground is supplied in the same manner as low beam operation.

Ground is supplied to terminal 18 11 of the combination meter through body grounds M43 , M44 and M60

With power and ground supplied, the high beam headlamps and hi beam indicator illuminate.

*: Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.

DAYTIME LIGHT OPERATION

With the engine running and the lighting switch in the "OFF" or parking lamp (1ST) position and parking brake released, power is supplied:

- to daytime light control unit terminal (3)
- through daytime light control unit terminal 6
- to LH headlamp terminal ①
- through LH headlamp terminal ②
- to daytime light control unit terminal (7)
- through daytime light control unit terminal (8)
- to RH headlamp terminal (1).

Ground is supplied:

- to RH headlamp terminal (3)
- through body grounds (E13) and (E25).

Because the high beam headlamps are now wired in series, they operate at half illumination.

Operation (For Canada)

The headlamps' high beams automatically turn on after starting the engine with the lighting switch in the "OFF" or parking lamp (1st) position. Lighting switch operations other than the above are the same as conventional light systems.

Engine		With engine stopped With engine runn				nning													
Lighting switch			OFF	•	Ì	1ST	ı		2NC)		OFF	-		1ST	•		2NC	,
Ligitaliy switch		Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
	High beam	×	Х	0	Х	Х	0	0	Х	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	0	Х	0
Headlamp	Low beam	m X X X X X	Х	0	Х	×	X	х	×	Х	х	х	0	Х					
Front side marker	and tail lamp	×	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	х	0	0	0	0	0	0
License and instru	ment illumination lamp	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0

A: "HIGH BEAM" position

B: "LOW BEAM" position

C: "FLASH TO PASS" position

O: Lamp ON

X: Lamp OFF

∆: Lamp on at half brightness

☐: Added functions

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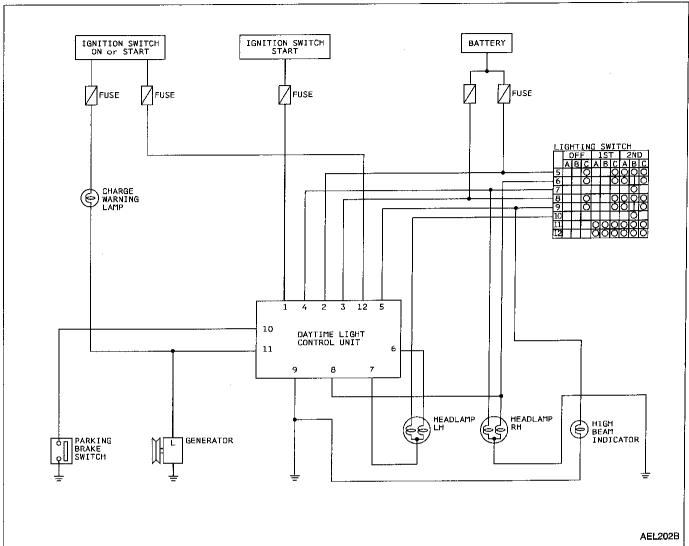
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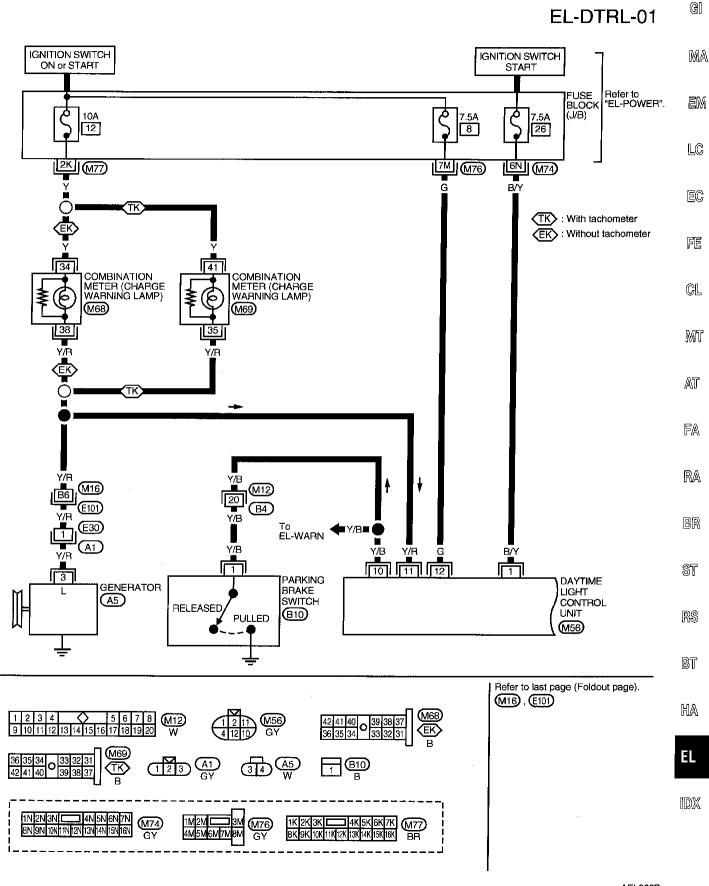
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^{*:} When starting the engine with the parking brake released, the daytime light will come ON. When starting the engine with the parking brake applied, the daytime light will not come ON.

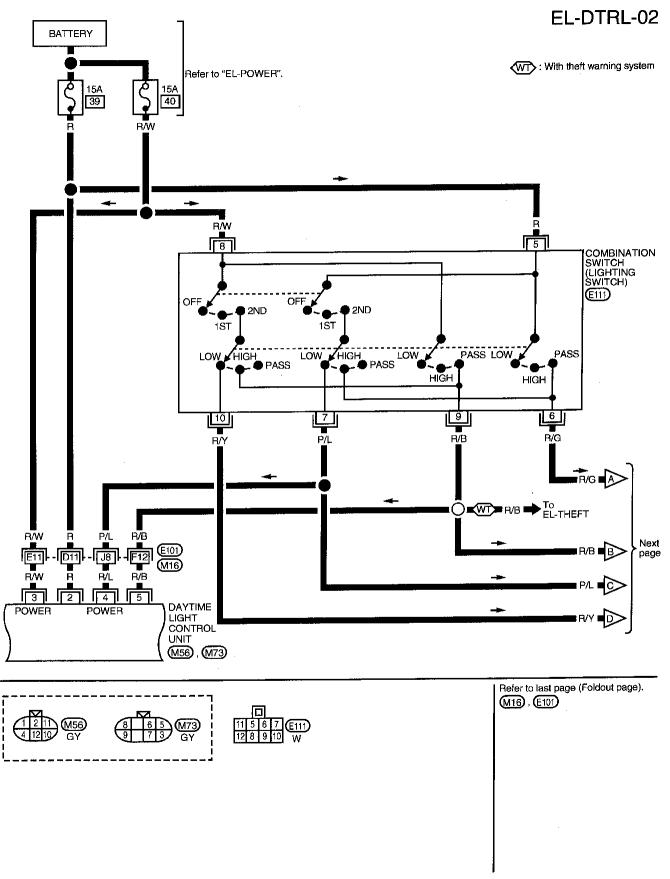
Schematic (For Canada)



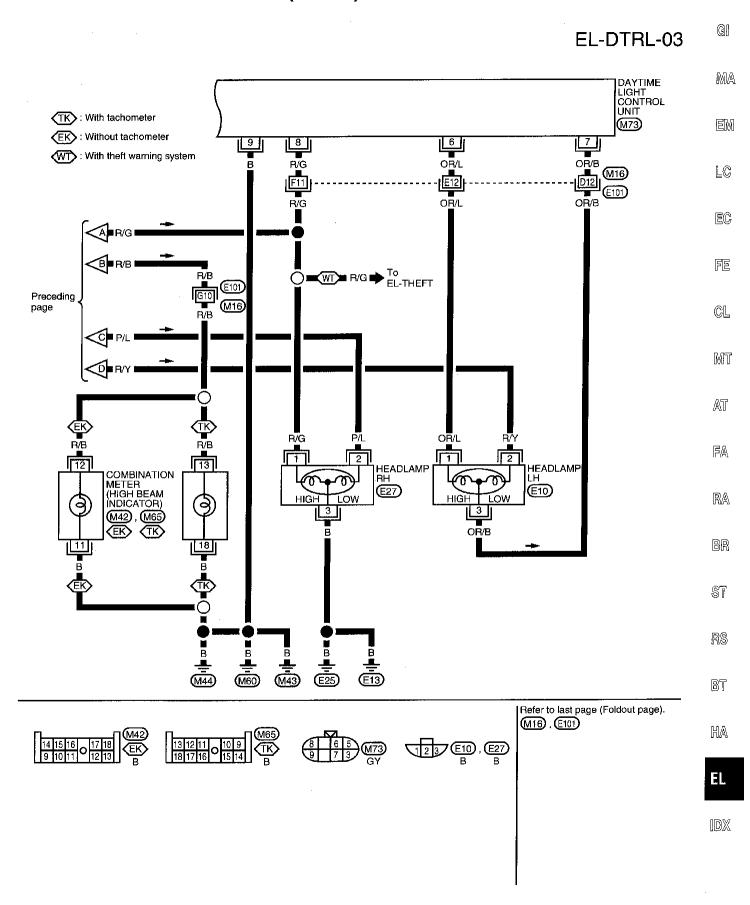
Wiring Diagram (For Canada) -DTRL-



Wiring Diagram (For Canada) –DTRL– (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram (For Canada) –DTRL– (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada)

DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

Termi- nal No.	Wire Color	Item		Condition	Voltage (Approximate values)
1	B/Y	Start signal	(Cs1)	When turning ignition switch to ST	Battery positive voltage
			Con	When turning ignition switch ON from ST	1V or less
			(Coff)	When turning ignition switch OFF	1V or less
2	R	Power source	CON	When turning ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage
			COFF	When turning ignition switch OFF	Battery positive voltage
3	R/W	Power source	(Ca)	When turning ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage
,			Coff	When turning ignition switch OFF	Battery positive voltage
4	R/L	Lighting switch (Lo beam)		When turning lighting switch to headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM	Battery positive voltage
5	R/B	Lighting switch (Hi beam)		When turning lighting switch to HI BEAM	Battery positive voltage
				When turning lighting switch to FLASH TO PASS	Battery positive voltage
6	OR/L	LH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to HI BEAM	Battery positive voltage
				When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch OFF (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in "N" or "P" position.	Battery positive voltage
7	OR/B	LH headlamp control (ground)		When lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) postion, LOW BEAM	1V or less
				When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch OFF (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure that selector lever is in "N" or "P" position.	Approx. half battery voltage
8	R/G	RH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to HI BEAM	Battery positive voltage
				When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to OFF (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in "N" or "P" position.	Approx. half battery voltage

Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada) (Cont'd)

Termi- nal No.	Wire Color	Item	Condition		Voltage (Approximate values)
9	В	Ground			_
10	Y/B	Parking brake switch	an	When parking brake is released	Battery positive voltage
			(Low)	When parking brake is set	1.5V or less
11	Y/R	Generator	(Con)	When turning ignition switch ON	4.6V or less
i.				When engine is running	Battery positive voltage
			Coff	When turning ignition switch OFF	1V or less
12	G	Power source	(Con)	When turning ignition switch ON	Battery positive voltage
				When turning ignition switch to ST	Battery positive voltage
			COFF	When turning ignition switch OFF	1V or less

Bulb Replacement

Refer to "HEADLAMP", EL-47.

Aiming Adjustment

EL-55

Refer to "HEADLAMP", EL-47.

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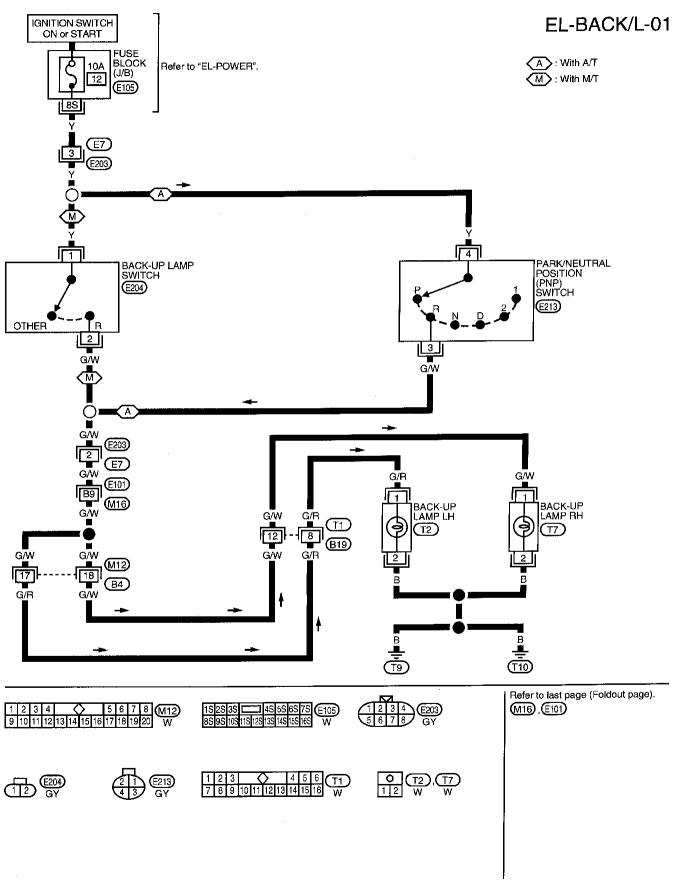
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Wiring Diagram -BACK/L-



BACK-UP LAMP

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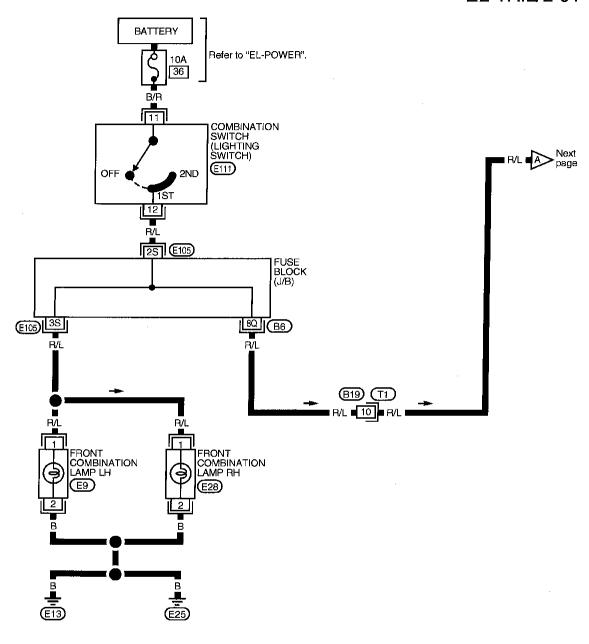
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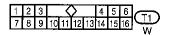
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Wiring Diagram -TAIL/L-

EL-TAIL/L-01

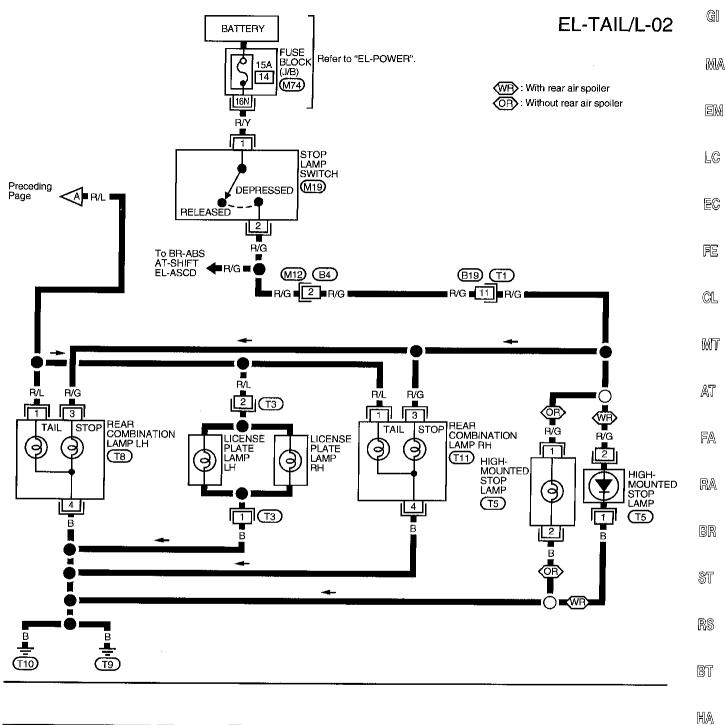


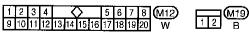


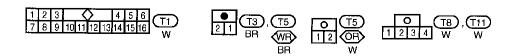


LICENSE, TAIL AND STOP LAMPS

Wiring Diagram -TAIL/L- (Cont'd)







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FRONT FOG LAMP

System Description

Power is supplied at all times to front fog lamp relay terminal ③ through:

• 15A fuse (No. 35, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

With the lighting switch in headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, "LOW BEAM" (B) position, power is supplied:

• through 15A fuse (No. 39), located in the fuse and fusible link box)

to lighting switch terminal ⑤

through terminal ⑦ of the lighting switch

• to front fog lamp relay terminal ①.

Fog lamp operation

The front fog lamp switch is built into the combination switch. The lighting switch must be in headlamp "ON" (2ND) position and "LOW BEAM" (B) position for fog lamp operation. With the front fog lamp switch in the ON position ground is supplied:

• to front fog lamp relay terminal ②

• through the front fog lamp switch, and

body grounds (E13) and (E25).

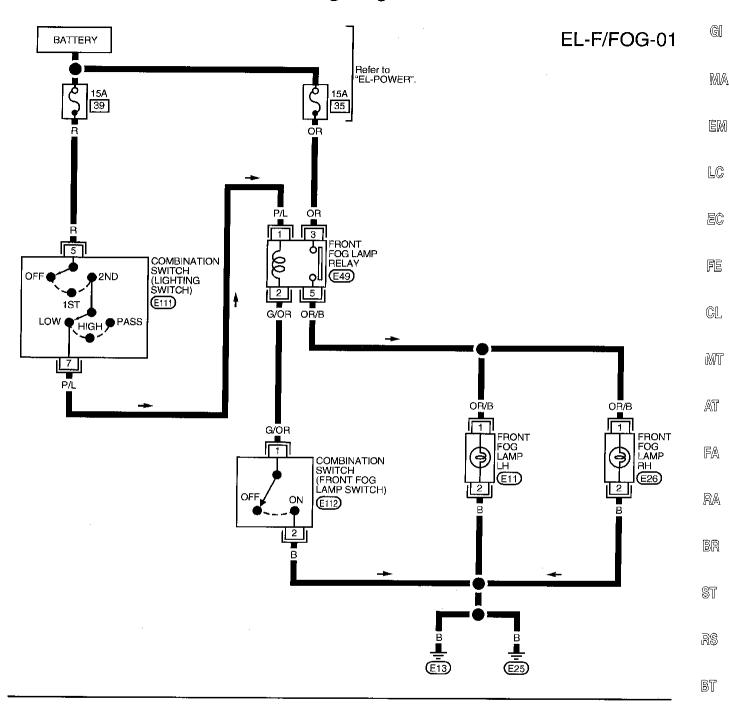
The front fog lamp relay is energized and power is supplied:

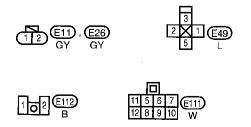
• from front fog lamp relay terminal ⑤

• to terminal (1) of each front fog lamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal ② of each front fog lamp through body grounds E13 and E25. With power and ground supplied, the front fog lamps illuminate.

Wiring Diagram -F/FOG-





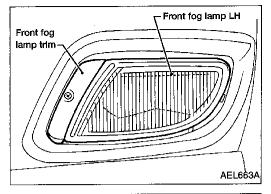
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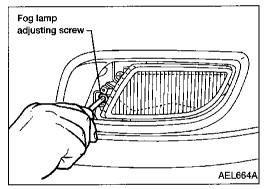
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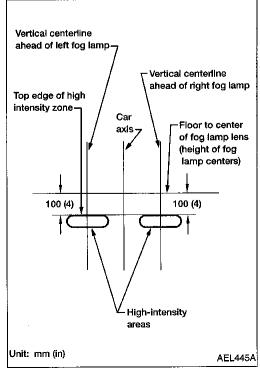
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Screen - Main axis of light - 7.6 m (25 ft) AEL444A





Aiming Adjustment

Before performing aiming adjustment, make sure of the following.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressure.
- b. Place vehicle on lever ground.
- c. Check that vehicle is unloaded (except for full levels of coolant, engine oil and fuel, and spare tire, jack, and tools).
 Have the driver or equivalent weight placed in driver's seat.
- d. Remove front fog lamp trim.
- 1. Set distance between screen and center of the fog lamp lens as shown at left.
- 2. Turn front fog lamps ON.

3. Adjust vertical aiming using the fog lamp adjusting screw, as shown at left.

- 4. Adjust front fog lamps so that the top edge of the high intensity zone is 100 mm (4 in) below the height of the fog lamp centers, as shown at left.
- When performing adjustment, if necessary, cover the headlamps, and opposite fog lamp.
- 5. Reinstall front fog lamp trim.

System Description*

TURN SIGNAL OPERATION	
With the hazard switch in the OFF position and the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:	Gi
 through 7.5A fuse (No. 11, located in the fuse block [J/B]) 	
 to hazard switch terminal ② through terminal ① of the hazard switch 	M
• to combination flasher unit terminal ①	
 through terminal ③ of the combination flasher unit to turn signal switch terminal ①. 	EN
Ground is supplied:	
to combination flasher unit terminal ②	LC
 through body grounds M43 , M44 and M60 . LH turn 	
When the turn signal switch is moved to the LH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal ③ to:	EC
• front turn signal lamp LH terminal ③	
• rear combination lamp LH terminal ②, and	FE
 combination meter terminal (6) (17). Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp LH terminal (2) through body grounds (E13) and (E25). 	
Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp LH terminal 4 through body grounds 19 and 110.	CL
Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ② (②) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).	
With power and grounds supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the LH turn sig-	MT
nal lamps.	
RH turn When the turn signal ewitch is moved to the DLL position, named to see that force the state of the turn.	AT
When the turn signal switch is moved to the RH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal ② to:	
• front turn signal lamp RH terminal ③	æΔ
rear combination lamp RH terminal ②, and	FA
• combination meter terminal (26) (27). Ground is supplied to the front turn signal large Bl to residue (3) through to the supplied to the front turn signal large Bl to residue (3).	
Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp RH terminal ② through body grounds (£13) and (£25).	$\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$
Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp RH terminal ④ through body grounds 19 and 110. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ② (③) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and	
Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (27) (28) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).	BR
With power and grounds supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the RH turn sig-	
nal lamps.	© Т
HAZARD LAMP OPERATION Power is supplied at all times to hazard switch terminal ③ through:	ST
• 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block [J/B]).	
With the hazard switch in the ON position, power is supplied:	RS
through terminal ① of the hazard switch	
• to combination flasher unit terminal ① • through terminal ② of the combination flasher unit	BT
 through terminal ③ of the combination flasher unit to hazard switch terminal ④. 	
Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal (2) through body grounds (M2) (M4) and	ппл
(M60).	HA
Power is supplied through terminal ⑤ of the hazard switch to:	
• front turn signal lamp LH terminal ③	EL
 rear combination lamp LH terminal ②, and combination meter terminal ③ (⑦). 	
Power is supplied through terminal (6) of the hazard quitab to	
• front turn signal lamp RH terminal ③	
• rear combination lamp RH terminal ②, and	
• combination meter terminal (2) (27). Ground is supplied to terminal (2) of the front turn signal lamps through hady grounds (512) and (515).	
Ground is supplied to terminal ② of the front turn signal lamps through body grounds E13 and E25. Ground is supplied to terminal ④ of the rear combination lamps through body grounds T9 and T10.	
Ground is supplied to terminal (4) of the rear combination lamps through body grounds (19) and (110).	

System Description* (Cont'd)

Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ② (②) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and

With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the hazard warning lamps.

WITH MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM

Power is supplied at all times:

through 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block [J/B])

• to multi-remote control relay-1 terminals ①, ⑥ and ③

to multi-remote control relay-2 terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to multi-remote control relays-1, -2 terminal ②, when the multi-remote control system is triggered, through the smart entrance control unit.

Refer to EL-190, "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM".

The multi-remote control relays-1, -2 are energized.

Power is connected to the turn signal switch.

Power is supplied through terminal (5) of the multi-remote control relay-1:

to front turn signal lamp LH terminal ③

• to rear combination lamp LH terminal 2

• to combination meter terminal (6) (17).

Power is supplied through terminal 7 of the multi-remote control relay-1:

to front turn signal lamp RH terminal ③

• to rear combination lamp RH terminal 2

• to combination meter terminal @ (27).

Ground is supplied to terminal ② of the front turn signal lamps through body grounds E13 and E25. Ground is supplied to terminal ④ of the rear combination lamps through body grounds T9 and T10. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ② (②) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

With power and ground supplied, the smart entrance control unit controls the flashing of the hazard warning lamps.

*: Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.

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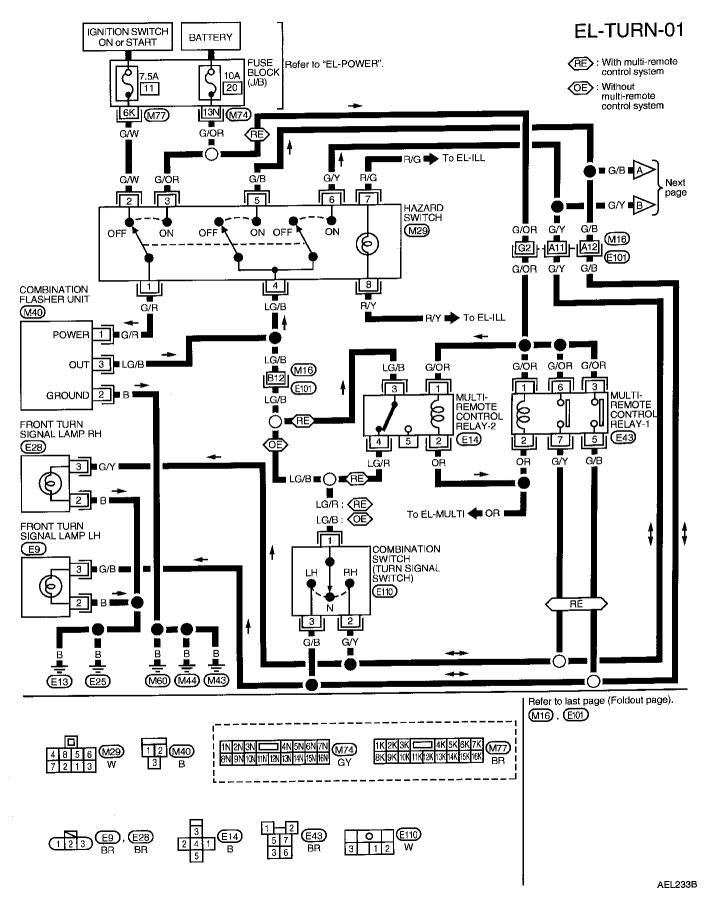
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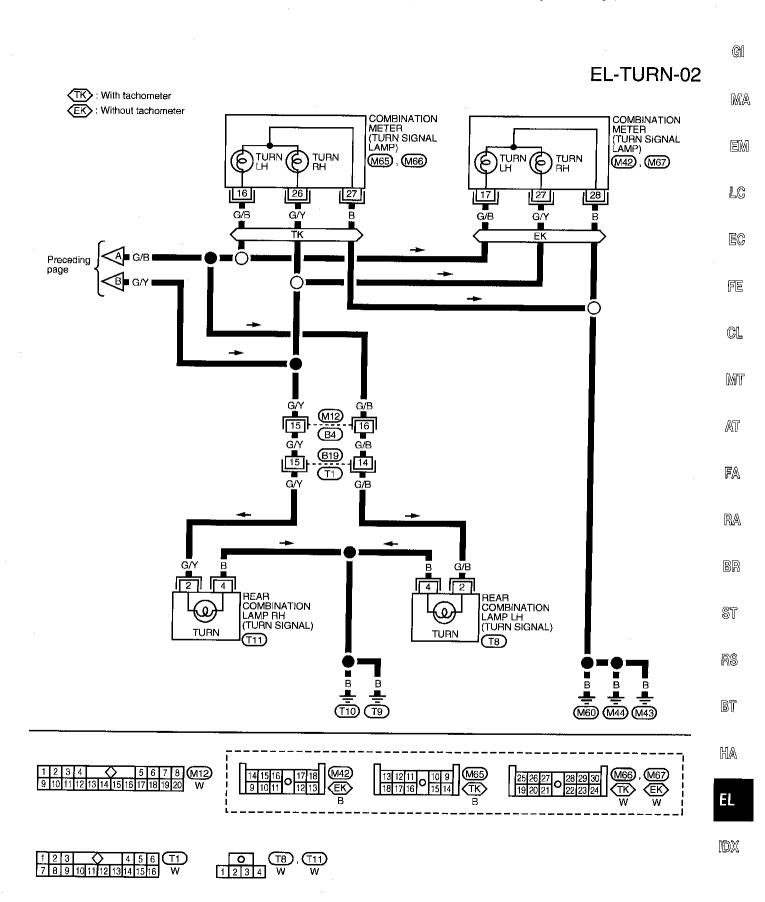
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Wiring Diagram -TURN-

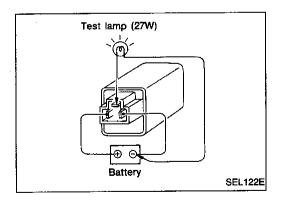


Wiring Diagram -TURN- (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
Turn signal and hazard warning lamps do not operate.	Hazard switch Combination flasher unit Open in combination flasher unit circuit	 Check hazard switch. Refer to combination flasher unit check. Check wiring to combination flasher unit for open circuit.
Turn signal lamps do not operate but hazard warning lamps operate.	7.5A fuse Hazard switch Turn signal switch	 Check 7.5A fuse (No. 11), located in fuse block [J/B]). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 2 of hazard switch. Check hazard switch. Check turn signal switch.
	Open in turn signal switch circuit	
Hazard warning lamps do not operate but turn signal lamps operate.	10A fuse 2. Hazard switch 3. Open in hazard switch circuit	 Check 10A fuse (No. 20, located in fuse block [J/B]). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of hazard switch. Check hazard switch. Check LG/B wire between combination flasher unit and hazard switch for open circuit.
Front turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (E13) and (E25)	1. Check bulb. 2. Check grounds €13 and €25.
Rear turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (19) and (10)	 Check bulb. Check grounds (T9) and (T10).
LH and RH turn indicators do not operate.	Ground	Check grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).
LH or RH turn indicator does not operate.	Bulb	Check bulb in combination meter.



Electrical Component Inspection COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT CHECK

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.
- Connect a battery and test lamp to the combination flasher unit, as shown. Combination flasher unit is properly functioning if it blinks when power is supplied to the circuit.

ILLUMINATION

System Description

Power is supplied at all times:

• through 10A fuse (No. 36, located in the fuse and fusible link box)

• to lighting switch terminal (1).

The lighting switch must be in parking lamp (1ST) or headlamp "ON" (2ND) position for illumination. The illumination control switch controls the amount of current to the illumination system. As the amount

of current increases, the illumination becomes brighter.

The following chart shows the power and ground connector terminals for the components included in the illumination system.

Component	Connector No.	Power terminal	Ground terminal
Illumination control switch	M7	①	② and ③
Combination meter	M69 (with tachometer) M42 (without tachometer)	40 (18)**	39 (13)**
Hazard switch	M29	7	8
ASCD main switch*	M6	5	6
A/T device indicator*	M36	4	3
Fan switch	M47	1	2
Rear window defogger switch	M28	(5)	6
Radio and cassette/Radio, cassette and CD player	M30	8	•
Main power window and door lock/unlock switch*	D6	11)	(5)

^{*} If equipped.

The ground for all of the components is controlled through terminals ② and ③ of the illumination control switch and body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

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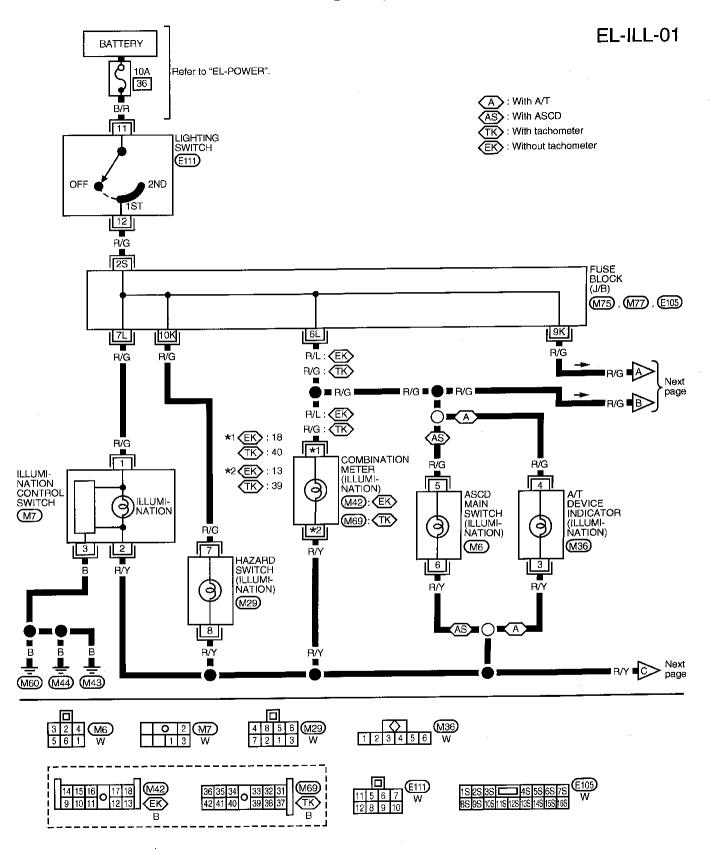
EL

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EL-69 1281

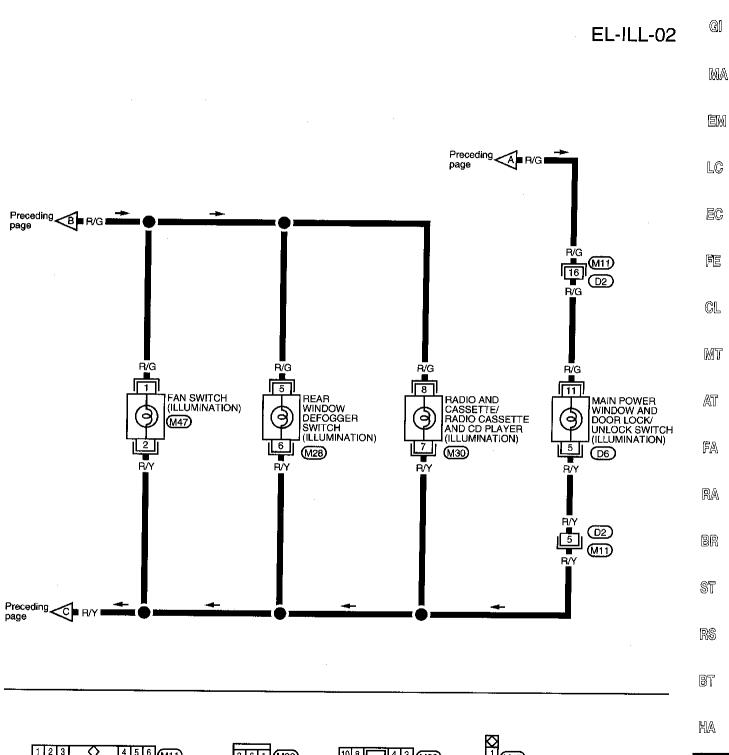
^{**} Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.

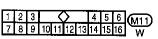
Wiring Diagram -ILL-



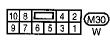
ILLUMINATION

Wiring Diagram -ILL- (Cont'd)

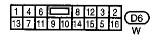












AEL225C

INTERIOR AND TRUNK ROOM LAMPS

System Description

MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS

Power is supplied at all times:

• through 10A fuse [No. 15], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

to interior lamp terminal ①

• to trunk room lamp terminal ①.

With the interior lamp switch ON, ground is supplied to turn interior lamp ON.

When a door switch is opened with the interior lamp switch in "DOOR" position, ground is supplied:

to interior lamp switch terminal ②

• through door switches terminal ①.

With power and ground supplied, the interior lamp turns ON.

Trunk room lamp

When the trunk room lamp switch is set to OPEN (trunk is opened), ground is supplied:

to trunk room lamp terminal ②

• through trunk room switch terminal 1

through trunk room lamp switch terminal ② and

• through body grounds (T9) and (T10).

With power and ground supplied, the trunk room lamp turns ON.

MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

Power supply and ground

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 25A fusible link (Letter f, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker terminal ①
- through circuit breaker terminal ②
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 1.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 15, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to key switch terminal ① and
- to interior lamp terminal ①
- to trunk room lamp terminal ①.

When the key is removed from ignition key cylinder, power is interrupted:

through terminal key switch ②

• to smart entrance control unit terminal @.

With the ignition key switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 15A fuse (No. 10, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 17.

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (1)
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

When the front LH door is opened, ground is supplied:

• from front door switch LH terminal ②

• to smart entrance control unit terminal (15).

When any other door is opened ground is supplied to smart entrance control unit terminal (6) or (35) in the same manner as the front door switch LH.

When a signal, or combination of signals is received by the smart entrance control unit, ground is supplied:

• through smart entrance control unit terminal (9)

• to interior lamp terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, the interior lamp illuminates.

INTERIOR AND TRUNK ROOM LAMPS

System Description (Cont'd)

Switch operation

When the interior lamp switch is ON, ground is supplied:

- to interior lamp
- through case ground of interior lamp.

With power and ground supplied, the interior lamp turns ON.

Interior lamp timer operation (With multi-remote control system)

When the interior lamp switch is in the "DOOR" position, the smart entrance control unit keeps the interior lamp illuminated for about 30 seconds when:

- unlock signal is supplied from multi-remote controller
- key is removed from ignition key cylinder while driver's door is closed
- driver's door is opened and then closed while ignition switch is not in the ON position.

The timer is canceled, and interior lamp turns off when:

- driver's door is locked with remote controller, or
- ignition switch is turned ON.

The smart entrance control unit will shut off the interior light if left on for 30 minutes.

ON-OFF control

When the driver side door, front passenger door, rear LH or RH door is opened, the interior lamp turns on while the interior lamp switch is in the "DOOR" position.

When any door is opened and then closed while the ignition switch is not in the ON position, the interior lamp timer operates.

Trunk room lamp

When the trunk room lamp switch is set to OPEN (trunk is opened), ground is supplied:

- to trunk room lamp terminal ②
- through trunk room switch terminal (1)
- through trunk room lamp switch terminal ② and
- through body ground (T9) and (T10).

With power and ground supplied, the trunk room lamp turns ON.

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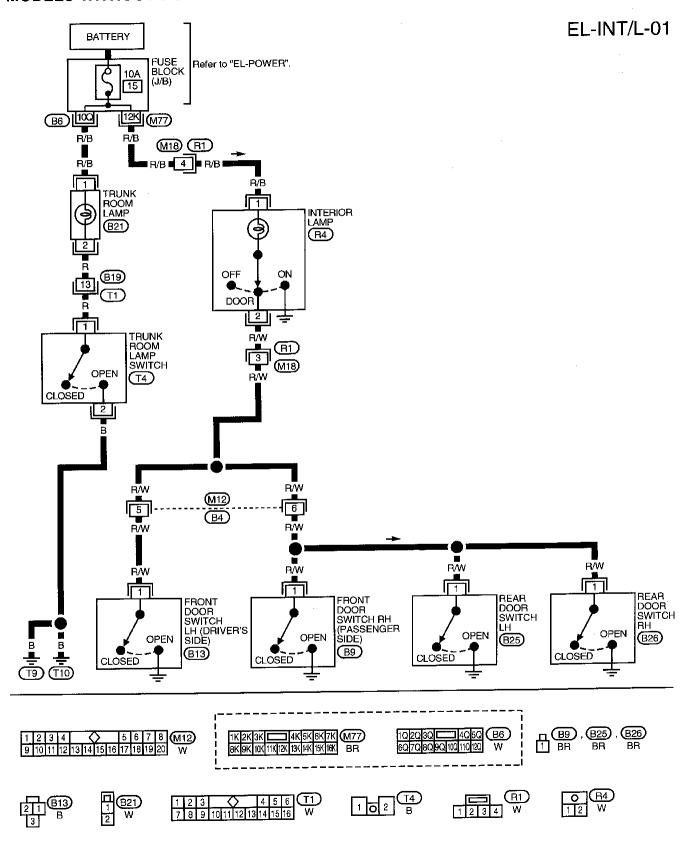
BT

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Wiring Diagram -INT/L-

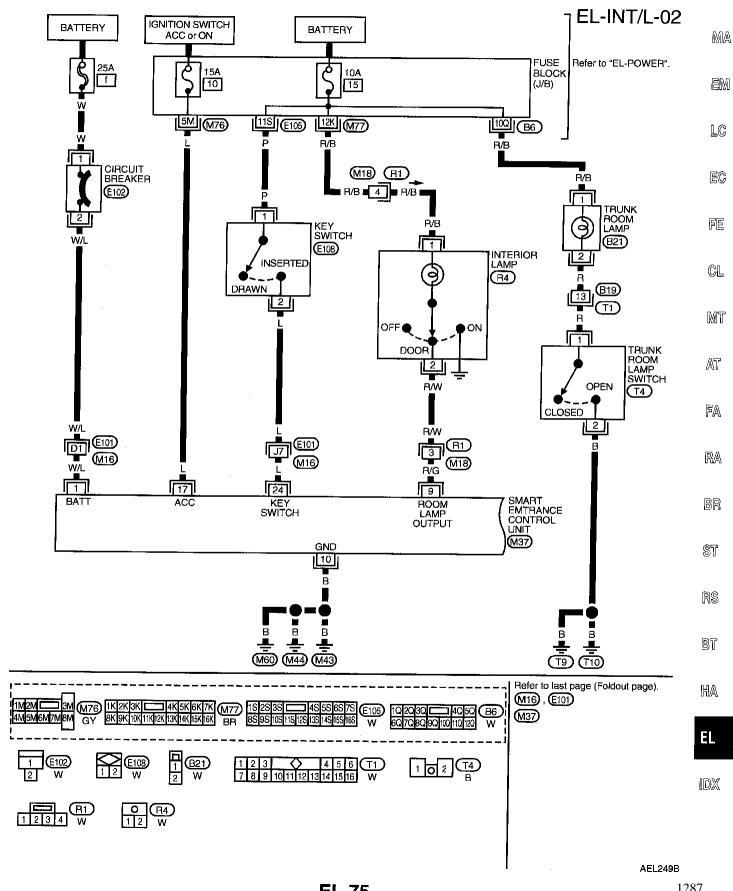
MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS



INTERIOR AND TRUNK ROOM LAMPS

Wiring Diagram -INT/L- (Cont'd)

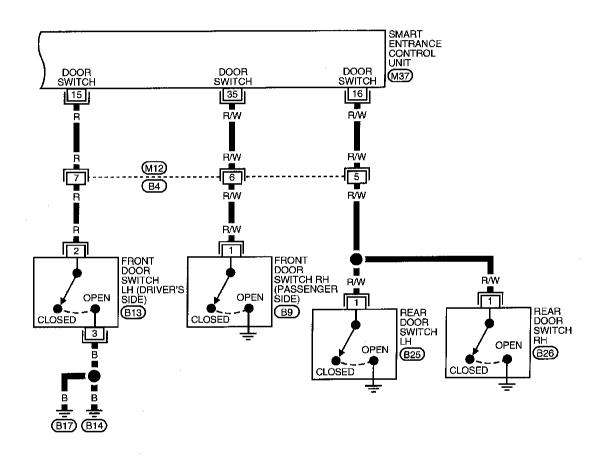
MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

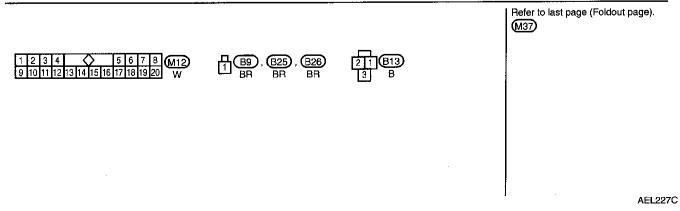


GI

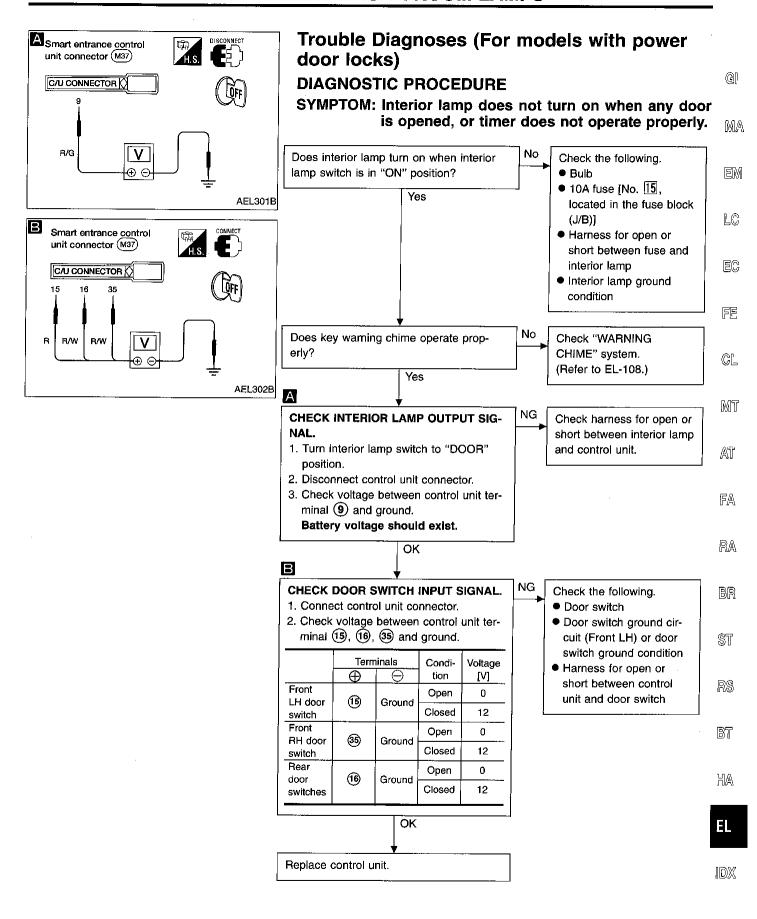
Wiring Diagram –INT/L– (Cont'd)

EL-INT/L-03





INTERIOR AND TRUNK ROOM LAMPS



1289

System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

• through 10A fuse (No. 12, located in the fuse block [J/B])

to combination meter terminal (4) for the water temperature gauge,

• to combination meter terminal @ for the tachometer and speedometer

to combination meter terminal for the fuel gauge.

Ground is supplied:

to combination meter terminal @

• through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE

The water temperature gauge indicates the engine coolant temperature. The reading on the gauge is based on the resistance of the the thermal transmitter.

As the temperature of the coolant increases, the resistance of the thermal transmitter decreases. A variable ground is supplied to terminal @ of the combination meter for the water temperature gauge. The needle on the gauge moves from "C" to "H".

TACHOMETER

The tachometer indicates engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm).

The tachometer is regulated by a signal:

• from terminal (3) of the ECM

• to combination meter terminal (29) for the tachometer.

FUEL GAUGE

The fuel gauge indicates the approximate fuel level in the fuel tank.

The fuel gauge is regulated by a variable ground signal supplied:

to combination meter terminal (4) for the fuel gauge

from terminal ③ of the fuel tank gauge unit

• through terminal 2 of the fuel tank gauge unit

through body grounds B14 and B17.

SPEEDOMETER

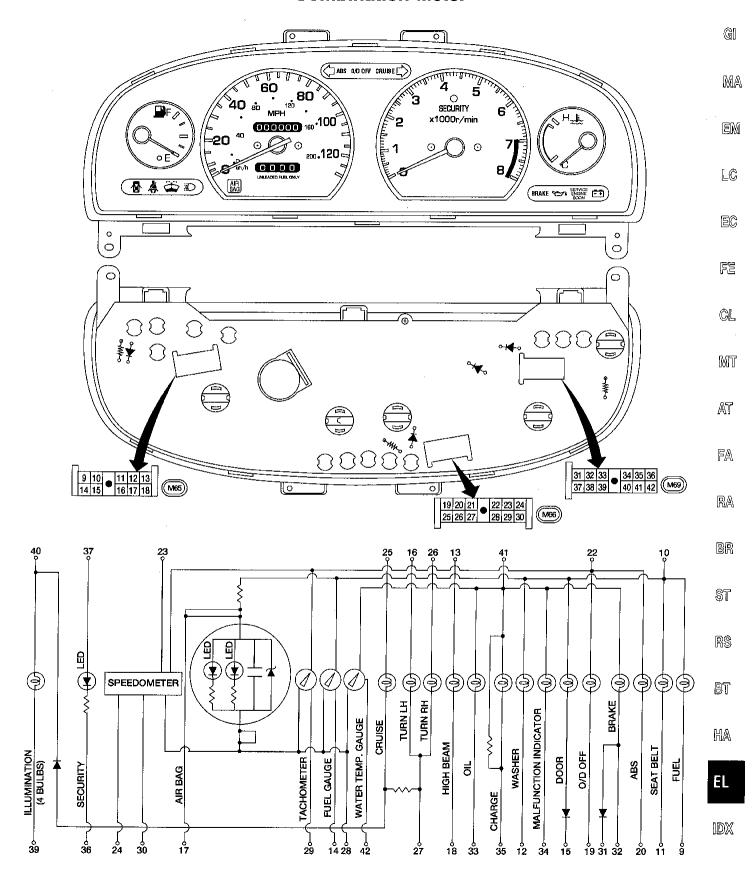
The vehicle speed sensor provides a voltage signal to the combination meter for the speedometer. The voltage is supplied:

• to combination meter terminals @ and @ for the speedometer

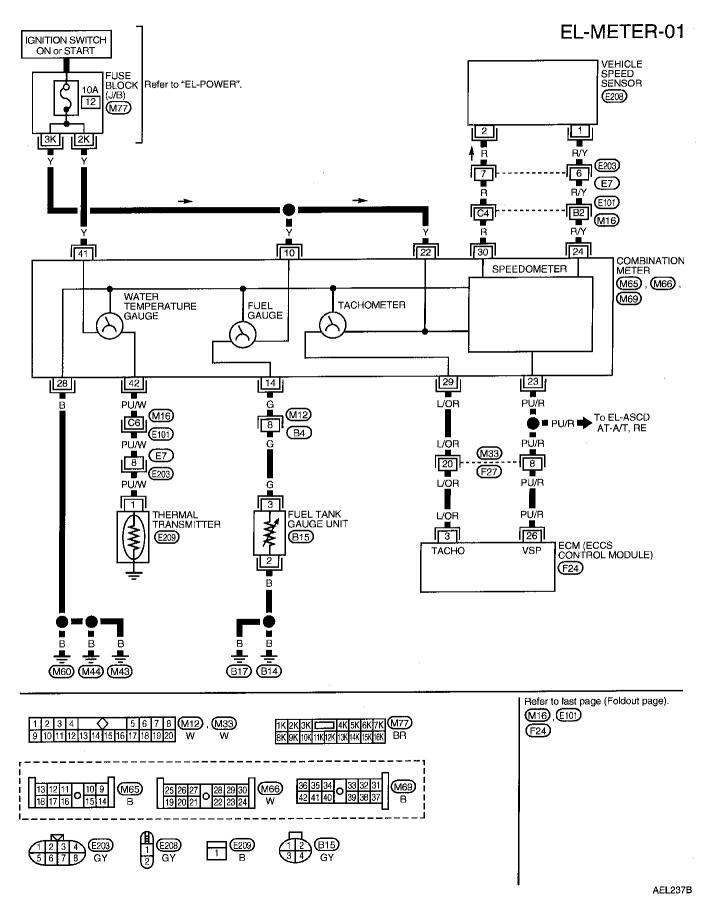
• from terminals (2) and (1) of the vehicle speed sensor.

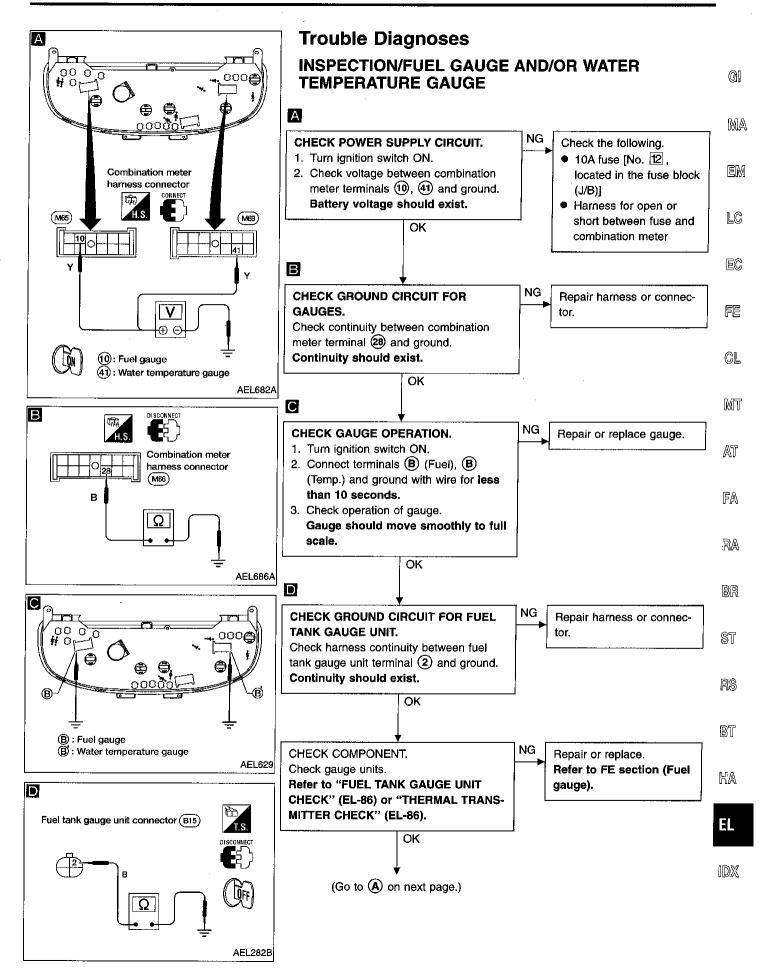
The speedometer converts the voltage into the vehicle speed displayed.

Combination Meter

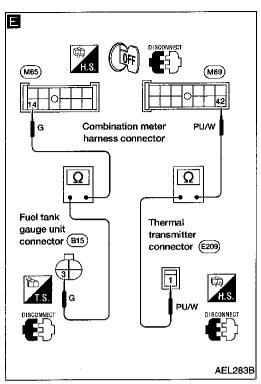


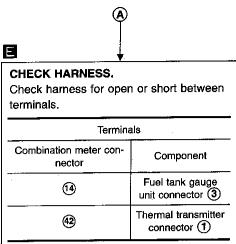
Wiring Diagram -METER-

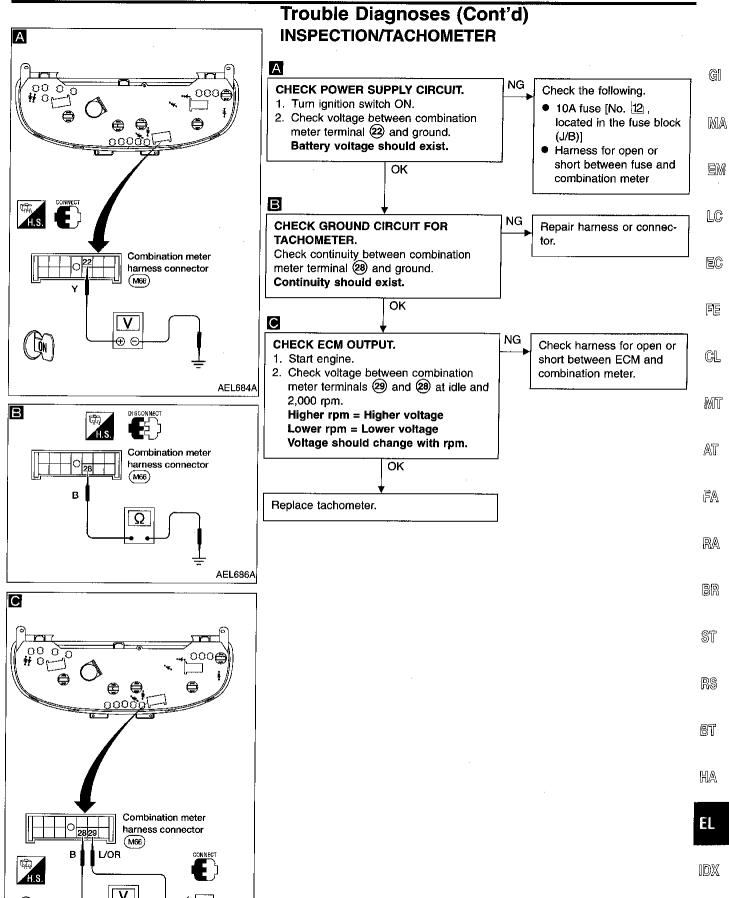




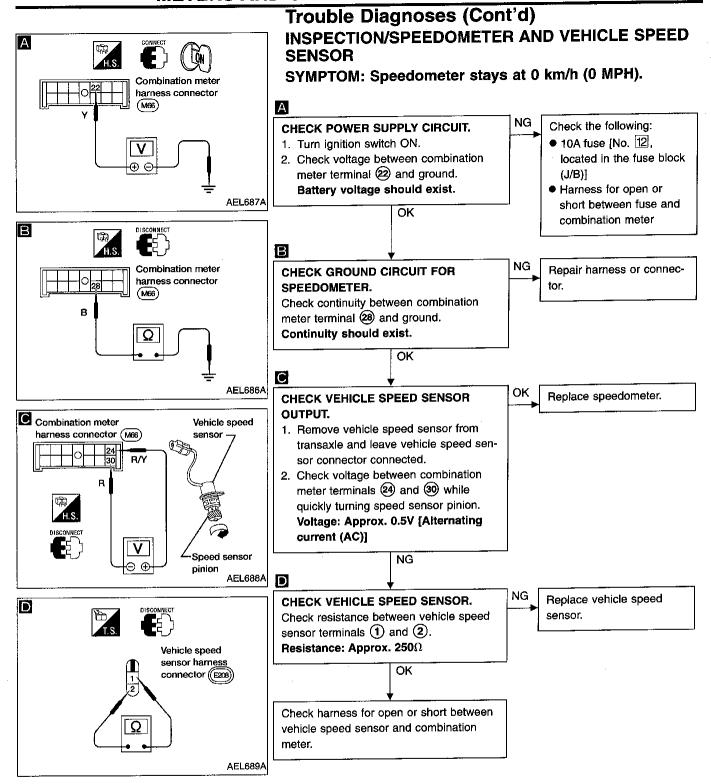
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

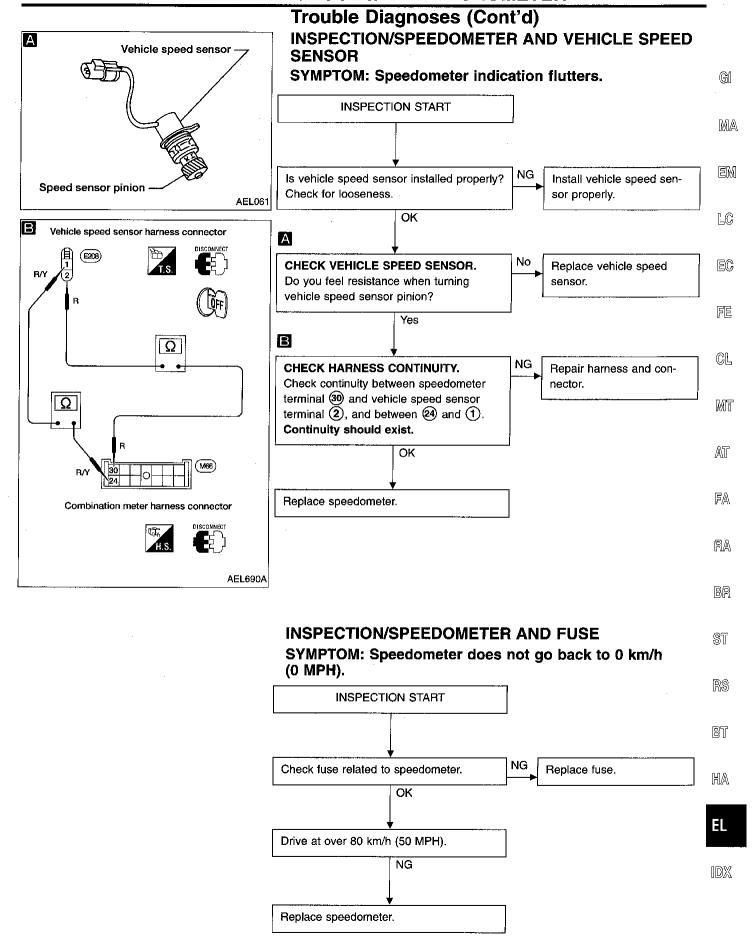






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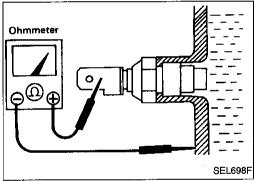
Fuel tank gauge connector (Β15) 2 3 3 1/2 Empty AEL768A

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT CHECK

 For removal, refer to FE section "Fuel Pump and Gauge", "FUEL SYSTEM".

Check the resistance between terminals 3 and 2.

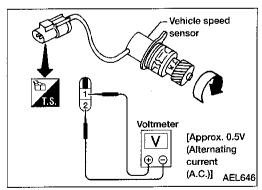
Ohmmeter		Float position			Resistance value
(+)	(-)	mm (in)			(Ω)
3	2	Α	Full	38.4 (1.512)	Approx. 4.5 - 5.5
		В	1/2	86.2 (3.394)	Approx. 31.5 - 33.5
		С	Empty	129.1 (5.083)	Approx. 80.0 - 83.0



THERMAL TRANSMITTER CHECK

Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

Water temperature	Resistance		
60°C (140°F)	Αρρτοχ. 70 - 90Ω		
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 21 - 24Ω		



VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL CHECK

- 1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transaxle.
- Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly and measure voltage across terminals (1) and (2).

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System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

through 10A fuse (No. 12, located in the fuse block [J/B])

• to combination meter terminal ③ for the water temperature gauge, fuel gauge and speedometer. Ground is supplied:

• to combination meter terminal 39

• through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE

The water temperature gauge indicates the engine coolant temperature. The reading on the gauge is based on the resistance of the the thermal transmitter.

As the temperature of the coolant increases, the resistance of the thermal transmitter decreases. A variable ground is supplied to terminal @ of the combination meter for the water temperature gauge. The needle on the gauge moves from "C" to "H".

FUEL GAUGE

The fuel gauge indicates the approximate fuel level in the fuel tank. The fuel gauge is regulated by a variable ground signal supplied:

to combination meter terminal @ for the fuel gauge

• from terminal (3) of the fuel tank gauge unit

through terminal ② of the fuel tank gauge unit

• through body grounds (B14) and (B17).

SPEEDOMETER

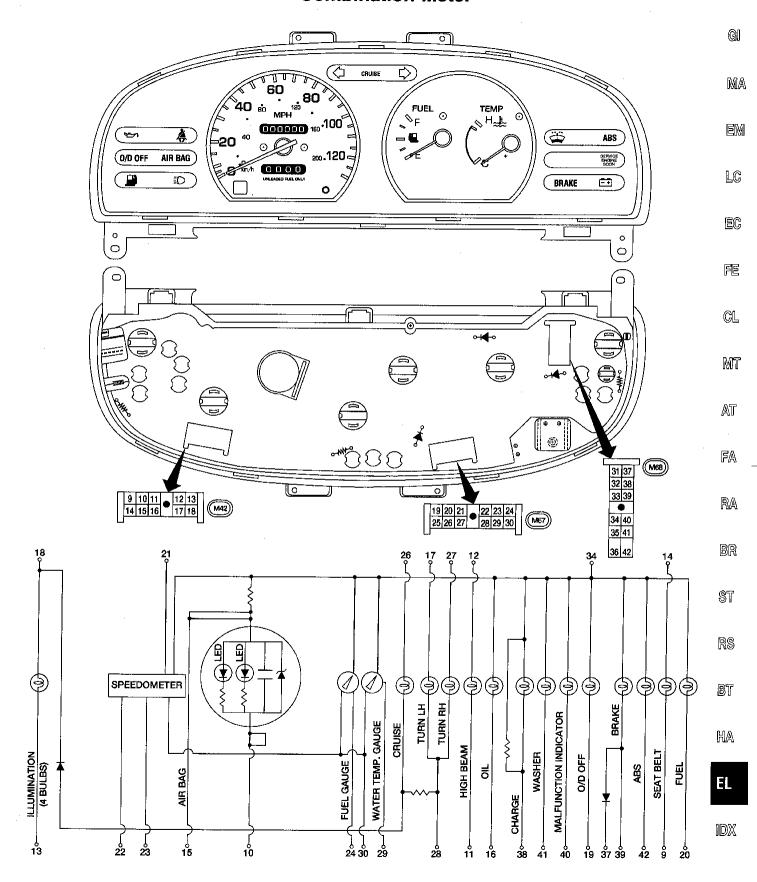
The vehicle speed sensor provides a voltage signal to the combination meter for the speedometer. The voltage is supplied:

• to combination meter terminals @ and @ for the speedometer

• from terminals ② and ① of the vehicle speed sensor.

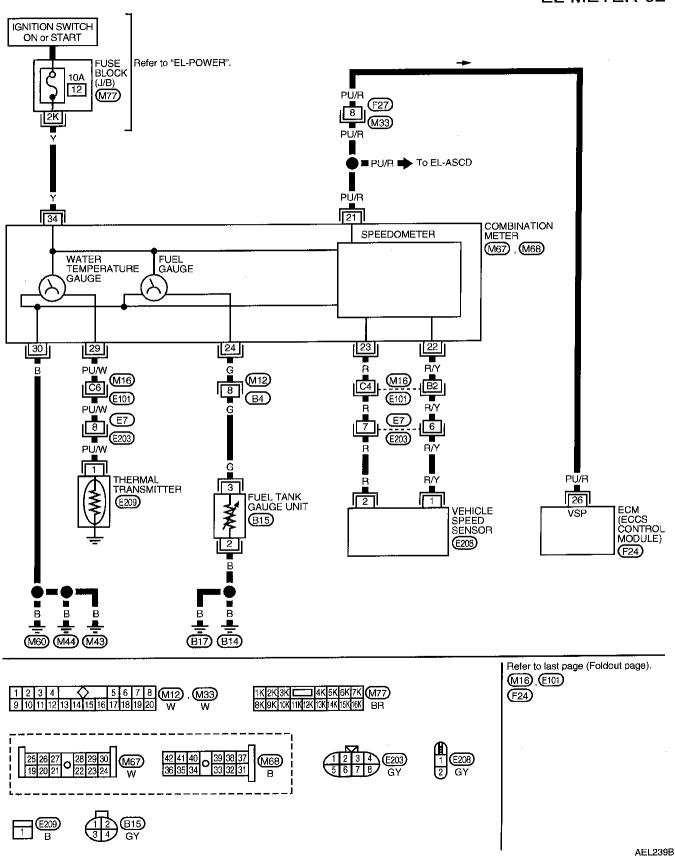
The speedometer converts the voltage into the vehicle speed displayed.

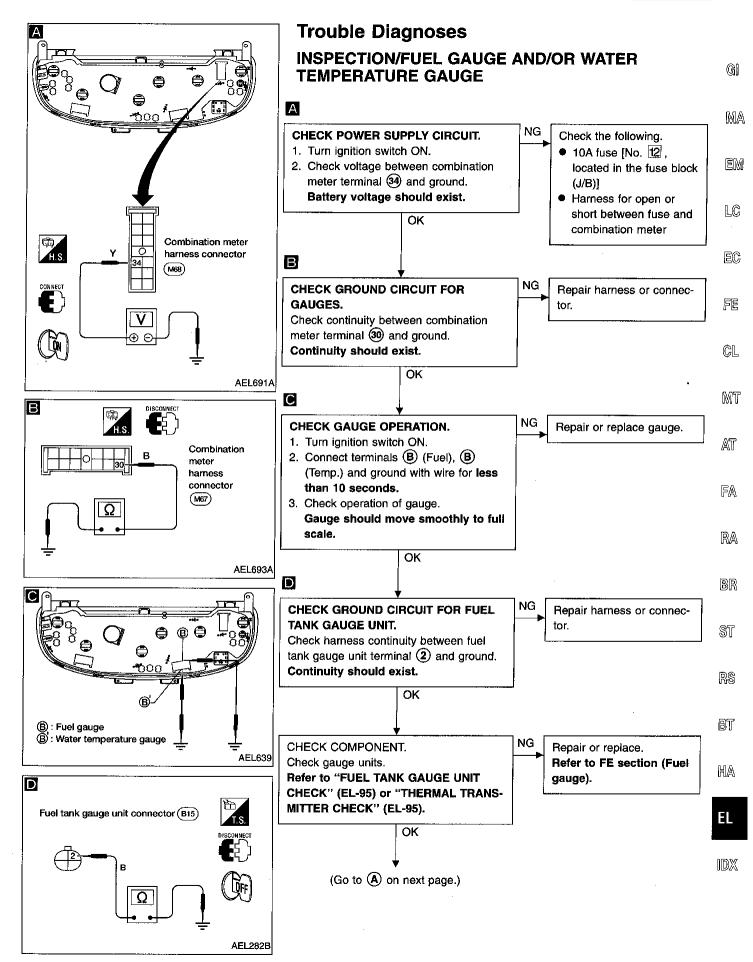
Combination Meter



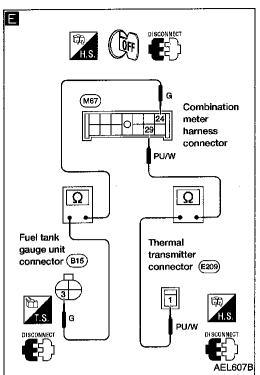
Wiring Diagram -METER-

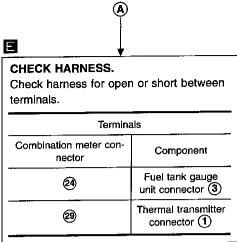
EL-METER-02

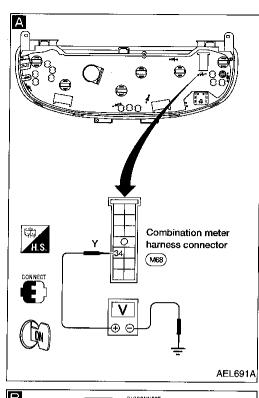




Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)



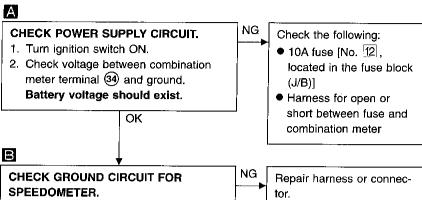






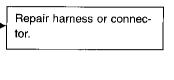
INSPECTION/SPEEDOMETER AND VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

SYMPTOM: Speedometer stays at 0 km/h (0 MPH).



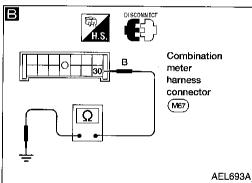
Check continuity between combination meter terminal (30) and ground. Continuity should exist.

OK



Replace speedometer.

Replace vehicle speed



CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR OUTPUT.

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1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transaxle and leave vehicle speed sensor connector connected.

2. Check voltage between combination meter terminals (22) and (23) while quickly turning speed sensor pinion. Voltage: Approx. 0.5V [Alternating current (AC)]

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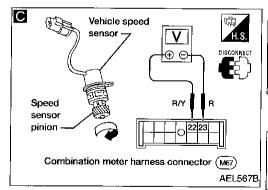
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CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR.

Check resistance between vehicle speed sensor terminals (1) and (2).

Resistance: Approx. 250 Ω

sensor. OK

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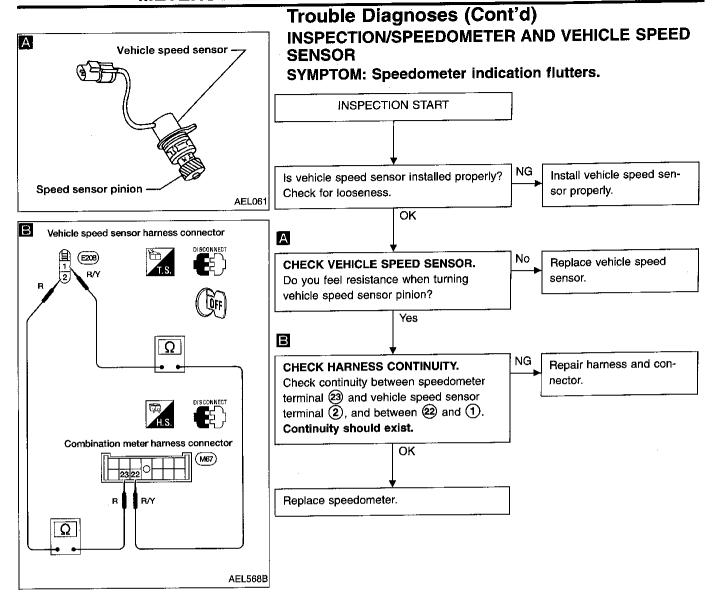
BT

Check harness for open or short between vehicle speed sensor and combination meter.

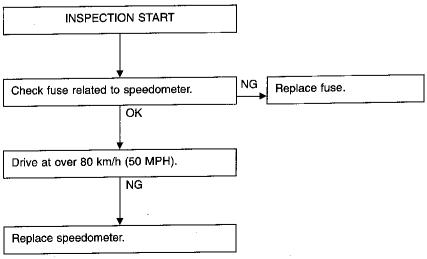
HA

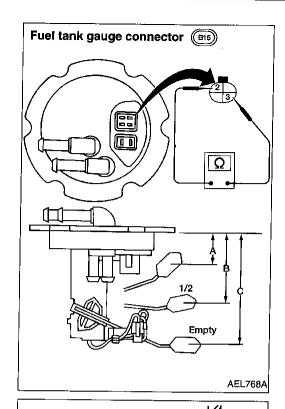
D Vehicle speed sensor harness connector (E208) AEL689A

NOX



INSPECTION/SPEEDOMETER AND FUSE SYMPTOM: Speedometer does not go back to 0 km/h (0 MPH).





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT CHECK

• For removal, refer to FE section "Fuel Pump and Gauge", "FUEL SYSTEM".

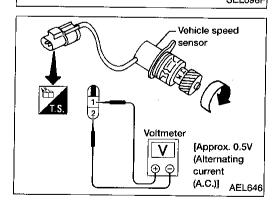
Check the resistance between terminals 3 and 2.

Ohmmeter (+) (-)		Float position mm (in)			Resistance value (Ω)
3	2	Α	Full	38.4 (1.512)	Approx. 4.5 - 5.5
		В	1/2	86.2 (3.394)	Approx. 31.5 - 33.5
		С	Empty	129.1 (5.083)	Approx. 80.0 - 83.0



Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

Water temperature	Resistance (Ω)	
60°C (140°F)	Approx. 170 - 210	
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 47 - 53	



VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL CHECK

- 1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transaxle.
- 2. Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly and measure voltage across terminals ① and ②.

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WARNING LAMPS

System Description*

If equipped with theft warning system, power is supplied at all times:

through 10A fuse (No. 15, located in the fuse block [J/B])

to combination meter terminal 37 for the security lamp.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

through 10A fuse (No. 12, located in the fuse block [J/B])

- to combination meter terminal (10) (34) for the air bag warning lamp
- to combination meter terminal 22 (14) and
- to combination meter terminal 41.

Ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal 28 (10),
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

Ground is supplied:

- to fuel tank gauge unit terminal ② and
- seat belt buckle switch terminal ②
- through body grounds (B14) and (B17).

Ground is supplied:

- to brake fluid level switch terminal ② and
- washer fluid level switch terminal ② (For Canada models only)
- through body grounds E13 and E25.

AIR BAG WARNING LAMP

During prove out or when an air bag malfunction occurs, the ground path is interrupted:

- from the air bag diagnosis sensor unit terminal (15)
- to combination meter terminal (7) (15).

Ground is supplied:

• through combination meter terminal 29 (10).

With power and ground supplied, the air bag warning lamp (LEDs) illuminate.

For further information, refer to RS section ("TROUBLE DIAGNOSES").

DOOR AJAR WARNING LAMP (Without tachometer)

When a door is open, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal 38
- from door switches terminal ①.

With power and ground supplied, the door ajar warning lamp illuminates.

DOOR AJAR WARNING LAMP (With tachometer)

When a door is open, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (15)
- from door switches terminal 1.

With power and ground supplied, the door ajar warning lamp illuminates.

LOW FUEL LEVEL WARNING LAMP

The amount of fuel in the fuel tank is determined by the fuel level sensor in the fuel tank. A signal is sent from fuel tank gauge unit terminal ④ to combination meter terminal ⑨ (⑳). The fuel level sensor will illuminate the low fuel level warning lamp when the fuel level is low.

With power and ground supplied, the low fuel level warning lamp illuminates.

LOW OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP

Low oil pressure causes oil pressure switch terminal ① to provide ground to combination meter terminal ③ (⑩). With power and ground supplied, the low oil pressure warning lamp illuminates.

LOW WASHER FLUID LEVEL WARNING LAMP (For Canada models only)

When the washer fluid level is low, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (12) (49)
- from washer fluid level switch terminal ①.

With power and ground supplied, the low washer fluid level warning lamp illuminates.

*:Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.

WARNING LAMPS

System Description* (Cont'd)

SEAT BELT WARNING LAMP

When the driver's seat belt is unfastened, ground is supplied: • to combination meter terminal (1) ((9)) **G** from seat belt buckle switch terminal (1). With power and ground supplied, the seat belt warning lamp illuminates. MA MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP During prove out or when an engine control malfunction occurs, ground is supplied: • to combination meter terminal (4) (40) EM from ECM terminal ⁽¹⁸⁾. With power and ground supplied, the malfunction indicator lamp illuminates. For further information, refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON-BOARD DIAGNOS-LC TIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"]. ABS WARNING LAMP EC During prove out or when an ABS malfunction occurs, ground is supplied: to combination meter terminal (20) (42) from ABS control unit terminal 30. FE With power and ground supplied, the ABS warning lamp illuminates. For further information, refer to BR section ("Self-diagnosis", "TROUBLE DIAGNOSES"). CI. **BRAKE WARNING LAMP** When the parking brake is applied, or the brake fluid level is low, ground is supplied: to combination meter terminal (32) (39) MI from parking brake switch terminal (1), or brake fluid level switch terminal 1. With power and ground supplied, the brake warning lamp illuminates. ΑT CHARGE WARNING LAMP During prove out or when a generator malfunction occurs, ground is supplied: FA to combination meter terminals (38) (38) and (37) from generator terminal (3). With power and ground supplied, the charge warning lamp and brake lamp illuminate. RA SECURITY INDICATOR LAMP Under certain conditions, ground is supplied: BR to combination meter terminal 39 from smart entrance control unit terminal 33. With power and ground supplied, the security indicator lamp will illuminate. ST For further information, refer to "System Description", "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM", EL-205. *: Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer. RS BT

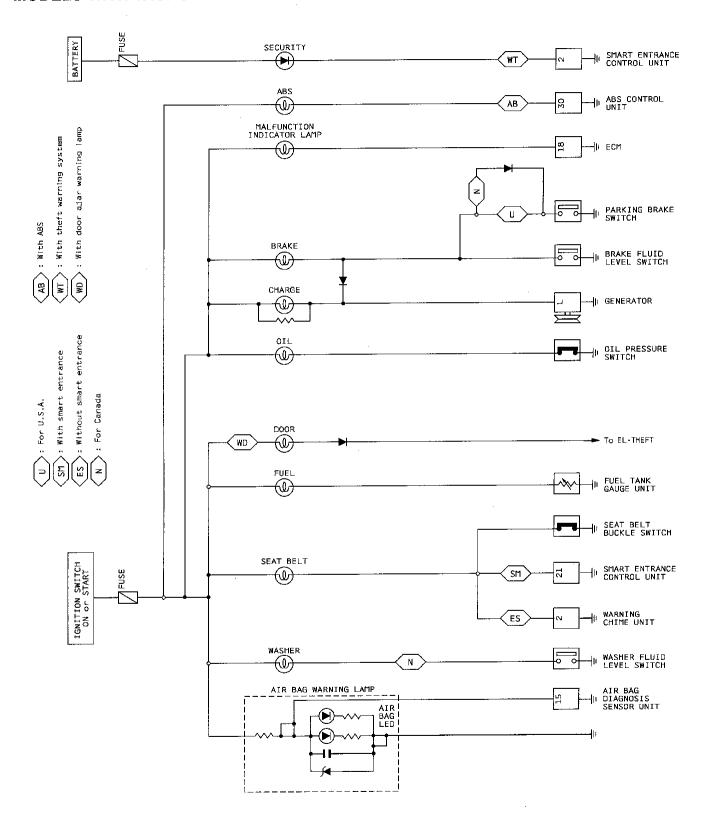
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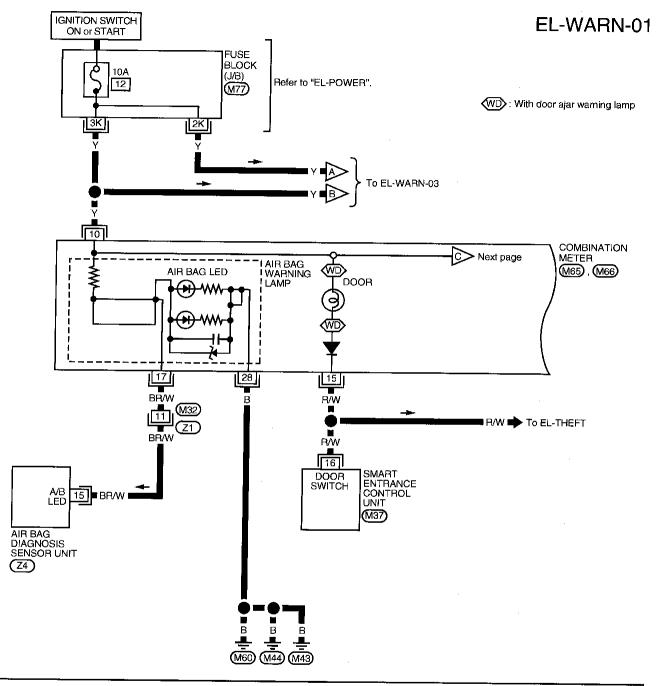
Schematic

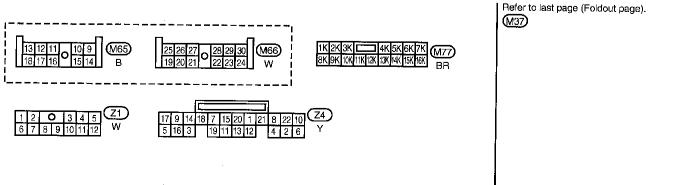
MODELS WITH TACHOMETER



Wiring Diagram -WARN-

MODELS WITH TACHOMETER





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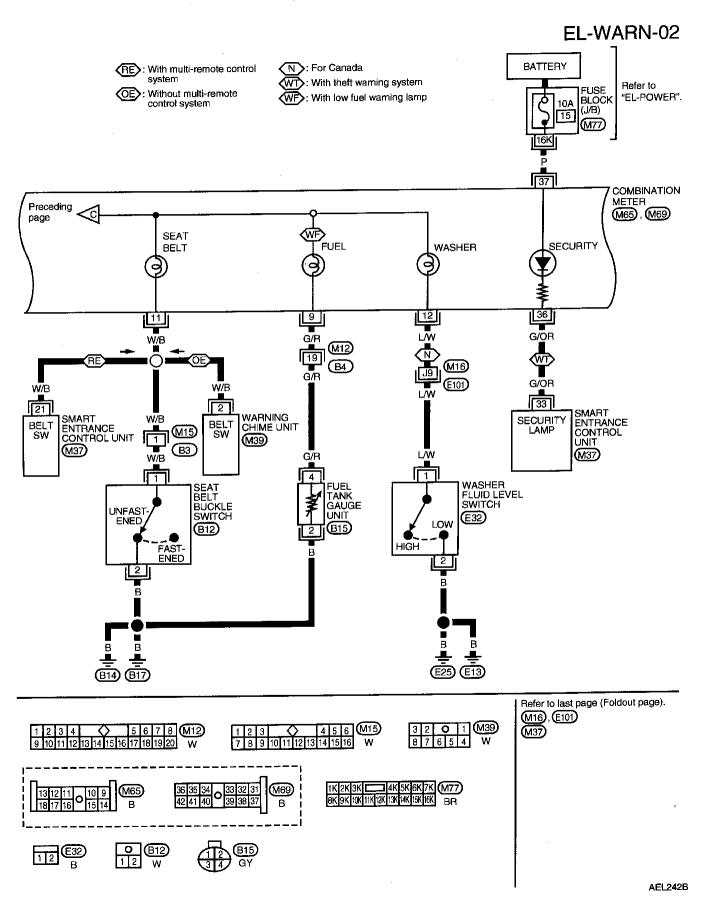
BT

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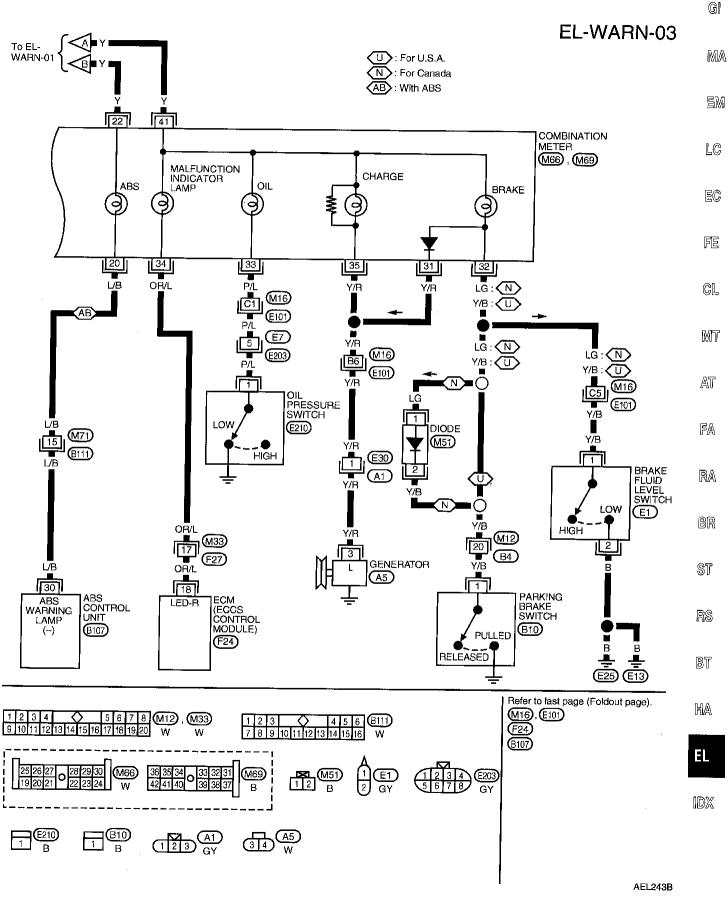
EL

IDX

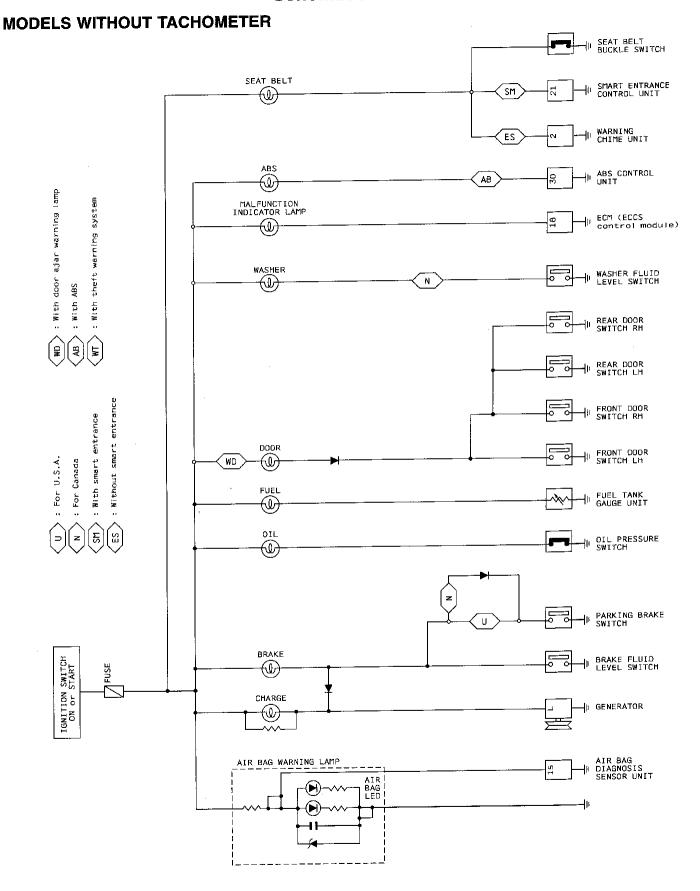
Wiring Diagram –WARN– (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -WARN- (Cont'd)



Schematic



Wiring Diagram -WARN-

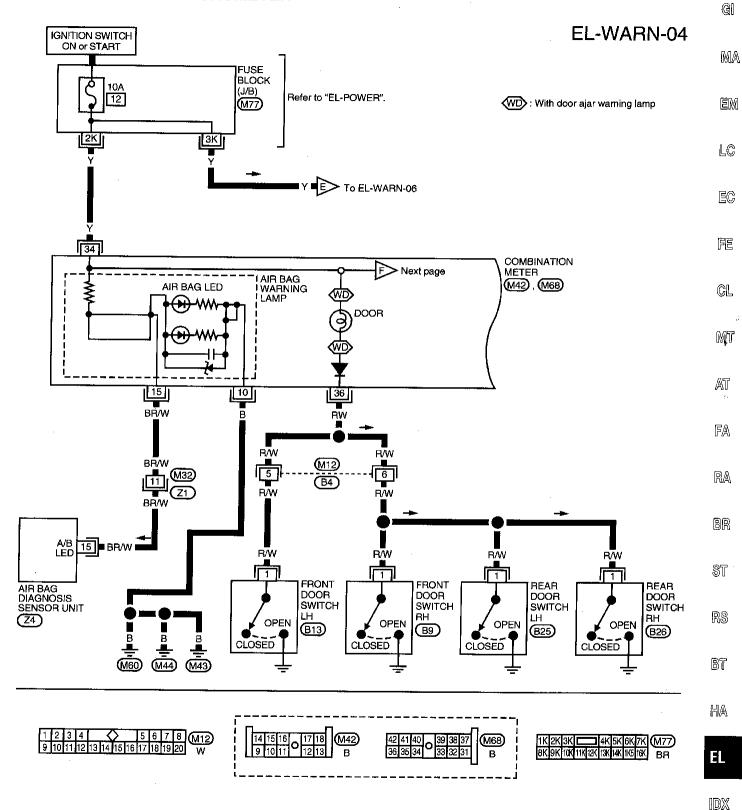
MODELS WITHOUT TACHOMETER

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, (B25)

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(B₁₃)



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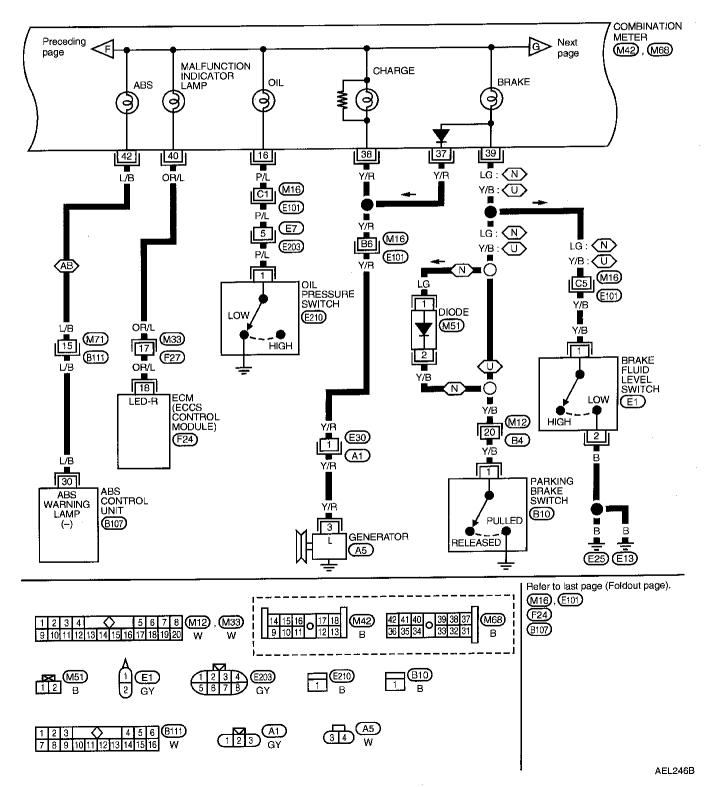
17 9 14 18 7 15 20 1 21 8 22 10

1 2 O 3 4 5

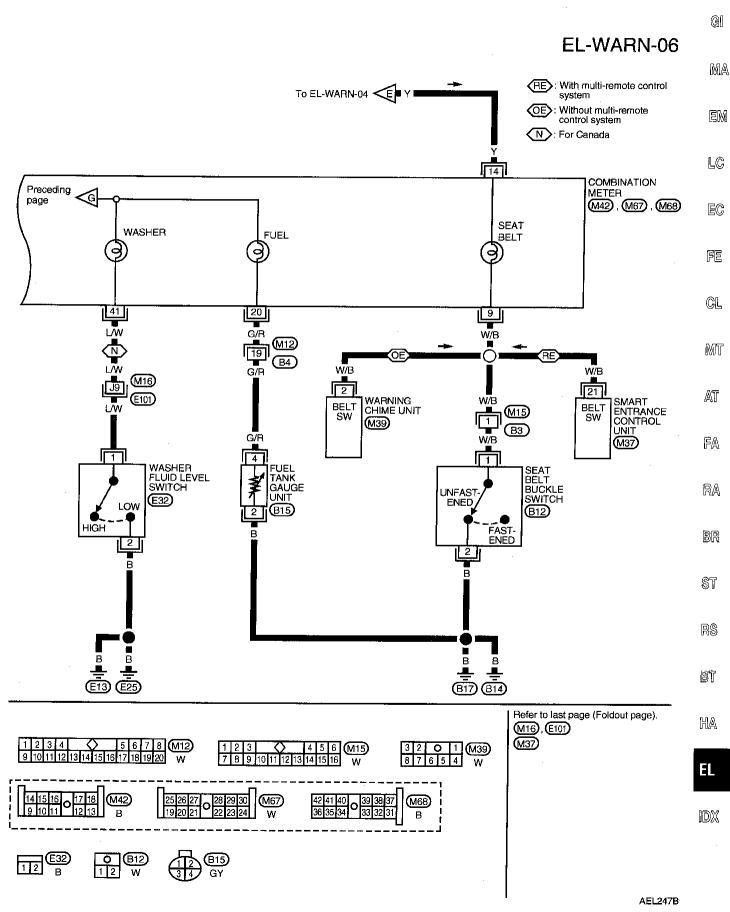
Wiring Diagram -WARN- (Cont'd)

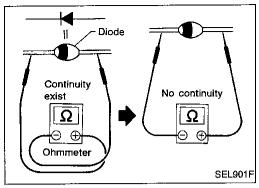
EL-WARN-05

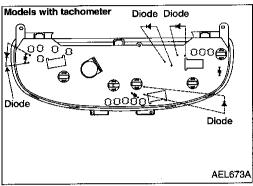


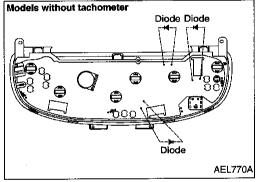


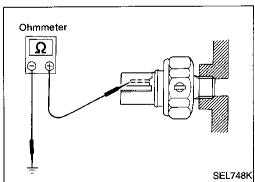
Wiring Diagram -WARN- (Cont'd)











Electrical Component Inspection

DIODE CHECK

• Check continuity using an ohmmeter.

 Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown in the figure at left.

NOTE: Specification may vary depending on the type of tester. Before performing this inspection, be sure to refer to the instruction manual for the tester being used.

 Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.

OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK

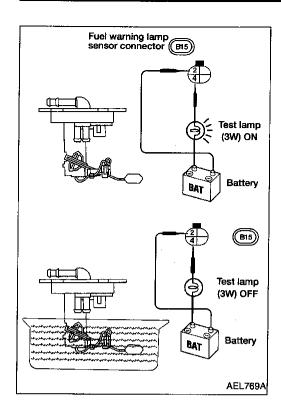
	Oil pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	Continuity
Engine start	More than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1.4 - 2.8)	NO
Engine stop	Less than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1.4 - 2.8)	YES

Check the continuity between the terminals of oil pressure switch and body ground.

WARNING LAMPS

Electrical Component Inspection (Cont'd) FUEL WARNING LAMP SENSOR CHECK

• It will take a short time for the bulb to light.



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System Description

MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

The warning chime is integral with the smart entrance control unit, which controls its operation. Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 15, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to key switch terminal ①.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 36, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal ①.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 25A fusible link (letter f, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker terminal ①
- through circuit breaker terminal 2
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 1.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 7.5A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (1).

Ground is supplied to smart entrance control unit terminal (10) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

When a signal, or combination of signals, is received by the smart entrance control unit, the warning chime will sound.

Ignition key warning chime

With the key in the ignition key cylinder, the ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, and the driver's door open, the warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied:

- from key switch terminal ②
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 2.

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (15)
- from front door switch LH terminal ②.

Front door switch LH terminal ③ is grounded through body grounds (B14) and (B17).

Light warning chime

With ignition switch in the OFF or ACC postion, driver's door open, and lighting switch in parking lamp (1ST) position or headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, the warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal 12
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ②

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (15)
- from front door switch LH terminal ②.

Front door switch LH terminal 3 is grounded through body grounds (B14) and (B17).

Seat belt warning chime

The warning chime sounds for approximately 6 seconds when ignition switch is turned from OFF to ON or START and driver's seat belt is unfastened.

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal ②
- from seat belt switch terminal ①.

Seat belt switch terminal (2) is grounded through body grounds (B14) and (B17).

System Description (Cont'd)

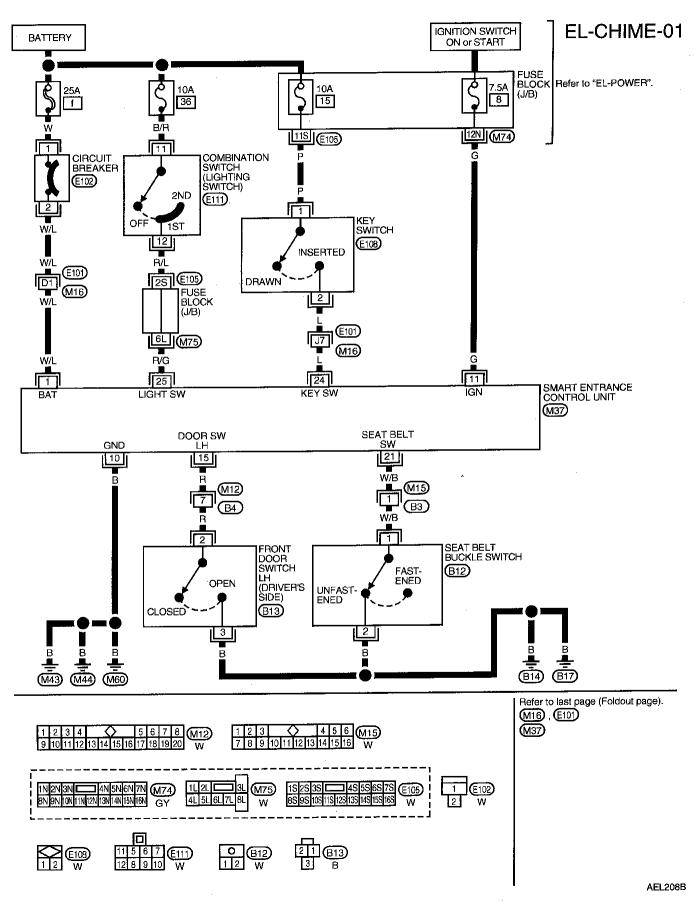
MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS The warning chime is controlled by the warning chime unit. GI Power is supplied at all times: through 10A fuse (No. 15, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to key switch terminal (1). MA Power is supplied at all times: through 10A fuse (No. 36, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to lighting switch terminal 11. With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 7.5A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to warning chime unit terminal (1). LC Ground is supplied to warning chime unit terminal (8) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60) When a signal, or combination of signals, is received by the warning chime unit, the warning chime will sound. ΞC Ignition key warning chime With the key in the ignition key cylinder, the ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, and the driver's FE door open, the warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied: from key switch terminal (2) to warning chime unit terminal (5). CL Ground is supplied: to warning chime unit terminal (7) from front door switch LH terminal (2). MT Front door switch LH terminal 3 is grounded through body grounds (B14) and (B17). Light warning chime With ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, driver's door open, and lighting switch in parking lamp AT (1ST) position or headlamp "ON" (2ND) position, the warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied: from lighting switch terminal (12) FA to warning chime unit terminal (4). Ground is supplied: to warning chime unit terminal (7) RA from front door switch LH terminal 2. Front door switch LH terminal 3 is grounded through body grounds (B14) and (B17). BR Seat belt warning chime The warning chime sounds for approximately 6 seconds when ignition switch is turned from OFF to ON or START and driver's seat belt is unfastened. ST Ground is supplied: to warning chime unit terminal (2) from seat belt switch terminal (1). RS Seat belt switch terminal ② is grounded through body grounds (B14) and (B17).

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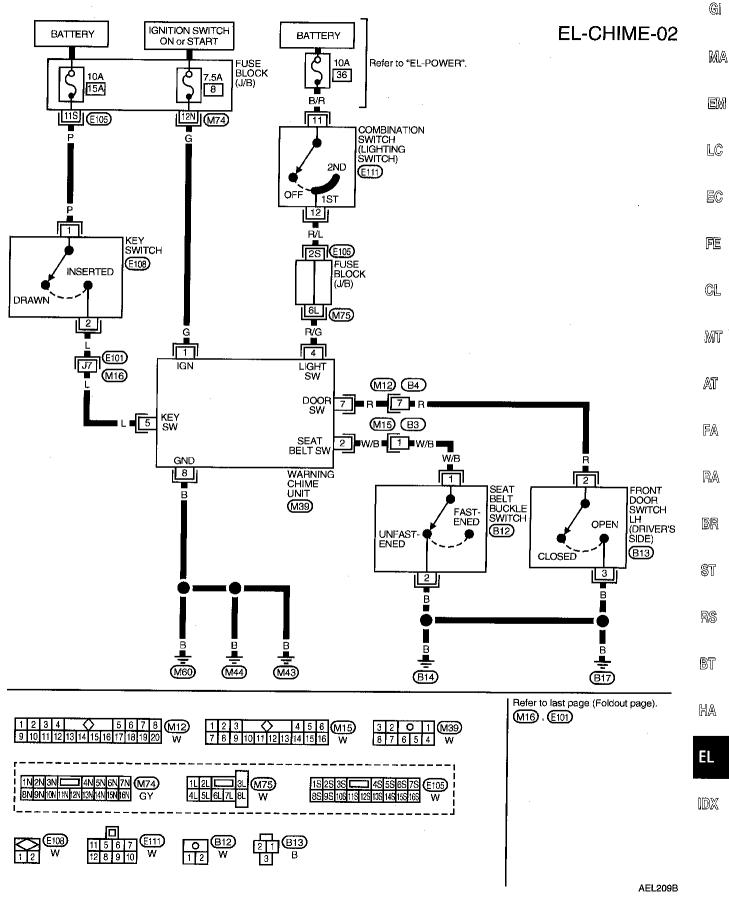
MA

Wiring Diagram –CHIME–MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS



Wiring Diagram -CHIME- (Cont'd)

MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS



Trouble Diagnoses

SYMPTOM CHART

REFERENCE PAGE	EL-113	EL-114	EL-115	EL-116	EL-117
SYMPTOM	POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (Lighting switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (Key switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (Seat belt buckle switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (Driver side door switch input signal check)
Light warning chime does not activate.	х	х			х
Ignition key warning chime does not activate.	X		×		×
Seat belt warning chime does not activate.	Х			Х	
Both light and ignition warning chimes do not activate.	х				×

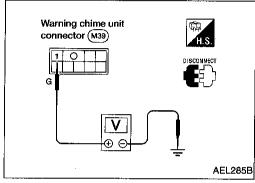
Smart entrance control unit connector (M37) CAU CONNECTOR (DISCONNECT W/L G AEL284B

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Main power supply circuit check

Models with power door locks

Terminals		Ignition switch position		
⊕	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON
1	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
(II)	Ground	٥V	٥V	Battery voltage



Models without power door locks

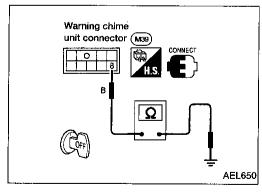
Terminals		Battery voltage existence condition		
ien	illiais	Ignition switch position		tion
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON
1	Ground	0V	ov	Battery voltage

Smart entrance control unit connector C/U CONNECTOR O DISCONNECT B AEL649

Ground circuit check

Models with power door locks

Terminals	Continuity
1 Ground	Yes



Models without power door locks

Terminals	Continuity	
8 - Ground	Yes	

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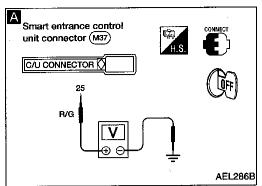
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

(Lighting switch input signal check)
Models with power door locks

Α

CHECK LIGHTING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

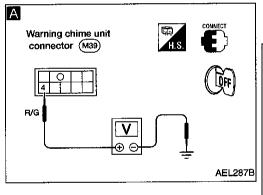
Check voltage between control unit terminal 25 and ground.

Condition of lighting switch	Voltage [V]
1ST or 2ND	Approx. 12
OFF	0

Go to Diagnostic Procedure 4, EL-117.

• 10A fuse (No. 36),

- located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- Harness for open or short between control unit and lighting switch



Models without power door locks

Α

CHECK LIGHTING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

Check voltage between warning chime unit terminal 4 and ground.

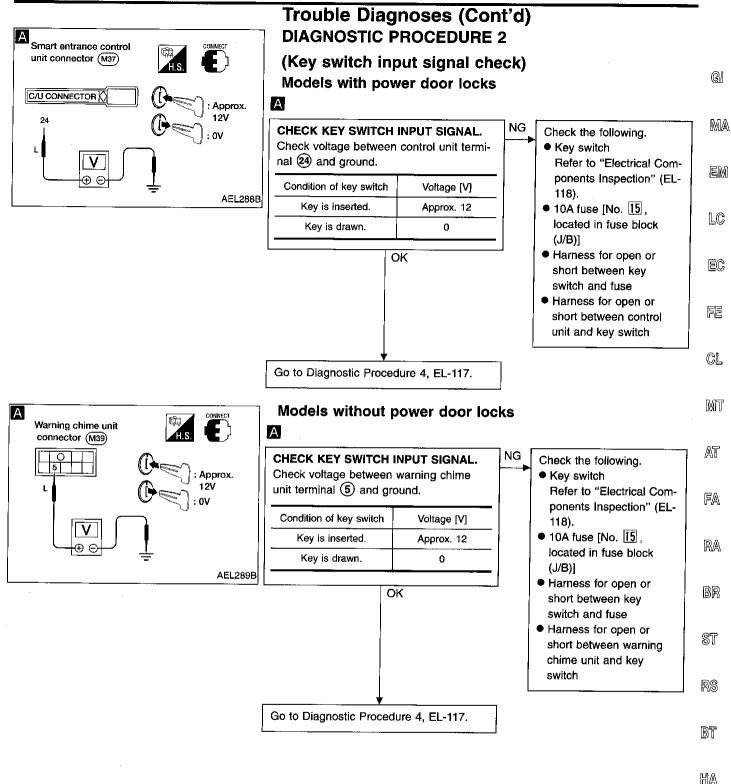
Condition of lighting switch	Voltage [V]
1ST or 2ND	Approx. 12
OFF	0
	OK

Go to Diagnostic Procedure 4, EL-117.

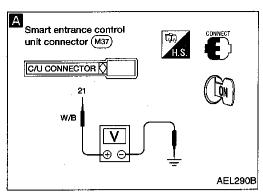
Check the following.

NG

- 10A fuse (No. 36, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- Harness for open or short between warning chime unit and lighting switch



EL



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

(Seat belt buckle switch input signal check)
Models with power door locks

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NG

Α

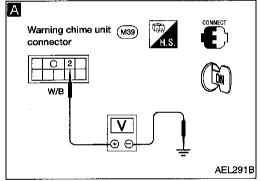
CHECK SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL. 1. Turn ignition switch ON. 2. Check voltage between control unit terminal 21 and ground.

Condition of seat belt buckle switch	Voltage [V]
Fastened	Approx. 12
Unfastened	0
	ОК

Go to Diagnostic Procedure 4, EL-117.

Check the following.

- Seat belt buckle switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-118).
- Seat belt buckle switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between control unit and seat belt buckle switch



Models without power door locks



CHECK SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

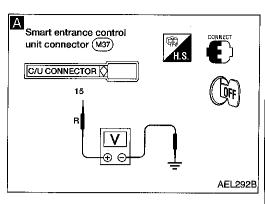
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between warning chime unit terminal ② and ground.

Condition of seat belt buckle switch	Voltage [V]	
Fastened	Approx. 12	
Unfastened	0	
	ОК	

Go to Diagnostic Procedure 4, EL-117.

Check the following.

- Seat belt buckle switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-118).
- Seat belt buckle switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between warning chime unit and seat belt buckle switch



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4

(Driver side door switch input signal check)
Models with power door locks

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Α

CHECK DOOR SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL. Check voltage between control unit terminal (15) and ground.

Condition of driver's door	Voltage [V]	
Driver side door is closed.	Approx. 12	
Driver side door is open.	0	

Replace smart entrance control unit.

Check the following.

 Driver side door switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-118). G

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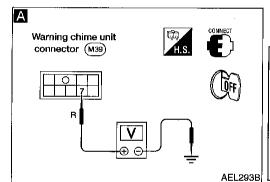
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- Door switch ground condition
- Harness for open or short between control unit and door switch



Models without power door locks

Α

CHECK DOOR SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL. Check voltage between warning chime unit terminal and ground.

Condition of driver's door	Voltage [V]
Driver side door is closed.	Approx. 12
Driver side door is open.	0

ОK

Replace warning chime unit.

Check the following.

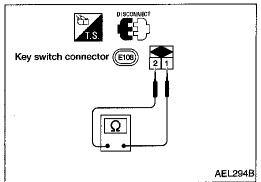
- Driver side door switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-118).
- Door switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between warning chime unit and door switch

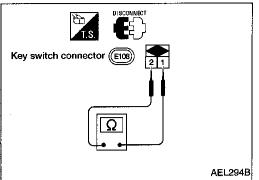
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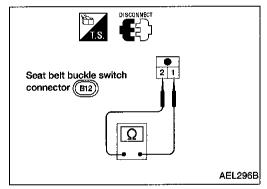
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Front door switch LH connector (B13) Q AEL295B



Electrical Components Inspection KEY SWITCH (insert)

Check continuity between terminals when key is inserted in ignition key cylinder and key is removed from ignition key cylin-

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
0 0	Key is inserted.	Yes
1) - (2)	Key is drawn.	No

DRIVER SIDE DOOR SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals when door switch is pushed and released.

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
	Door switch is pushed.	No
1 - ground, 2 - 3	Door switch is released.	Yes

SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals when seat belt is fastened and unfastened.

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
<u>(1) - (2)</u>	Seat belt is fastened.	No
(1) - (2)	Seat belt is unfastened.	Yes

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System Description

WIPER OPERATION

The wiper switch is controlled by a lever built into the combination switch.

There are three wiper switch positions:

- LO speed
- HI speed
- INT (with Intermittent)

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 20A fuse (No. 19, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to wiper motor terminal 6

• to wiper amplifier terminal (5) (with intermittent).

Ground is supplied to intermittent wiper amplifier terminal 3 through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60) (with intermittent).

Low and high speed wiper operation

Ground is supplied to wiper switch terminal 17 through body grounds (£13) and (£25).

When the wiper switch is placed in the LO position, ground is supplied:

- through terminal 1 of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at low speed.

When the wiper switch is placed in the HI position, ground is supplied:

- through terminal (6) of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal (1).

With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at high speed.

Auto stop operation (with intermittent)

With wiper switch turned OFF, wiper motor will continue to operate until wiper arms reach windshield base.

When wiper arms are not located at base of windshield with wiper switch OFF, ground is provided:

- from terminal (4) of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal (2), in order to continue wiper motor operation at low speed.

Ground is also supplied:

- through terminal ⁽³⁾ of the wiper switch
- to wiper amplifier terminal (2)
- through terminal (7) of the wiper amplifier
- to wiper motor terminal (5)
- through terminal (4) of the wiper motor, and
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

When wiper arms reach base of windshield, wiper motor terminals (5) and (6) are connected instead of terminals (5) and (4). Wiper motor will then stop wiper arms at the PARK position.

Auto stop operation (without intermittent)

With wiper switch turned OFF, wiper motor will continue to operate until wiper arms reach windshield base.

When wiper arms are not located at base of windshield with wiper switch OFF, ground is provided:

- to wiper motor terminal ②, in order to continue wiper motor operation at low speed.

Ground is also supplied:

- through terminal (3) of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal (5)
- through terminal (4) of the wiper motor, and

through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

When wiper arms reach base of windshield, wiper motor terminals (5) and (6) are connected instead of terminals (5) and (4). Wiper motor will then stop wiper arms at the PARK position.

Intermittent operation

The wiper motor operates the wiper arms one time at low speed at an interval of approximately 7 seconds. This feature is controlled by the intermittent wiper amplifier.

When the wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied:

• to wiper amplifier terminal (1)

WIPER AND WASHER

System Description (Cont'd)

- from wiper switch terminal (15) through body grounds (£13) and (£25), and
- to wiper motor terminal (2)
- through the wiper switch terminal (14)
- to wiper switch terminal (13)
- through wiper amplifier terminal (2)
- to wiper amplifier terminal (3)
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

WASHER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 20A fuse (No. 19, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to washer motor terminal (1).

When the lever is pulled to the WASH position, ground is supplied:

- to washer motor terminal (2), and
- to wiper amplifier terminal (6) (with intermittent)
- from terminal (18) of the wiper switch
- through terminal 100 of the wiper switch, and
- through body grounds (E13) and (E25).

With power and ground supplied, the washer motor operates.

If equipped with intermittent wipers, when the lever is pulled to the WASH position for one second or more, the wiper motor operates at low speed for approximately 3 seconds to clean windshield. The motor operates at low for approximately 3 seconds. This feature is controlled by the intermittent wiper amplifier in the same manner as the intermittent operation.

EL-121

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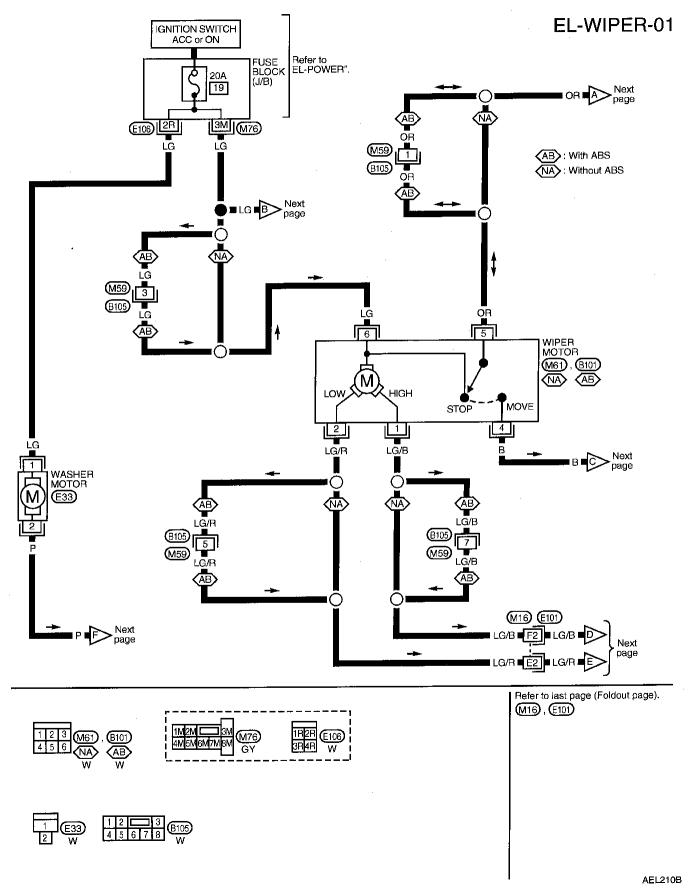
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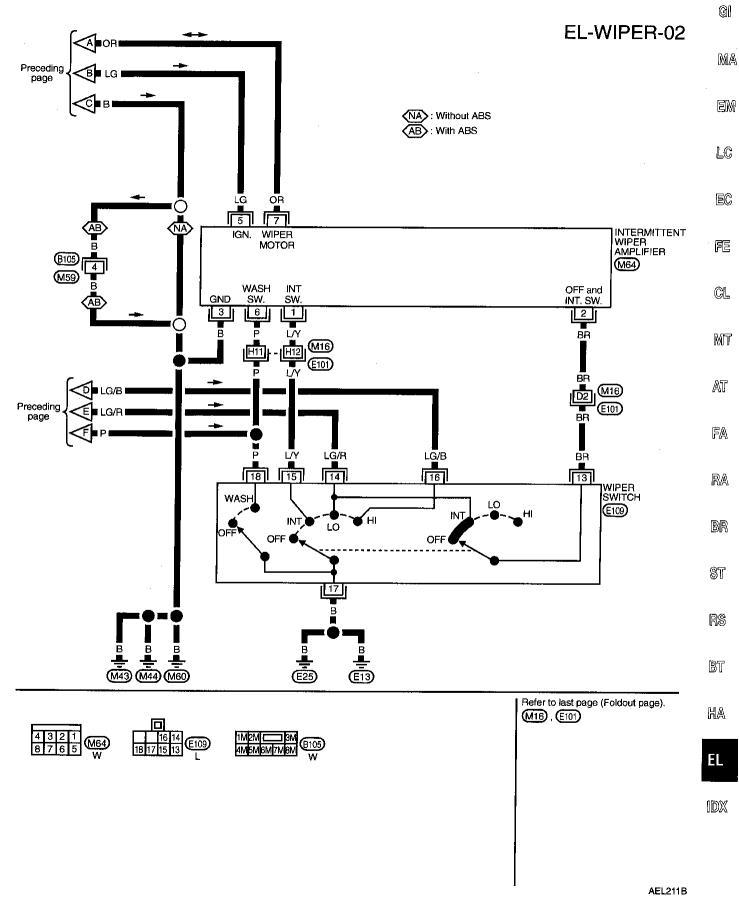
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Wiring Diagram -WIPER-

MODELS WITH INTERMITTENT WIPERS

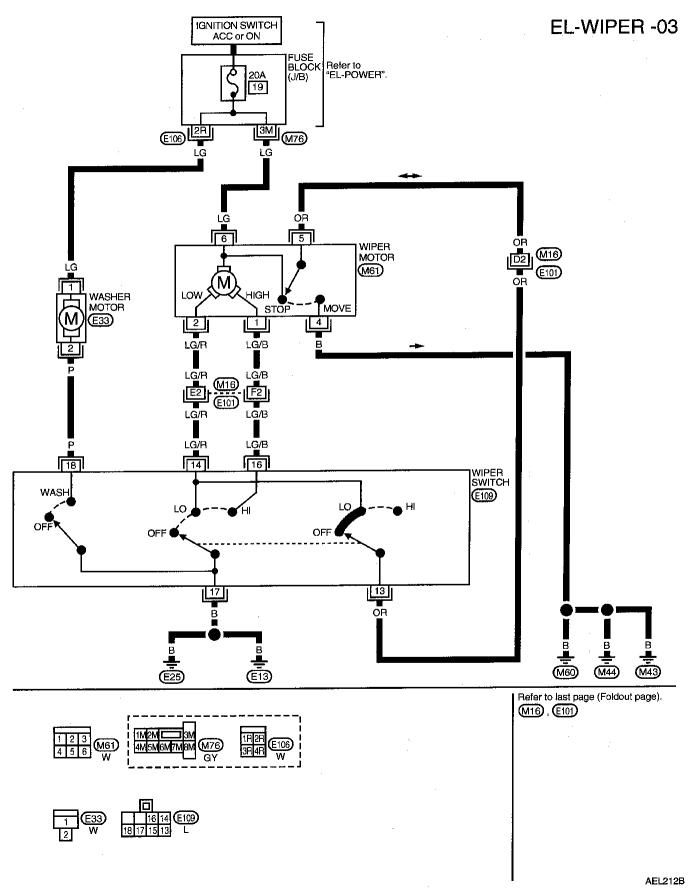


Wiring Diagram -WIPER- (Cont'd)

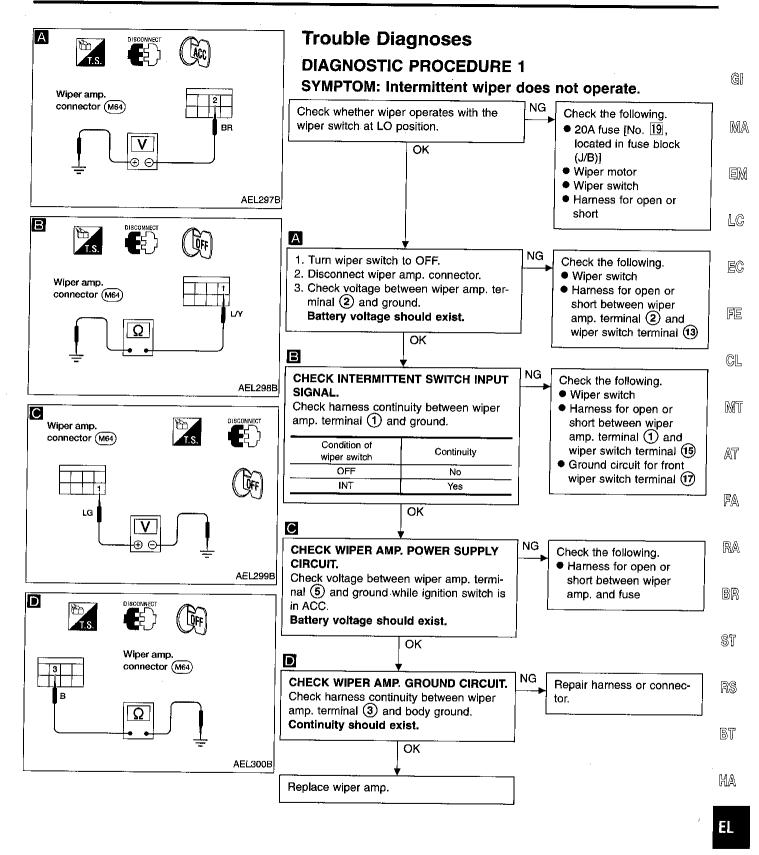


Wiring Diagram -WIPER- (Cont'd)

MODELS WITHOUT INTERMITTENT WIPERS

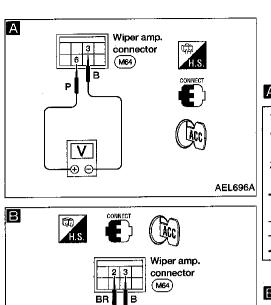


WIPER AND WASHER



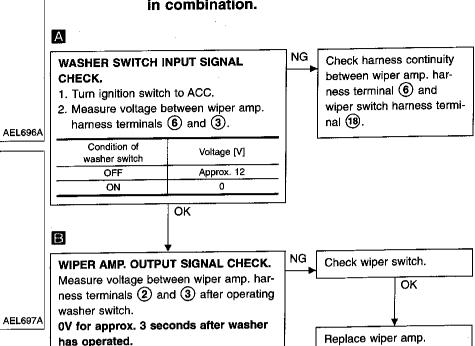
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WIPER AND WASHER



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2

SYMPTOM: Wiper and washer activate individually but not in combination.



Wiper Installation and Adjustment

1. Turn ignition ON.

Prior to wiper arm installation, turn on wiper switch and then turn it OFF. Allow wiper to operate until its Auto Stop position is reached before turning ignition OFF.

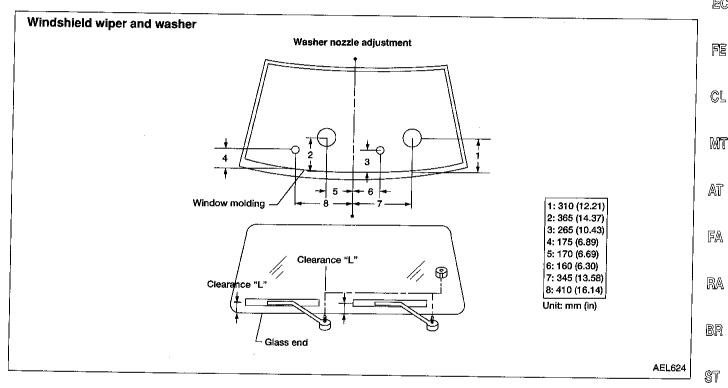
Lift the blade up and then set it down onto glass surface. Set the biade center to clearance "L" just before tightening nut.

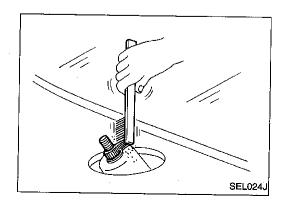
Eject washer fluid. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it OFF.

Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "L". Clearance "L": 27 - 41 mm (1.06 - 1.61 in)

Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque. Windshield wiper:

(C): 21 - 26 N·m (2.1 - 2.7 kg-m, 15 - 20 ft-lb)





Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean up the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness.

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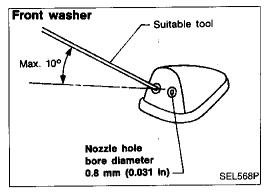
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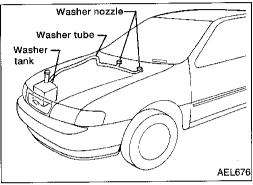
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WIPER AND WASHER



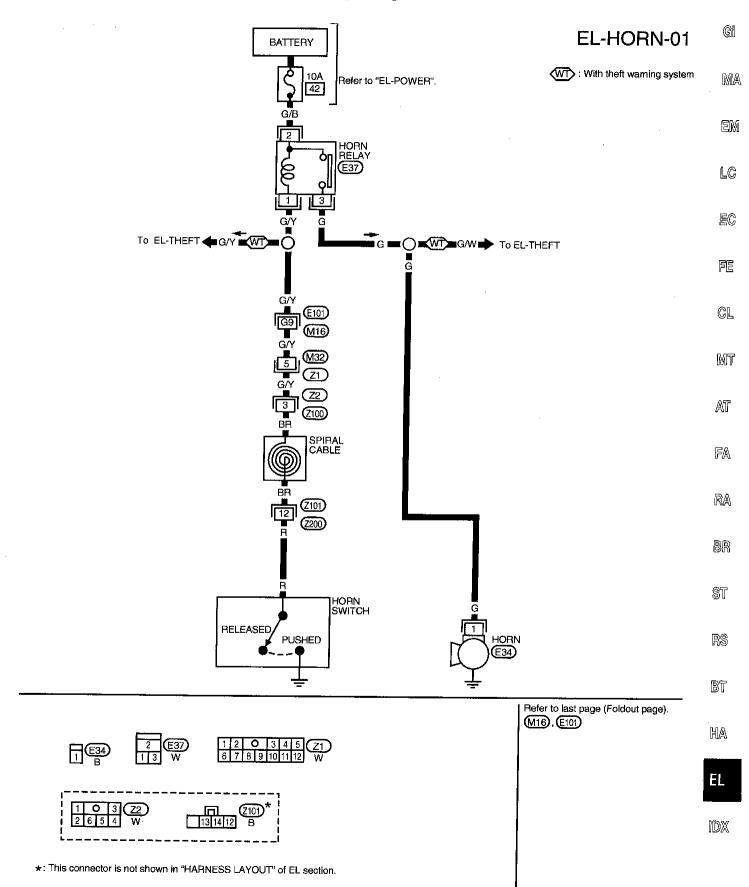


Washer Nozzle Adjustment

Adjust washer nozzle with suitable tool as shown in the figure at left.

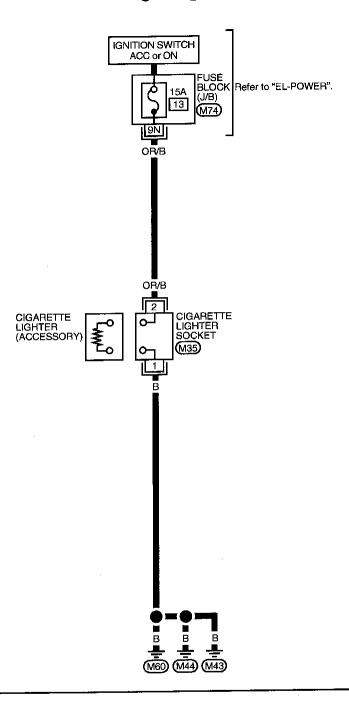
Adjustable range: ±10°

Wiring Diagram -HORN-

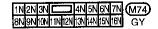


Wiring Diagram -CIGAR-

EL-CIGAR-01







System Description

If equipped with power door locks, the rear defogger system is controlled by the smart entrance control unit. If not equipped with power door locks, the rear defogger system is controlled by the rear window defogger timer. The rear window defogger operates for approximately 15 minutes. Power is supplied at all times: through 20A fuse (No. 4, located in the fuse block [J/B]) MA to rear window defogger relay terminal (3) and through 20A fuse (No. 5, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to rear window defogger relay terminal (6). EΜ With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 7.5A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to rear window defogger relay terminal (1) and LC to smart entrance control unit terminal (11) (models with power door locks), or to rear window defogger timer terminal ① (models without power door locks). Ground is supplied to terminal ② of the rear window defogger switch through body grounds (M43), EC (M44) and (M60). When the rear window defogger switch is turned ON, ground is supplied: through terminal (1) of the rear window defogger switch FE to smart entrance control unit terminal @ (models with power door locks) or to rear window defogger timer terminal ③ (models without power door locks). Terminal 36 of the smart entrance control unit (models with power door locks) or terminal 2 of the rear CL. window defogger timer (models without power door locks) then supplies ground to the rear window defogger relay terminal (2). MT With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay is energized. Power is supplied: through terminals (5) and (7) of the rear window defogger relay to rear window defogger terminal 1. Ground is supplied to terminal ② of rear window defogger through body ground (B202). With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger filaments heat and defog the rear window. FA When the system is activated, the rear window defogger indicator illuminates in the rear window defogger switch. Power is supplied: RA to terminal ③ of the rear window defogger switch from terminals 5 and 7 of the rear window defogger relay. Terminal 4 of the rear window defogger switch is grounded through body grounds (M43), (M44) and BR (M60). ST

HA

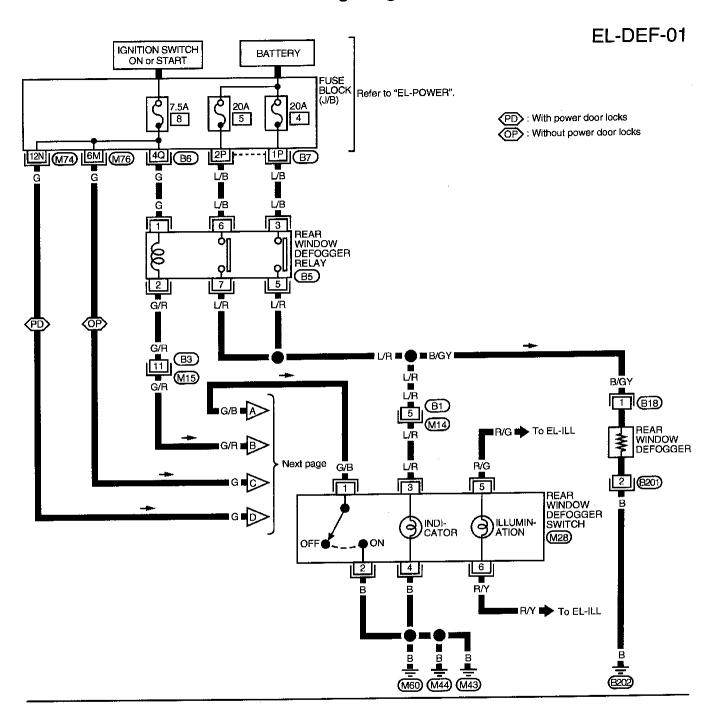
RS

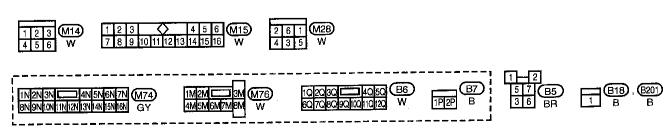
BT

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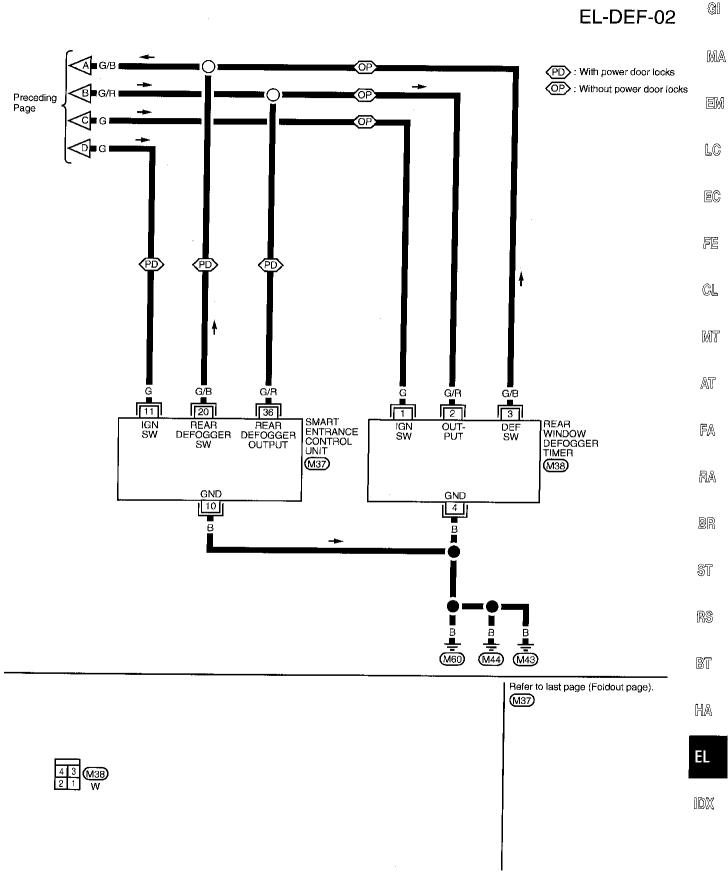
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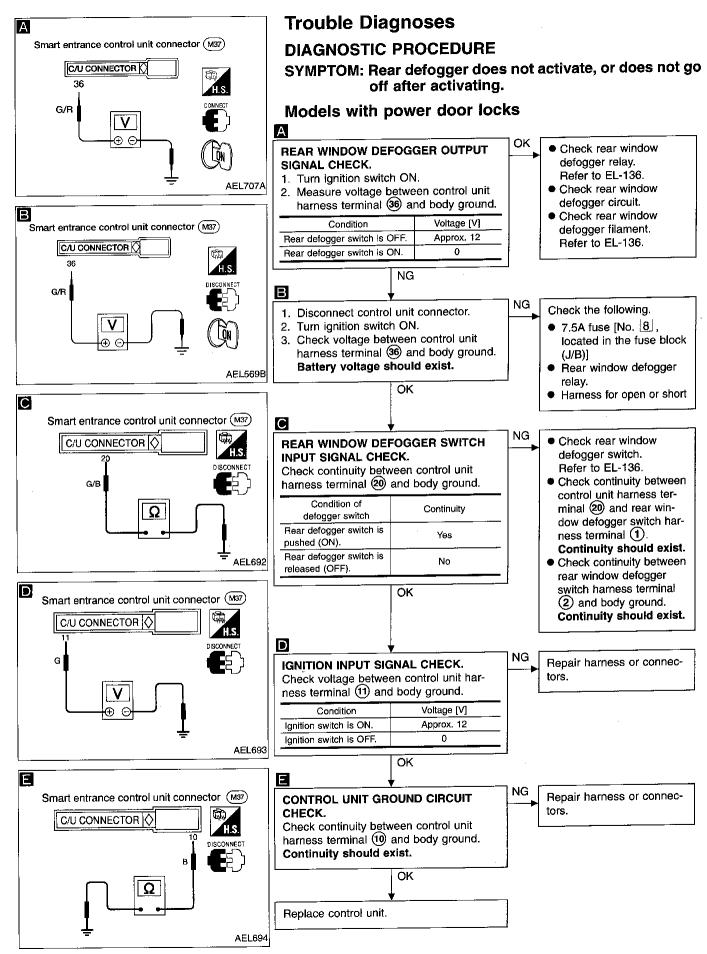
Wiring Diagram -DEF-

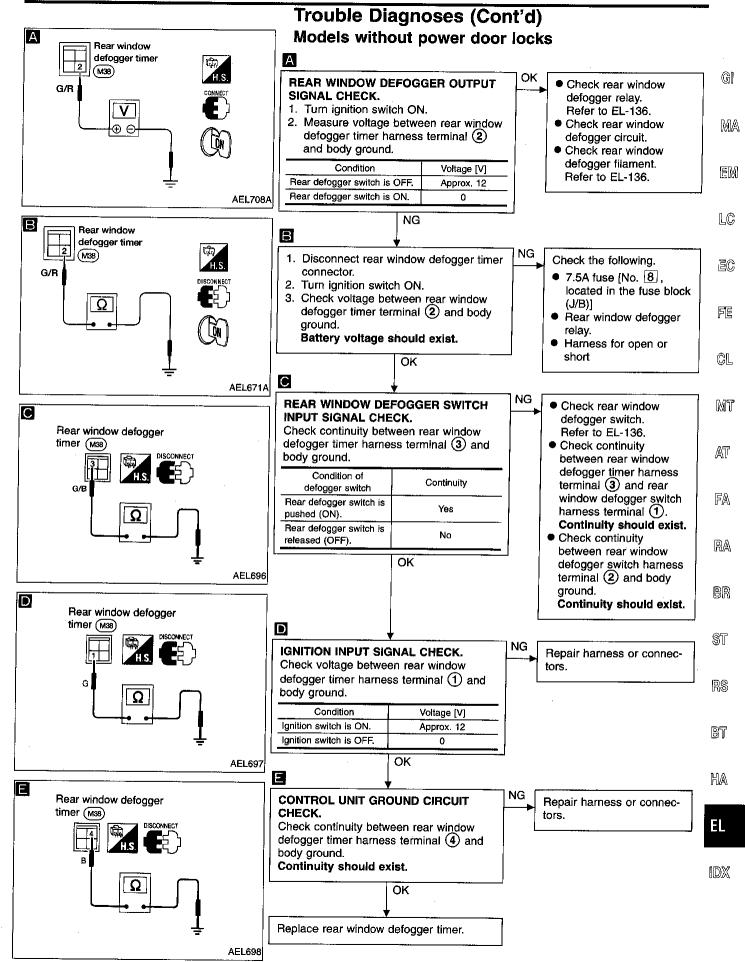




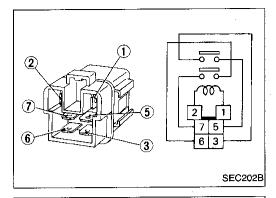
Wiring Diagram -DEF- (Cont'd)







EL-135

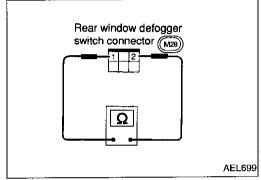


Electrical Components Inspection

Rear window defogger relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5, 6 and 7.

Condition	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No current supply	No



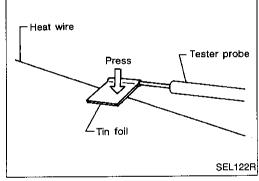
Rear window defogger switch

Check continuity between terminals when rear window defogger switch is pushed and released.

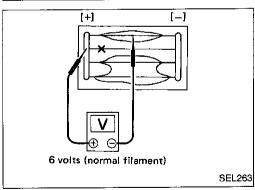
Terminals	Condition	Continuity
1 - 2	Rear window defogger switch is pushed (ON).	Yes
	Rear window defogger switch is released (OFF).	No

Filament Check

 When measuring voltage, wrap tin foil around the top of the negative probe. Press the foil against the wire with your finger. This action will prevent damage to the element.

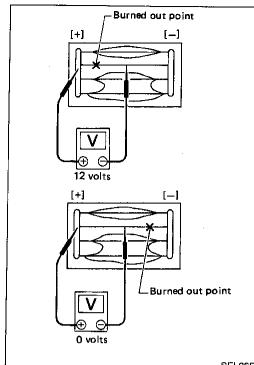


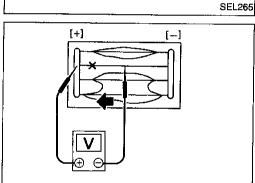
1. Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.



Filament Check (Cont'd)

If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.





To locate burned out point, move probe to left and right along filament. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

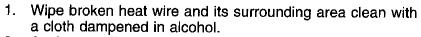
REPAIR EQUIPMENT

Filament Repair

- Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
- 2. Ruler 30 cm (11.8 in) long
- 3. Drawing pen
- Heat gun
- Alcohol
- Cloth

BE540

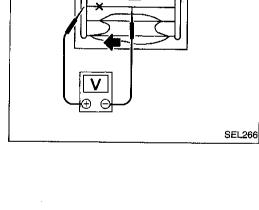
REPAIR PROCEDURE



Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.



Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides (preferably 5 mm [0.20] in]) of the break.





G

MA

LC

EC

Æ

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

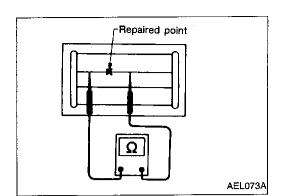
BR

ST

RS

BT

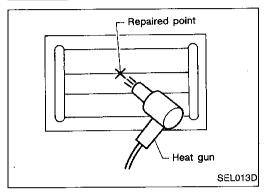
HA



Filament Repair (Cont'd)

4. After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.



Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

AUDIO

System Description Refer to Owner's Manual for audio system operating instructions. Power is supplied at all times: G through 10A fuse (No. 15, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to radio cassette/radio cassette and CD player terminal 6. With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: MA • through 15A fuse (No. 10, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to radio cassette/radio cassette and CD player terminal (ii). Ground is supplied through the case of the radio cassette/radio cassette and CD player. When the system is on, audio signals are supplied: through radio cassette/radio cassette and CD player terminals ①, ②, ③, ④, ⑬, ⑯ and ⑯ to the front and rear speakers. LC EC FE CL MIT AT FA RA BR ST RS BT

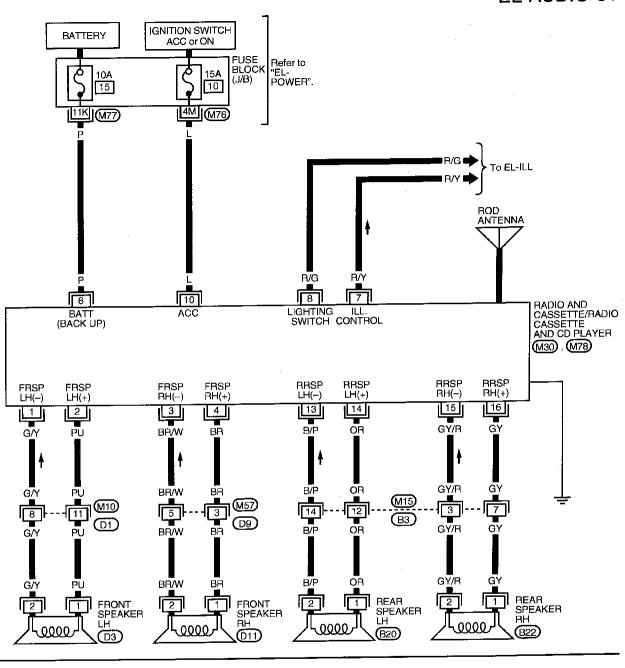
EL

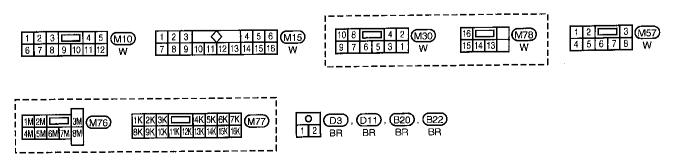
AH

IDX

Wiring Diagram -AUDIO-

EL-AUDIO-01





AUDIO

Trouble Diagnoses

RADIO

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Radio inoperative (no digital display and no sound from speakers).	1. 15A fuse 2. Poor radio case ground 3. Radio	1. Check 15A fuse (No. 10, located in fuse block [J/B]). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 0 of radio. 2. Check radio case ground. 3. Remove radio for repair.
Radio controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	Radio output Radio	Check radio output voltages. Remove radio for repair.
Radio presets are lost when ignition switch is turned OFF.	1. 10A fuse 2. Radio	Check 10A fuse (No. 15, located in fuse block [J/B]) and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 6 of radio. Remove radio for repair.
Rear speakers are inoperative.	Radio output Radio	Check radio output voltages. Remove radio for repair.
Front speakers are inoperative.	Radio output Radio	Check radio ouput voltages. Remove radio for repair.
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	Speaker Radio output Speaker circuit Radio	 Check speaker. Check radio output voltages. Check wires for open or short between radio and speaker. Remove radio for repair.
AM stations are weak or noisy (FM stations OK).	Antenna Poor radio ground Radio	Check antenna. Check radio ground. Remove radio for repair.
FM stations are weak or noisy (AM stations OK).	1. Antenna 2. Radio	Check antenna. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with engine running.	 Poor radio ground Loose or missing ground bonding straps. Ignition condenser Generator Ignition coil or secondary wiring Radio 	 Check radio ground. Check ground bonding straps. Replace ignition condenser. Check generator. Check ignition coil and secondary wiring. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with accesso- ries on (switch pops and motor noise).	Poor radio ground Antenna Accessory ground Faulty accessory	Check radio ground. Check antenna. Check accessory ground. Replace accessory.

ST

G

RS

BT

HA

EL

AUDIO

Inspection

SPEAKER

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness connector.
- 2. Measure the resistance between speaker terminals ① and ②.
- The resistance should be 2-4 Ω .
- 3. Using jumper wires, momentarily connect a 9V battery between speaker terminals ① and ②.
- A momentary hum or pop should be heard.

ANTENNA

Using a jumper wire, clip an auxiliary ground between antenna and body.

- If reception improves, check antenna ground (at body surface).
- If reception does not improve, check main feeder cable for short circuit or open circuit.

RADIO

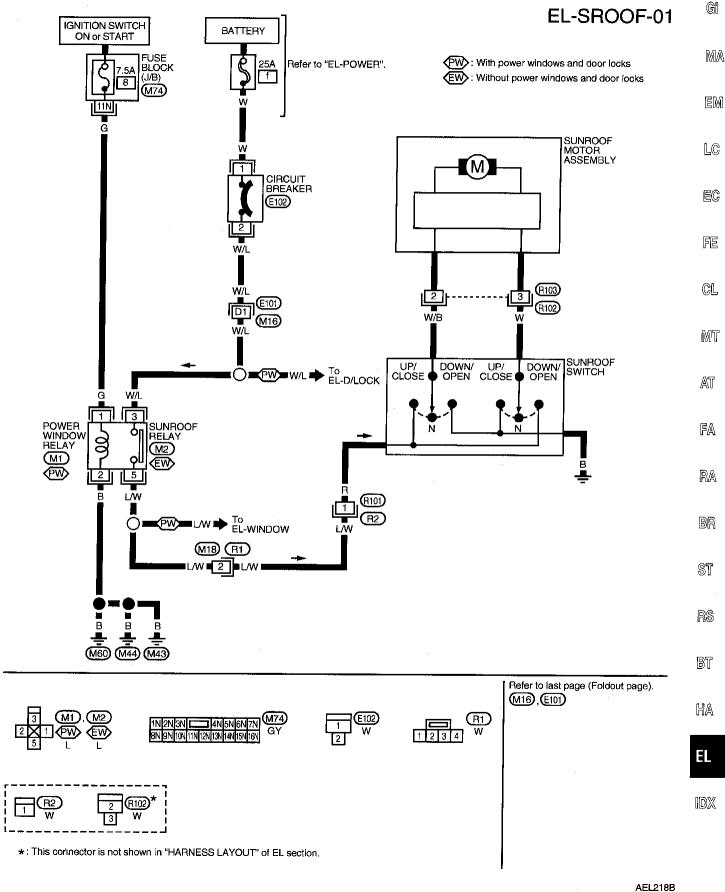
All voltage inspections are made with:

- Ignition switch ON or ACC
- Radio ON
- Radio connected (If removed for inspection, supply a ground to the case using a jumper wire.)

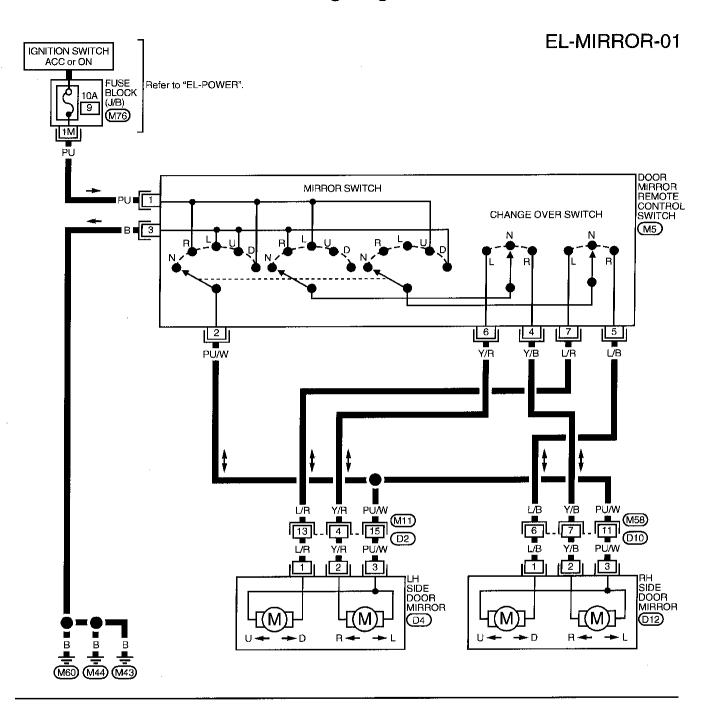
Radio voltages

Terminal	Voltage (V)	
1	5 - 7.5	
2	5 - 7.5	
3	5 - 7.5	
4	5 - 7.5	
6	10.8 - 15.6	
7	-	
8	-	
9		
10	10.8 - 15.6	
11	_	
12	<u>-</u>	
13	5 - 7.5	
14	5 - 7.5	
15	5 - 7.5	
16	5 - 7.5	

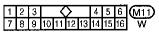
Wiring Diagram -SROOF-

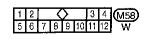


Wiring Diagram -MIRROR-

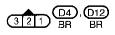




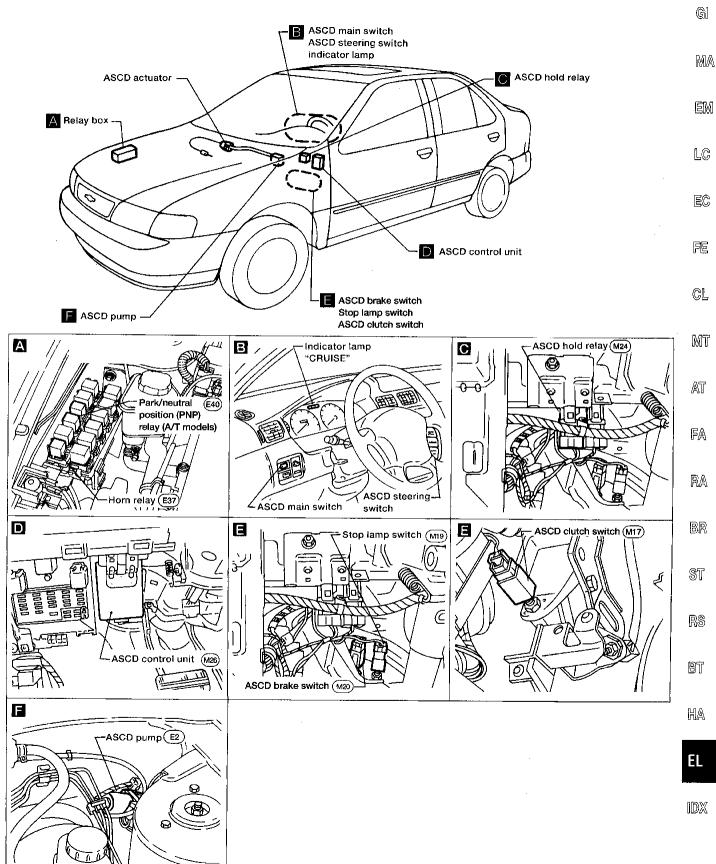








Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



AEL045C

System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.

When the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 7.5A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to ASCD main switch terminal ① and
- to ASCD brake switch terminal (1) (with A/T)
- to ASCD hold relay terminal (5) (with M/T), (7) (with A/T).

When ASCD main switch is in the ON position, power is supplied:

- from ASCD main switch terminal ③
- to ASCD hold relay terminal (1).

Ground is supplied:

- to ASCD hold relay terminal ②
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

With power and ground is supplied, ASCD hold relay is energized. And then power is supplied:

- from ASCD hold relay terminal ③ (with M/T), ⑥ (with A/T)
- to ASCD control unit terminal ④
- to ASCD main switch terminal ② and
- to ASCD clutch switch terminal ① (with M/T).

After the ASCD main switch is released, power remains supplied:

- to the coil circuit of ASCD hold relay
- through ASCD main switch terminals ② and ③.

This power supply is kept until one of following conditions exists.

- Ignition switch is returned to the ACC or OFF position.
- ASCD main switch is turned to OFF position.

During ASCD hold relay is energized power is also supplied to ASCD control unit terminal (5)

- through ASCD clutch switch and ASCD brake switch (with M/T) or
- through ASCD brake switch, ASCD hold relay and park/neutral position (PNP) relay (with A/T).
 Ground is supplied:
- to ASCD control unit terminal ③
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

Inputs

At this point, the system is ready to activate or deactivate, based on inputs from the following:

- speedometer in the combination meter
- stop lamp switch
- ASCD steering switch
- park/neutral position (PNP) relay (with A/T)
- ASCD clutch switch (with M/T)
- ASCD brake switch.

A vehicle speed input is supplied:

- to ASCD control unit terminal ⑦
- from terminal (23) (21) of the combination meter.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuse (No. 14, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to stop lamp switch terminal ①.

When the brake pedal is depressed, power is supplied:

- from terminal ② of the stop lamp switch
- to ASCD control unit terminal ①.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 42, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to horn relay terminal ②
- through terminal ① of the horn relay
- to ASCD steering switch terminal 3.

When the SET/COAST button is depressed, power is supplied:

- from terminal ② of the ASCD steering switch
- to ASCD control unit terminal ②.

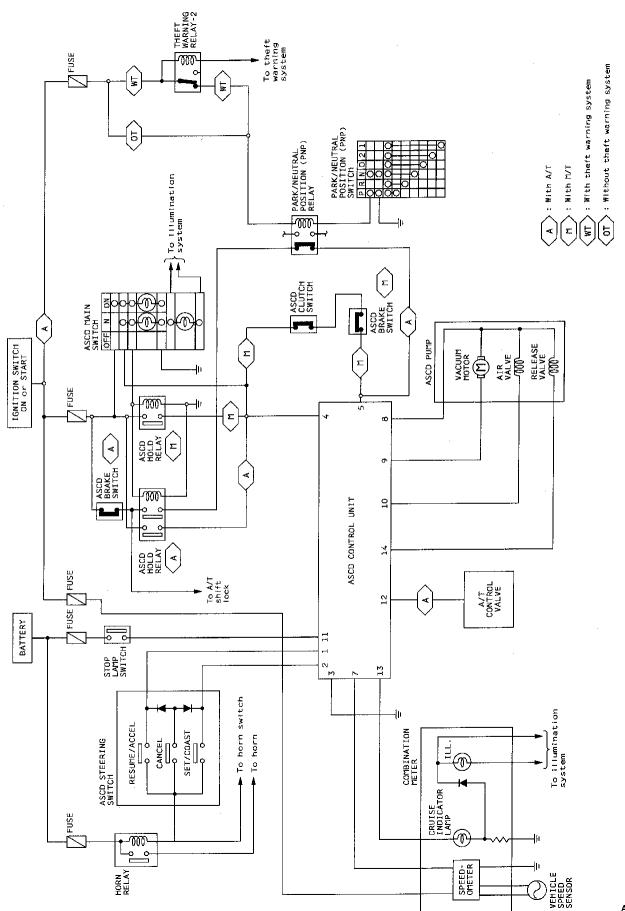
*: Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) System Description (Cont'd)

When the RESUME/ACCEL button is depressed, power is supplied:	
 from terminal ① of the ASCD steering switch to ASCD control unit terminal ①. 	
When the CANCEL button is depressed, power is supplied:	Gl
• to ASCD control unit terminals ① and ②.	
When the system is activated, power is supplied:	MA
• to ASCD control unit terminal ⑤.	0000
Power is interrupted when:	
• the selector lever is placed in "P" or "N" (with A/T) • the clutch padal is depressed (with M/T) or	
 the clutch pedal is depressed (with M/T) or the brake pedal is depressed. 	
Outputs	
•	LC
The ASCD pump controls the throttle drum via the ASCD wire based on inputs from the ASCD control	
unit. The ASCD pump consists of a vacuum motor, an air valve, and a release valve. Power is supplied:	EC
• from terminal (8) of the ASCD control unit	50
• to ASCD pump terminal ①.	
Ground is supplied to the vacuum motor:	FE
from terminal	
• to ASCD pump terminal 4.	
Ground is supplied to the air valve:	©L
• from terminal ⑩ of the ASCD control unit	
• to ASCD pump terminal ②.	MT
Ground is supplied to the release valve:	ט נוטט
• from terminal (4) of the ASCD control unit	
 to ASCD pump terminal ③. When the system is activated, power is supplied: 	AT
• from terminal (3) of the ASCD control unit	
• to combination meter terminal ② (②).	
Ground is supplied:	FA
• to combination meter terminal ② (28)	
• through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).	(C) (A)
With power and ground supplied, the CRUISE indicator illuminates.	RA
When vehicle speed is approximately 8 km/h (5 MPH) below set speed on A/T models, a signal is sent:	
 from terminal ① of the ASCD control unit 	BR
• to A/T control valve terminal ② (with A/T).	E U U
When this occurs, the transmission control module cancels overdrive.	
After vehicle speed is approximately 3 km/h (2 MPH) above set speed, overdrive is reactivated.	ST
*: Tarminal numbers in / .) are for madele without to show star	
*: Terminal numbers in () are for models without tachometer.	50
	RS
	BT
	HA

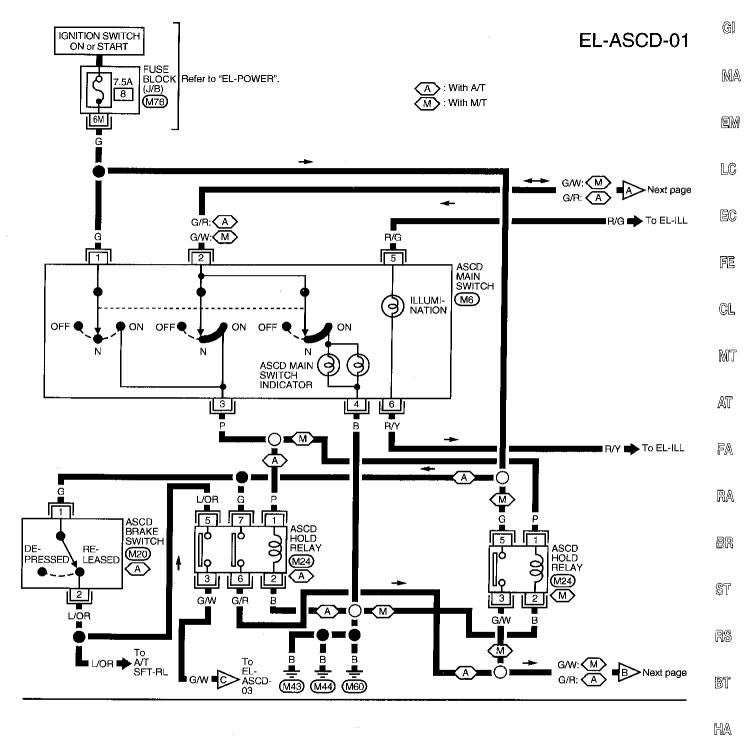
EL

Schematic



AEL040C

Wiring Diagram -ASCD-











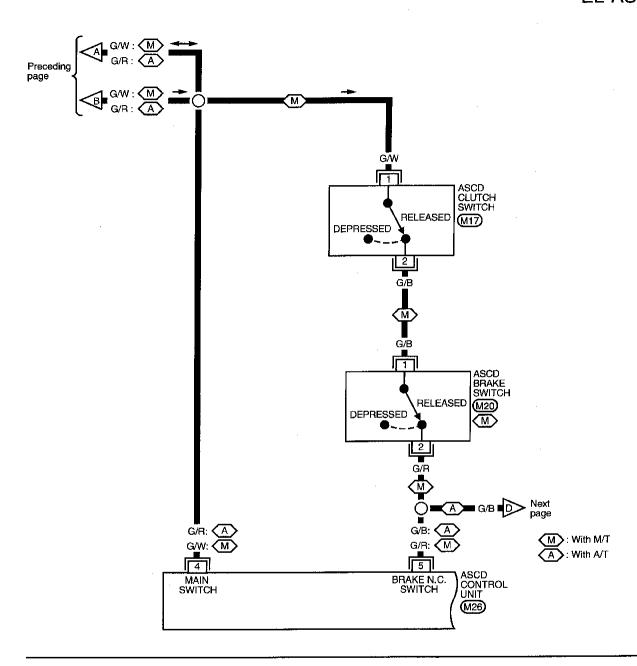


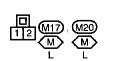


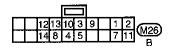
IDX

Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)

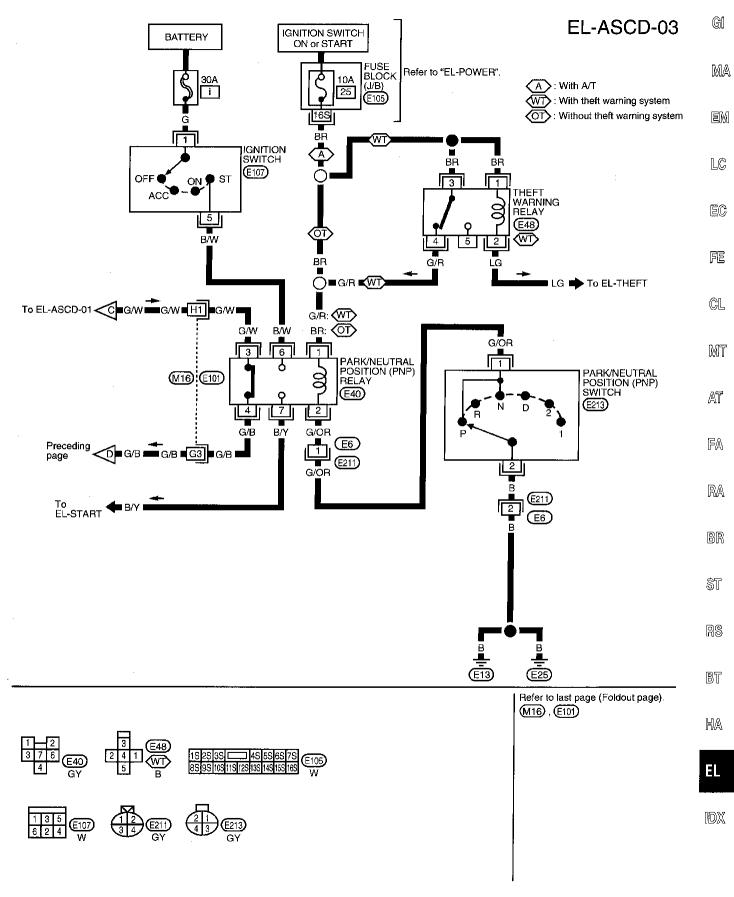
EL-ASCD-02



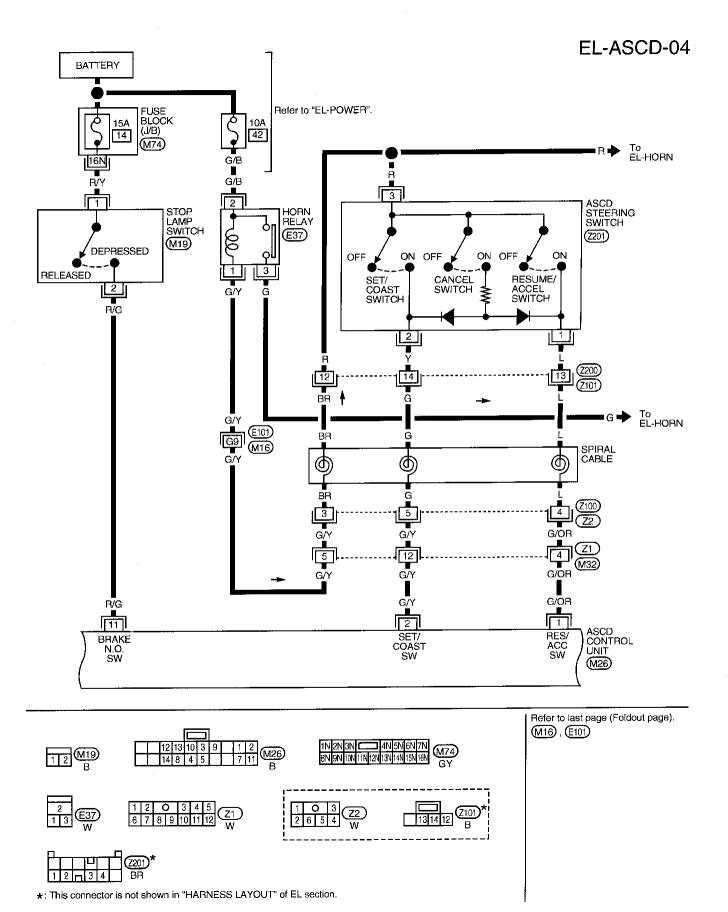




Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram –ASCD– (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)



G1

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

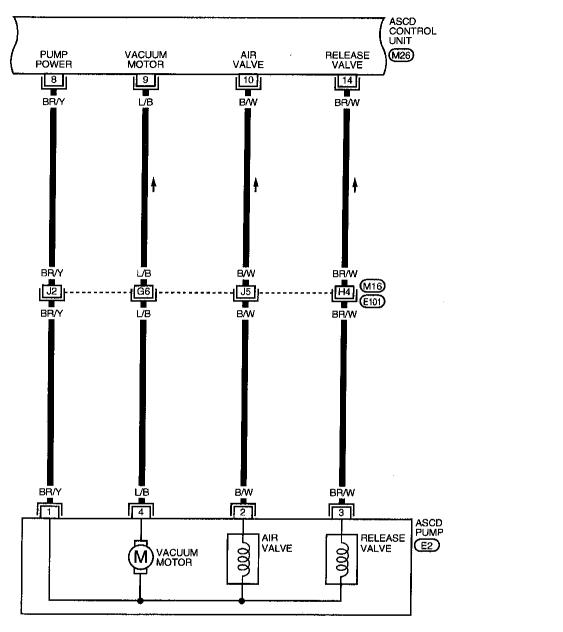
BR

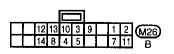
ST

RS

BT

MA







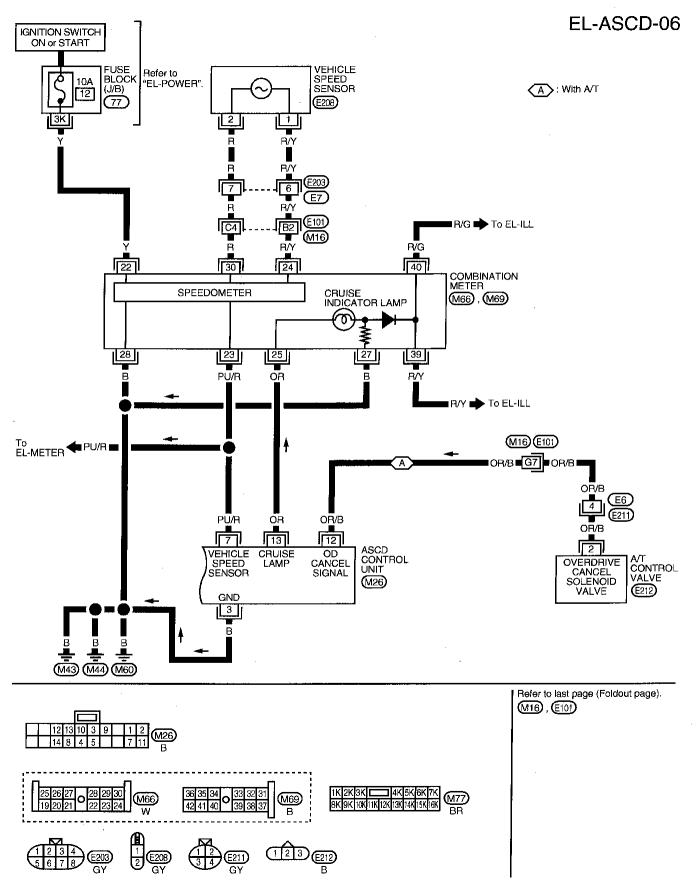
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

EL

IDX

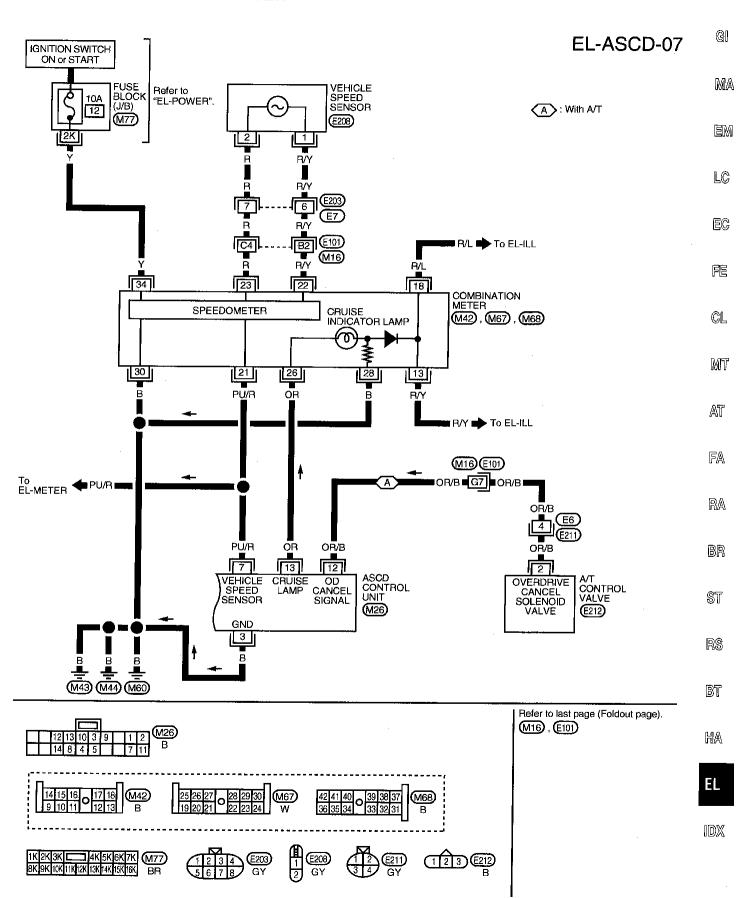
Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)

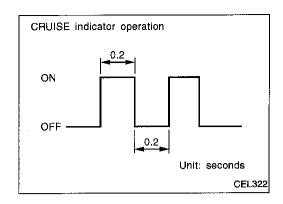
MODELS WITH TACHOMETER



Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)

MODELS WITHOUT TACHOMETER



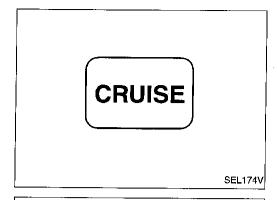


Fail-safe System Description

When the fail-safe system senses a malfunction, it deactivates ASCD operation. The CRUISE indicator in the combination meter will then flash.

MALFUNCTION DETECTION CONDITIONS

Detection conditions	ASCD operation during malfunction detection	
 ASCD steering (RESUME/ACCEL, CANCEL, SET/COAST) switch is stuck. Vacuum motor ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Air valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Release valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Vehicle speed sensor is faulty. ASCD control unit internal circuit is malfunctioning. 	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is canceled. 	
 ◆ ASCD brake switch or clutch switch is faulty. ◆ ASCD stop lamp switch is faulty. 	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is not canceled. 	



Fail-Safe System Check

Turn ignition switch ON.

Turn ASCD main switch to ON position and check if the "cruise indicator" blinks.

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following.

ASCD steering switch. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE 5" (EL-162).

MA

EM

LС

EC



SEL767P

Drive the vehicle at more than 48 km/h (30 MPH) and push SET/COAST switch.

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following:

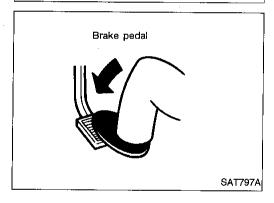
Vehicle speed sensor. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE 6" (EL-163).

ASCD pump circuit. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FE 7" (EL-164).

Replace control unit.

CL.

MT



Depress brake pedal slowly (brake pedal should be depressed more than 5 seconds).

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following:

ASCD clutch switch and ASCD brake/stop lamp switch.

AT

Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4" (EL-161).

FA RA

5. END. (System is OK.)

ST

BR

RS

BT

HA

ΈL

Trouble Diagnoses

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE			<u>,,</u> _	Diagnostic procedure		1			
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-157	EL-159	EL-159	EL-160	EL-161	EL-162	EL-163	EL-164	EL-165
SYMPTOM	Fail-safe system check	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (ASCD MAIN SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (ASCD HOLD RELAY CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (ASCD CLUTCH AND BRAKE/STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 (VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7 (ASCD PUMP CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (ASCD ACTUATOR/PUMP CHECK)
ASCD cannot be set. ("CRUISE"	Fajj.	X (PO)	X (ASC	X (AS(DIA(× DIAGNO	X (VEI	DIA (AS	DIA (AS
indicator lamp does not blink.)									<u></u>
ASCD cannot to be set. ("CRUISE" indicator lamp blinks.*1)	×				×	X	X	×	
Vehicle speed does not decrease after SET/COAST switch has been pressed.						х			х
Vehicle speed does not return to the set speed after RESUME/ACCEL switch has been pressed.*2						х			X
Vehicle speed does not increase after RESUME/ACCEL switch has been pressed.						×	<u></u>		x
System is not released after CANCEL switch (steering) has been pressed.						x			X
Large difference between set speed and actual vehicle speed.						·			Х
Deceleration is greatest immediately after ASCD has been set.									Х

X: Applicable

^{*1:} It indicates that system is in fail-safe. After completing diagnostic procedures, perform "Fail-Safe System Check" (EL-157) to verify repairs.

^{*2:} If vehicle speed is greater than 48 km/h (30 MPH) after system has been released, pressing RESUME/ACCEL switch returns vehicle speed to the set speed previously achieved. However, doing so when the ASCD main switch is turned to "OFF", vehicle speed will not return to the set speed since the memory is canceled.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 A ASCD control unit connector (M26) (POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK) G NG 1. Turn ignition switch ON. Go to DIAGNOSTIC PRO-<м>: g/w 2. Turn ASCD main switch ON to make CEDURE 2 (ASCD MAIN sure indicators illuminate. SWITCH CHECK). MA ОK A: With A/T А EM M>: With M/T NG **CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR** Go to DIAGNOSTIC PRO-AEL307B ASCD CONTROL UNIT. CEDURE 3 (ASCD HOLD LC В 1. Disconnect ASCD control unit connec-RELAY CIRCUIT CHECK), ASCD control unit connector (M26) EL-160. 2. Turn ignition switch ON. EC 3. Turn ASCD main switch ON. 4. Check voltage between ASCD control unit terminal 4 and body ground. FE Battery voltage should exist. Ω Refer to wiring diagram, EL-150 OK CL В AEL712A NG CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR ASCD Repair harness. Mi CONTROL UNIT. Check continuity between ASCD control unit terminal (3) and body ground. AT Refer to wiring diagram, EL-154 (models with tachometer), EL-155 (models without tachometer). FA OK Power supply and ground circuit is OK. RA BR **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2** ASCD main switch (ASCD MAIN SWITCH CHECK) connector ST (M6) **CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR ASCD** NG Check the following. MAIN SWITCH. RS 7.5A fuse [(No. 8], 1. Disconnect main switch connector. located in the fuse block 2. Measure voltage between main switch (J/B)] terminals (1) and (4). Harness for open or BT Battery voltage should exist. short between fuse and Refer to wiring diagram, EL-149 AEL713A ASCD main switch. Ground circuit for ASCD HA OK main switch EL NG Check ASCD main switch. Refer to

IDX

Replace ASCD main

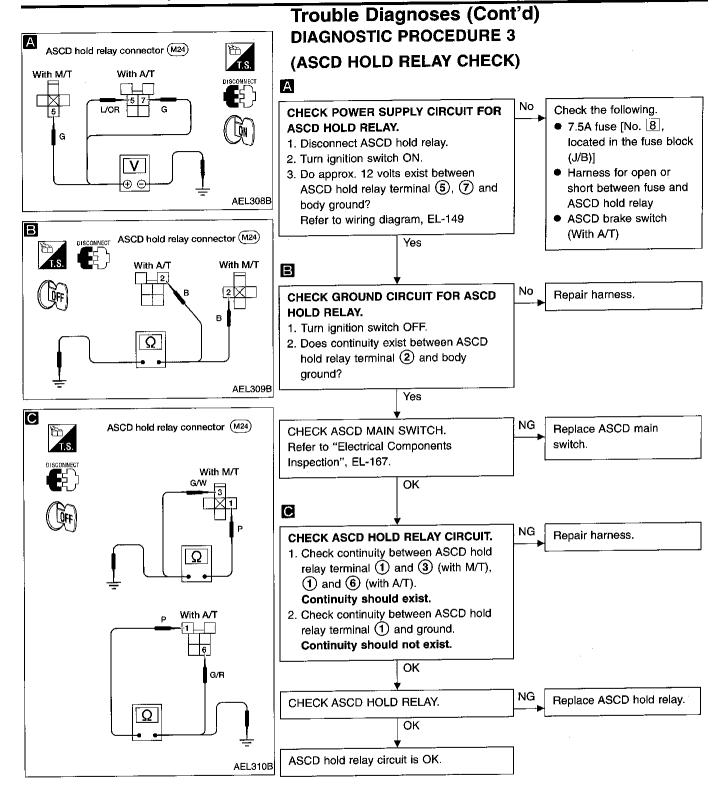
switch.

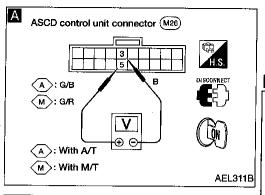
OK

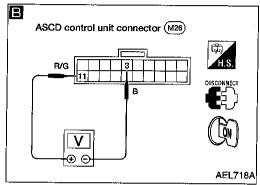
Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (ASCD HOLD RELAY CIRCUIT CHECK).

EL-167.

Refer to EL-160.







Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4

(ASCD CLUTCH AND BRAKE/STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK)



CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH CIRCUIT.

- Disconnect ASCD control unit connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn ASCD main switch ON.
- Measure voltage between ASCD control unit connector terminals (5) and (3).

When brake pedal or clutch pedal (M/T) is depressed or A/T selector lever is in "N" or "P" position:

Approx. 0V

When brake pedal and clutch pedal (M/T) are released or A/T selector lever is in any position other than "N" or "P":

OK

Battery voltage should exist. Refer to wiring diagram, EL-150 Check the following.

- 7.5A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- ASCD brake switch Refer to EL-167
- ASCD clutch switch (M/T models)

Refer to EL-167

- Park/neutral position (PNP) switch (A/T models)
 Refer to EL-168
- ASCD hold relay
 Refer to EL-7
- Park/neutral position (PNP) relay (A/T models)
 Refer to EL-7
 - Harness for open or short.

В

CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT.

- Disconnect ASCD control unit connector.
- 2. Check voltage between ASCD control unit terminals (1) and (3).

Cond	dition	Voltage [V]
Stop lamp	Depressed	Approx. 12
switch	0	

Refer to wiring diagram, EL-152

OK

ASCD clutch and brake/stop lamp switch circuit is OK.

Check the following.

NG

- 15A fuse (No. 14, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- Harness for open or short between ASCD control unit and stop lamp switch
- Stop lamp switch Refer to EL-167.

RA

 \mathbb{G}

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

BR

ST

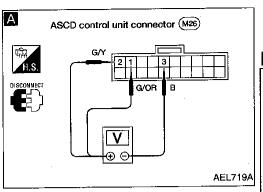
RS

BT

HA

EL

unit harness terminals.



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)

CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH CIR-CUIT FOR ASCD CONTROL UNIT.

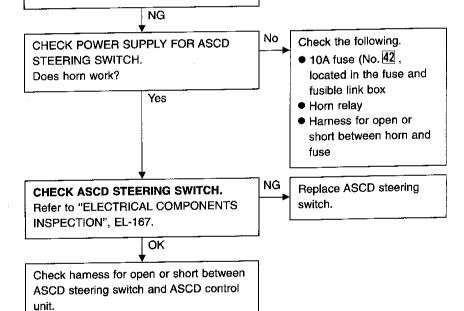
1. Disconnect ASCD control unit connector.

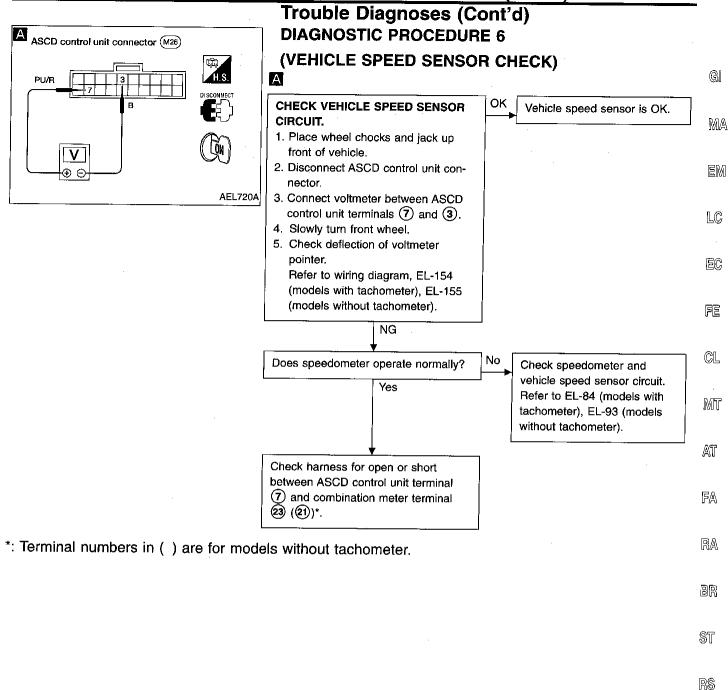
2. Check voltage between ASCD control

ASCD steering switch is OK.

Terminal No. Switch condition Pressed Released \oplus SET/ 2 (3) 12V 0V COAST SW RESUME/ 3 (1) 12V oν ACC SW **②** 3 12V oν CANCEL 3 0٧ **①** 12V

Refer to wiring diagram, EL-152



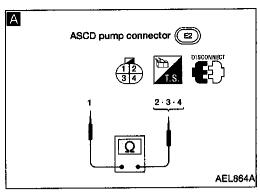


1375

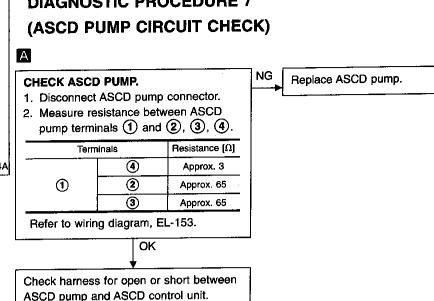
BT

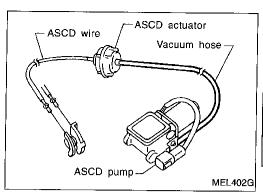
HA

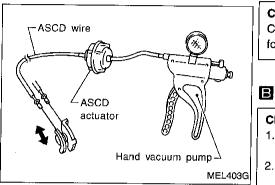
IDX

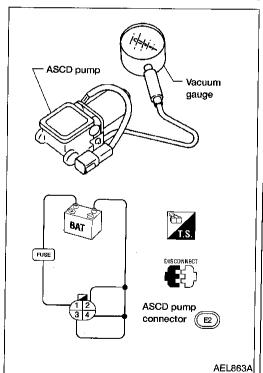


Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7**









Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (ASCD ACTUATOR/PUMP CHECK)

NG

NG

NG

Repair or replace hose.

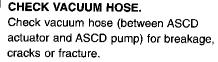
Repair or replace wire.

Refer to "ASCD Wire

Adjustment", EL-166.

Replace ASCD actuator.

Α



OK

CHECK ASCD WIRE.

Check wire for improper installation, rust formation or breaks.

ОК

CHECK ASCD ACTUATOR.

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose from ASCD actuator.
- Apply -40 kPa (-0.400 bar, -0.41 kg/cm², -5.8 psi) vacuum to ASCD actuator with hand vacuum pump.

ASCD wire should move to pull throttle drum.

Wait 10 seconds and check for decrease in vacuum pressure.

Vacuum pressure decrease: Less than 2.7 kPa (0.0270 bar, 0.028 kg/cm², 0.39 psi)

OK

С

CHECK ASCD PUMP.

- Disconnect vacuum hose from ASCD pump and ASCD pump connector.
- 2. If necessary remove ASCD pump.
- Connect vacuum gauge to ASCD pump.
- 4. Apply 12V direct current to ASCD pump and check operation.

⊖)	Operation
(3		
(2)	Close
3	•	Close
)	Operate
	(4)	4

A vacuum pressure of at least -35 kPa (-0.350 bar, -0.36 kg/cm², -5.1 psi) should be generated.

OK

ASCD actuator/pump is OK.

Replace ASCD pump.

1377

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

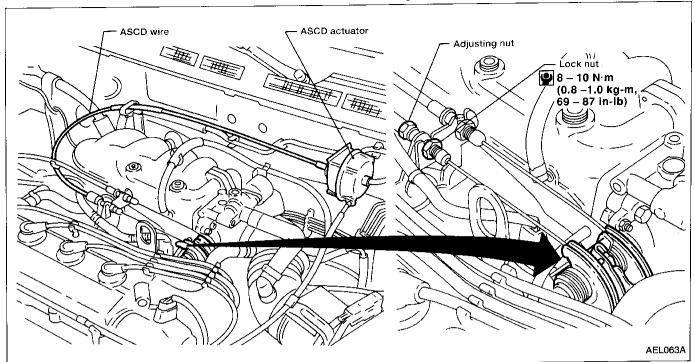
ST

RS

BT

MA

ASCD Wire Adjustment



CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist ASCD wire when removing it.
- Do not overly tighten ASCD wire during adjustment.

Confirm that accelerator wire is properly adjusted.

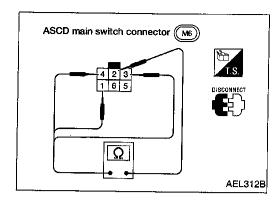
 For accelerator cable adjustment, refer to FE section ("Adjusting Accelerator Cable", "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM").

Adjust the ASCD wire as follows:

- 1. Loosen lock nut and tighten adjusting nut until throttle drum starts to move.
- 2. From that position turn back adjusting nut 0.5 to 1 turn, and secure lock nut.

(This prevents a delay in the operation of the ASCD.)

 For ASCD clutch and brake switch adjustment, refer to BR and CL sections "Adjustment", "BRAKE PEDAL AND BRACKET" and "Adjusting Clutch Pedal", "INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT".

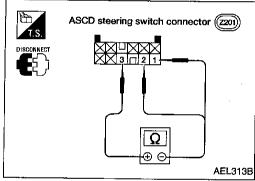


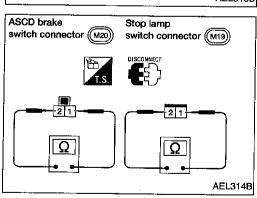
Electrical Component Inspection

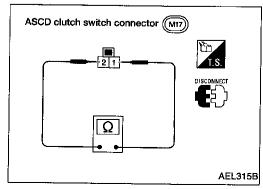
ASCD MAIN SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals by pushing switch to each position.

Switch position	Terminal					
Switch position	1	2	3	4	5	6
ON	0	0	-	<u>9-0</u>		
N		0	-00	•) •	1L	. L .
OFF						







ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals by pushing each button.

	7 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Button	Terminal
Bullon	3 2 1
SET/COAST	0 0
RESUME/ACCEL	0
CANCEL	0 10
CANCEL	0

ASCD BRAKE SWITCH AND STOP LAMP SWITCH

	Continuity			
Condition	ASCD brake switch	Stop lamp switch		
When brake pedal is depressed	No	Yes		
When brake pedal is released	Yes	No		

Check each switch after adjusting brake pedal — refer to BR section "Adjustment", "BRAKE PEDAL AND BRACKET".

ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH (FOR M/T MODELS)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is depressed	No
When clutch pedal is released	Yes

Check switch after adjusting clutch pedal — refer to CL section "Adjusting Clutch Pedal", "INSPECTION AND ADJUST-MENT".

Gi

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

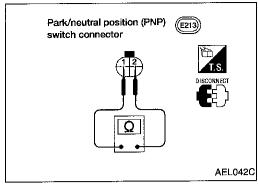
ST

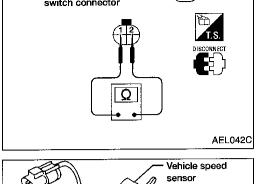
RS

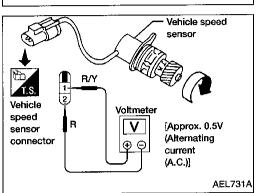
EL



EL-167







Electrical Component Inspection (Cont'd) PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION (PNP) SWITCH (FOR A/T **MODELS)**

Olaita Lavora non-litora	Terminal			
Shift lever position	1	2		
"P"	0			
"N"	0	0		
Except "N" or "P"				

VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

- Remove vehicle speed sensor from transaxle.

 Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly and measure voltage across terminals 2 and 1.

System Description

Dower is complied at all the con-	
Power is supplied at all times: • from 25A fusible link (letter f, located in the fuse and fusible link box) • to circuit breaker terminal 1	GI
 through circuit breaker terminal ② to power window relay terminal ③. With the ignition switch in ON or START position, power is supplied: 	M/
 from 7.5A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to power window relay terminal 1. 	EN
Ground is supplied to power window relay terminal ②: • through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60). The power window relay is energized and power is supplied:	LC
 through terminal (5) of the power window relay to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (7) to power window switch (front RH) terminal (4) 	EC
 to power window switch (rear LH) terminal 4, and to power window switch (rear RH) terminal 4. 	FE
MANUAL OPERATION	
Front door LH	CL
Ground is supplied: ■ to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ① ■ through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60). WINDOW UP	MT
When the main power window switch front LH is pressed in the UP position, power is supplied: to front power window regulator LH terminal ② through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ⑥.	AT
Ground is supplied: to front power window regulator LH terminal 1 through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal 2.	FA
Then, the motor raises the window until the switch is released. WINDOW DOWN	RA
 When the main power window switch front LH is pressed in the DOWN position, power is supplied: to front power window regulator LH terminal ① through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ②. 	BR
Ground is supplied: to front power window regulator LH terminal ② through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ⑥.	ST
Then, the motor lowers the window until the switch is released. Front door RH	RS
Ground is supplied:	BT
 to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ① through body grounds M43 , M44 M60 . NOTE: 	
Numbers in parentheses are terminal numbers, when power window switch is pressed in the UP and DOWN positions respectively.	MA
MAIN SWITCH OPERATION Power is supplied: through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (⑫, ⑧)	EL
 to power window switch (front RH) terminal (⑤, ②). The subsequent operation is the same as the power window switch operation. POWER WINDOW SWITCH OPERATION 	IDX
Power is supplied:	
 through power window switch (front RH) terminal (⑥, ③) to power window regulator (front RH) terminal (②, ①). 	

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System Description (Cont'd)

Ground	is	sup	plied:
--------	----	-----	--------

- to power window regulator (front RH) terminal (1), 2)
- through power window switch (front RH) terminal (3, 6)
- to power window switch (front RH) terminal (2, 5)
- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (®, ®).

Then, the motor raises or lowers the window until the switch is released.

Rear door LH

Ground is supplied:

- to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ①
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

NOTE:

Numbers in parentheses are terminal numbers, when power window switch is pressed in the UP and DOWN positions respectively.

MAIN SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied:

- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (14), 13)
- to power window switch (rear LH) terminal (5, 2).

The subsequent operation is the same as the power window switch operation.

POWER WINDOW SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied:

- through power window switch (rear LH) terminal (6, 3)
- to power window regulator (rear LH) terminal (2), ①).

Ground is supplied:

- to front power window regulator (rear LH) terminal (①, ②)
- through power window switch (rear LH) terminal (3, 6)
- to power window switch (rear LH) terminal (2), 5)
- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (13, 14).

Then, the motor raises or lowers the window until the switch is released.

Rear door RH

Ground is supplied:

- to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ①
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

NOTE:

Numbers in parentheses are terminal numbers, when power window switch is pressed in the UP and DOWN positions respectively.

MAIN SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied:

- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (16), 15)
- to power window switch (rear RH) terminal (5, 2).

The subsequent operation is the same as the power window switch operation.

POWER WINDOW SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied:

- through power window switch (rear RH) terminal (6, 3)
- to power window regulator (rear RH) terminal (2), 1).

Ground is supplied:

- to front power window regulator (rear RH) terminal (①, ②)
- through power window switch (rear RH) terminal (3, 6)
- to power window switch (rear RH) terminal (2, 5)
- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (15), 16)

Then, the motor raises or lowers the window until the switch is released.

System Description (Cont'd)

AUTO OPERATION

The AUTO feature enables the driver to lower the driver's window without holding the window switch down.

The AUTO feature only operates on the driver's window downward movement.

When the main power window switch (front LH) is pressed and released in the AUTO position, ground signal is supplied:

- to front power window regulator LH terminal ②
- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal **(6)**. Power is supplied:
- to front power window regulator LH terminal (1)
- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (2).

Then, the front door LH window will travel to the fully open position.

POWER WINDOW LOCK

The power window lock is designed to lock operation of all windows except the driver's door window. When the lock switch is pressed to the lock position, ground for the power window switches is disconnected in the main power window and door lock/unlock switch. This prevents the power window motors from operating.

BT

GI

MA

屋M

LC

EC

FE

CL

MIT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

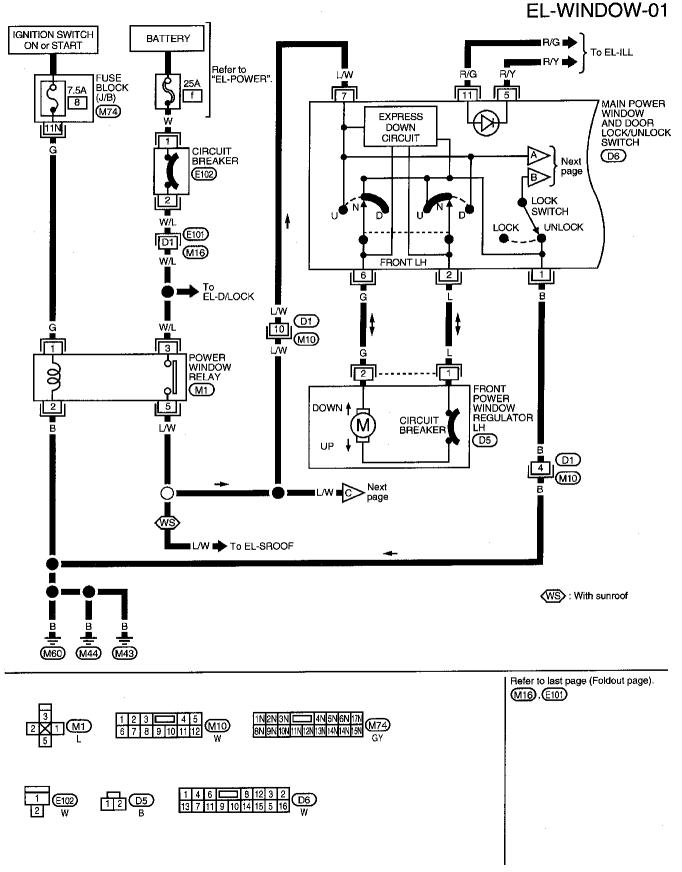
RS

.....

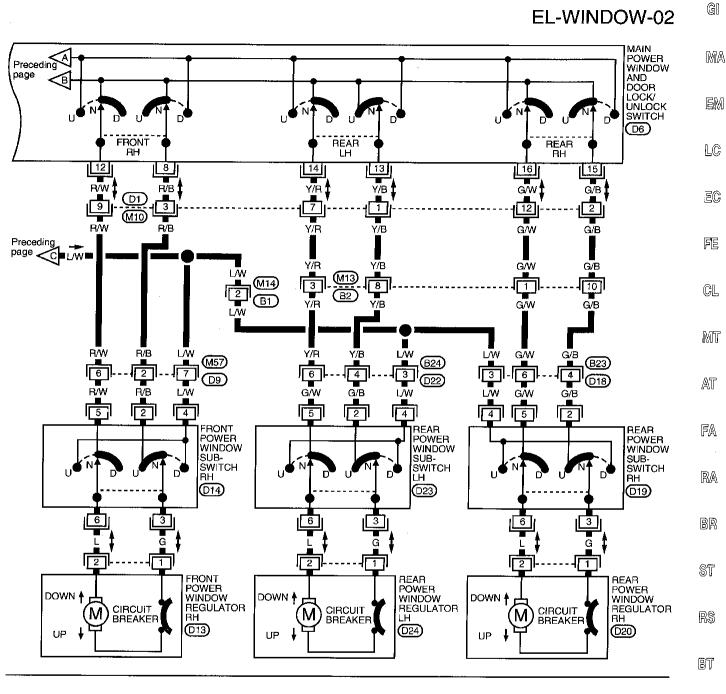
MA

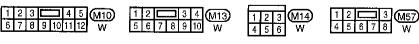
IDX

Wiring Diagram -WINDOW-

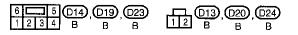


Wiring Diagram -WINDOW- (Cont'd)









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EL

DX

Trouble Diagnoses

II odbio Biagliosso		
Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
None of the power windows can be operated from any switch.	7.5A fuse and 25A fusible link and circuit breaker.	1. Check 7.5A fuse (No. 8, located in fuse block [J/B] and 25A fusible link (letter f, located in the fuse and fusible link box) and the circuit breaker. Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 7 of main power window switch and terminal 4 of any other switches.
	2. Grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).	2. Check grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).
	3. Power window relay.	3. Check power window relay.
	Open/short in main power window and door lock/unlock switch circuit.	Check L/W wire between power window relay and main power window door lock/unlock switch for open/short circuit.
Driver side power window cannot be operated but other windows can be operated.	Driver side (front LH) power window motor circuit.	Check harness between main power window switch and front power window regulator LH for open or short.
	Driver side (front LH) power window motor.	Check driver side (front LH) power window regulator.
One or more passenger power windows cannot be operated.	Power window switches (front RH, rear LH and RH).	Check power window switches (front RH, rear LH and RH).
	Power window motors (front RH, rear LH and RH).	Check power window regulators (front RH, rear LH and RH).
	Main power window and door lock/ unlock switch.	Check main power window and door lock/unlock switch.
	4. Power window circuits.	Check harnesses between main power window and door lock/unlock switch and power window switches and regulators for open/short circuits.
One or more passenger power windows can- not be operated by main switch but can be operated by passenger's switches.	Main power window and door lock/unlock switch.	Check main power window and door lock/unlock switch.

POWER DOOR LOCK

System Description

Power is supplied at all times:	
	GI
through circuit breaker terminal ②	MA
 through 10A fuse [No. 15], located in the fuse block (J/B)] 	EM
• to smart entrance control unit terminal 10	LC
INPUT	r R
ignition key is inserted in the key switch. Ground is supplied:	EC
 through front RH door switch terminal ① when front RH door is open to smart entrance control unit terminal 35. 	FE
 Ground is supplied: through body grounds (B14) and (B17) to front LH door switch terminal (3) 	CL
 through front LH door switch terminal ② when front LH door is open to smart entrance control unit terminal ⑤. 	MT
 Ground is supplied: through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60) through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (1) (when switch is pressed in lock 	AT
or unlock position)	FA
Ground is supplied from door lock/unlock switch RH in the same manner as main power window and door lock/unlock switch.	RA
 With theft warning system, ground is supplied: through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60) through front LH or RH door key cylinder switch terminal (4) when door key cylinder is BETWEEN 	BR
FULL STROKE AND N (to unlock position) from front LH door key cylinder switch terminal ② or front RH door key cylinder switch terminal ①	ST
With theft warning system, ground is supplied: ◆ through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60)	
• through front LH or RH door key cylinder switch terminal ④ when door key cylinder is BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N (to lock position)	RS
 from front LH door key cylinder switch terminal ① or front RH door key cylinder switch terminal ② to smart entrance control unit terminal ③. 	BT
With theft warning system, ground is supplied: ■ through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60) ■ through door unlock sensor (in the front LH or RH door lock actuator) terminal ② when door lock is in UNLOCKED position	HA
• from door unlock sensor (in the front I.H. or PH door look actuator) terminal (i)	ΞL

POWER DOOR LOCK

System Description (Cont'd)

OUTPUT

Unlock

Power is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal 3
- to front door lock actuator LH terminal ①.

Power is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal ②
- to all other door lock actuators terminal (1).

Ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal 4
- to all door lock actuators terminal 3.

With power and ground supplied, the door lock actuators move to the unlocked position.

Lock

Power is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal 4
- to all door lock actuators terminal ③.

Ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal 3
- to front door lock actuator LH terminal ①.

Ground is supplied:

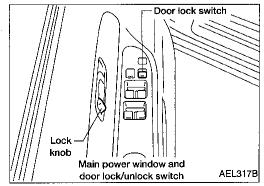
- from smart entrance control unit terminal ②
- to all other door lock actuators terminal ①.

With power and ground supplied, the door lock actuators move to the locked position.

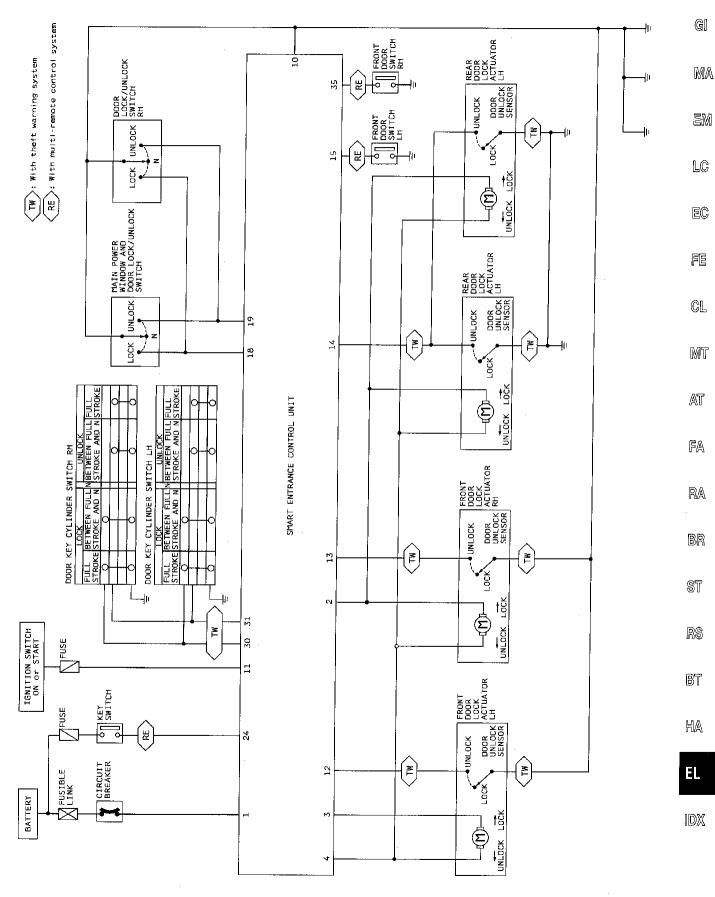
Models with multi-remote control system OPERATION

- The lock and unlock switch on driver's door trim can lock and unlock all doors.
- With the lock knob on front LH or RH door set to LOCKED, all doors are locked (signal from door unlock sensor). Only on vehicles equipped with Theft Warning System.
- With the door key inserted in the key cylinder on front LH or RH door, turning it to LOCK will lock all doors; turning it to UNLOCK once unlocks the corresponding door; turning it to UNLOCK again within 5 seconds after the first unlock operation unlocks all of the other doors (signal from front door key cylinder switch). Only on vehicles equipped with Theft Warning System.

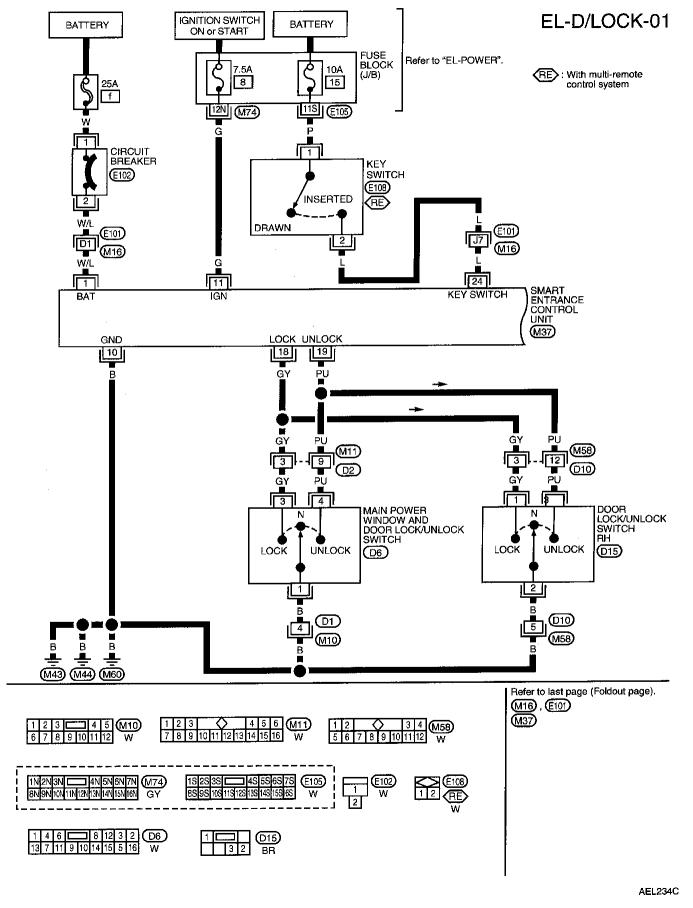
However, if the ignition key is in the ignition key cylinder and one or more of the front doors are open, setting the lock and unlock switch, lock knob, or the door key to LOCK locks the doors once but then immediately unlocks them (combination signals from key switch, front LH or RH door switch and front LH or RH door unlock sensor). — (KEY REMINDER DOOR SYSTEM)



Schematic

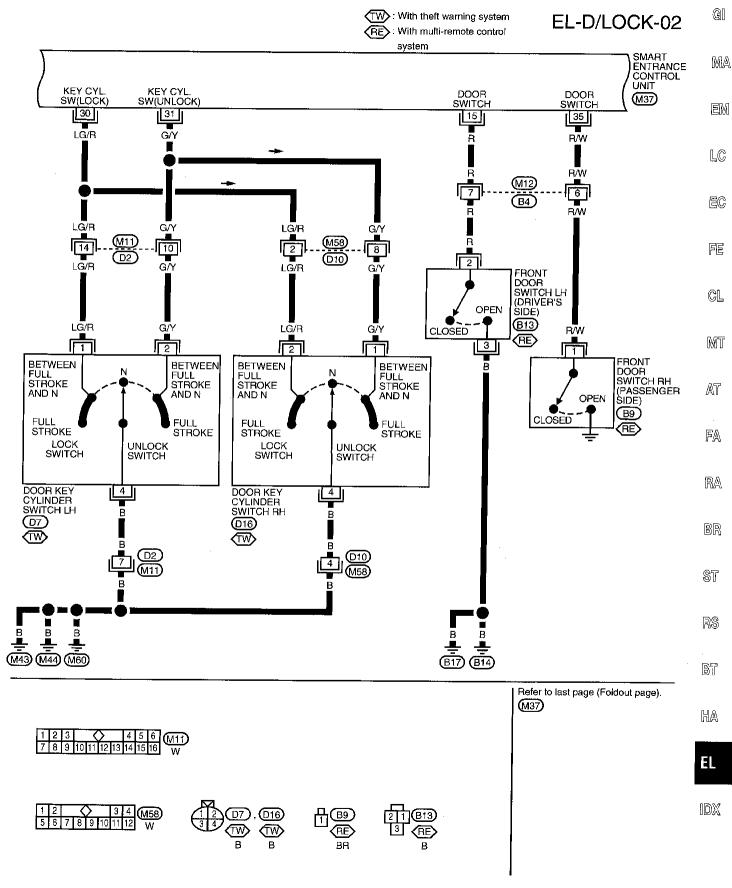


Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK-



POWER DOOR LOCK

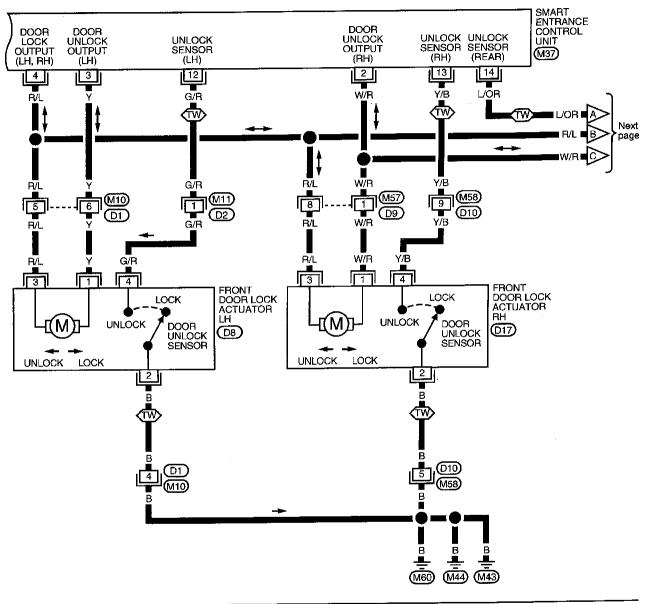
Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK- (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-03

TW: With theft warning system



1 2 3 4 5 M10 1 2 3 4 5 6 M11 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 W 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 W 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 W 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 W 7 8 9 10 11 12 W 1 2 GY GY

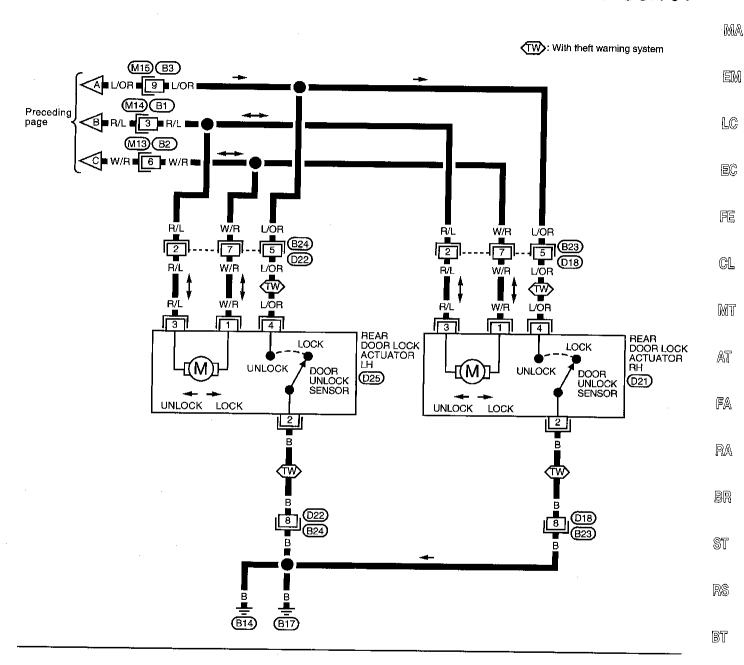
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

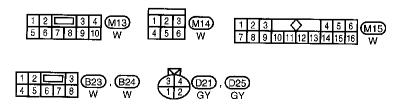
AEL235C

Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK- (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-04

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IDX

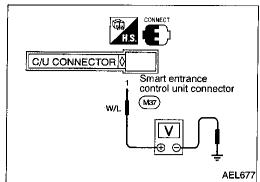
Trouble Diagnoses

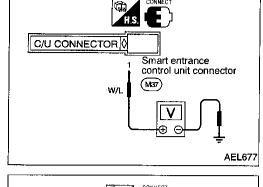
SYMPTOM CHART

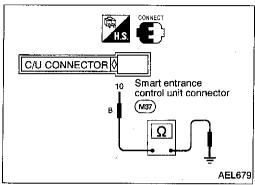
PROCEDURE	and grou	ver supply and circuit eck			Diagnostic	procedure	9	
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-183	EL-183	EL-184	EL-185	EL-186	EL-187	EL-188	EL-189
SYMPTOM	Main power supply for smart entrance control unit	Ground circuit for smart entrance control unit	Procedure 1 (Front door switch check)	Procedure 2 [Key switch (insert) check]	Procedure 3 (Door lock/unlock switch check)	Procedure 4 (with theft warning system) (Front door key cylinder switch check)	Procedure 5 (with theft warning system) (Front door unlock sensor check)	Procedure 6 (Door lock actuator check)
Key reminder door system does not operate properly (with multi-remote control system).	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	х
One or more doors are not locked and/or unlocked.	х	х					X	Х
Lock & unlock switch does not operate.	х	×	-		х			
None of the doors unlock when operating front door key cylinder switch (with theft warning system).	х	х				X	×	
None of the doors lock when operating front door knob lock switch (with theft warning system).	Х	х					Х	

X: Applicable

Perform "Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with power door lock diagnostic procedure.







Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT **CHECK**

Main power supply circuit check

Terminal		Ignition switch		
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON
1	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage

Ground circuit check

Terminals	Continuity
10 - Ground	Yes

Gl

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

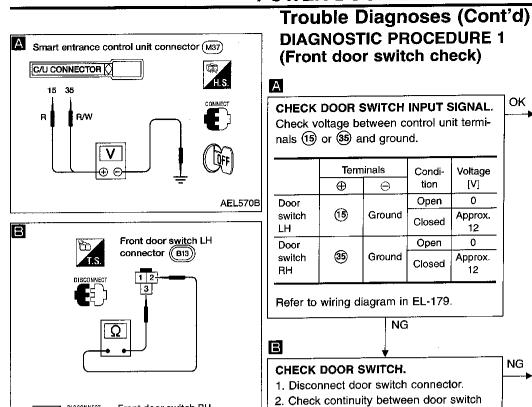
BR

ST

RS

BT

HA



Front door switch RH

connector (B9)

Replace door switch.

Door switch is OK.

OK

NG

terminals.

Door

Door switch RH

AEL571B

switch LH

 Door switch ground circuit (LH) or door switch ground condition

Terminals

2 - 3

<u>1</u> -

Ground

Condition

Closed

Open

Closed

Open

OK

Continuity

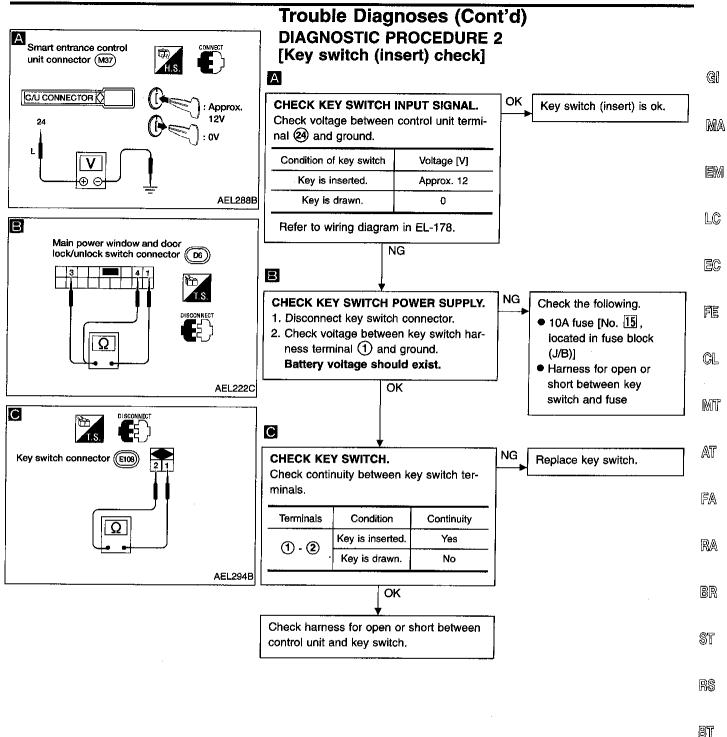
No

Yes

No

Yes

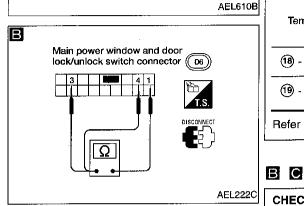
 Harness for open or short between control unit and door switch

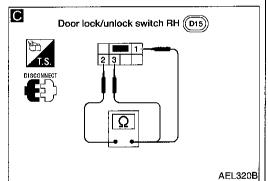


IDX

HA

Smart entrance control unit connector (M37) C/U CONNECTOR (M37) 18 19 H.S. DISCONNECT PU DISCONNECT





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

(Door lock/unlock switch check)

Α

CHECK DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

- 1. Disconnect control unit connector.
- 2. Check continuity between control unit terminal (18) or (19) and ground.

Terminals	Door lock/ unlock switch (LH or RH) condition	Continuity	
18 - Ground	Lock	Yes	
	N and Unlock	No	
19 - Ground	Unlock	Yes	
	N and Lock	No	

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-178.

NG

CHECK DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH.

- Disconnect main power window and door lock/unlock switch or door lock/ unlock switch RH connector.
- Check continuity between main power window and door lock/unlock switch or door lock/unlock switch RH terminals.
- Driver side

		Terminals	
Condition	1	3	4
Unlock	0		
N		No continuity	/
Lock	0	$\overline{}$	

Passenger side

	Terminals		
Condition	1	2	3
Unlock		<u> </u>	
N		No continuity	/
Lock	<u> </u>		

Check the following.

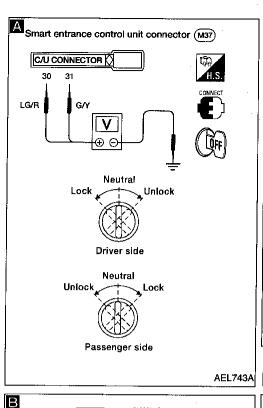
- Ground circuit for door lock/unlock switch
- Harness for open or short between door lock/unlock switch and control unit connector

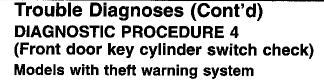
Door lock/unlock switch is OK.

OK

NG

Replace main power window and door lock/unlock switch or door lock/unlock switch RH.





OK

NG

OK.

Α

CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL (LOCK/UNLOCK SIG-NAL).

Check voltage between control unit terminals 30, 31 and ground.

١.	Terminals		Key posi-	Voltage	
	Ф	Θ	tion	[V]	
	31)	Ground	Neutral	Approx. 12	
			Unlock	0	
	30	Ground	Neutral	Approx. 12	
			Lock	0	
-	D ()			_	

NG

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-179.

1. Disconnect door key cylinder switch

2. Check continuity between door key cyl-

Key position

Neutral

Lock

Neutral

Lock

OK

Replace door key cylinder switch.

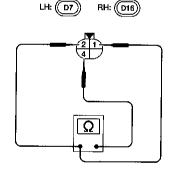
Door key cylinder switch is





AEL327B

Door key cylinder switch connector



- 2: Door unlock switch terminal (LH) Door lock switch terminal (RH)
- 4: Ground terminal
- 1 : Door lock switch terminal (LH) Door unlock switch terminal (RH)

Check the following.

connector.

Terminals

LH: (1) - (4)

RH: ② - ④

LH: (2) - (4)

RH: (1) - (4)

inder switch terminals.

- Door key cylinder switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between con-

Continuity

No

Yes

No

Yes

trol unit and door key cylinder switch

MA

G

MA

ΞM

LC

厚

CL

MT

ATT

FA

RA

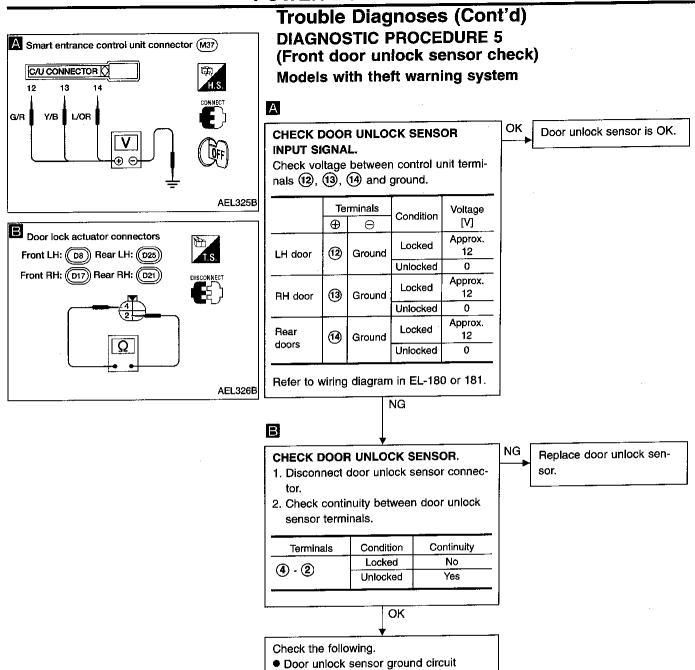
BR

ST

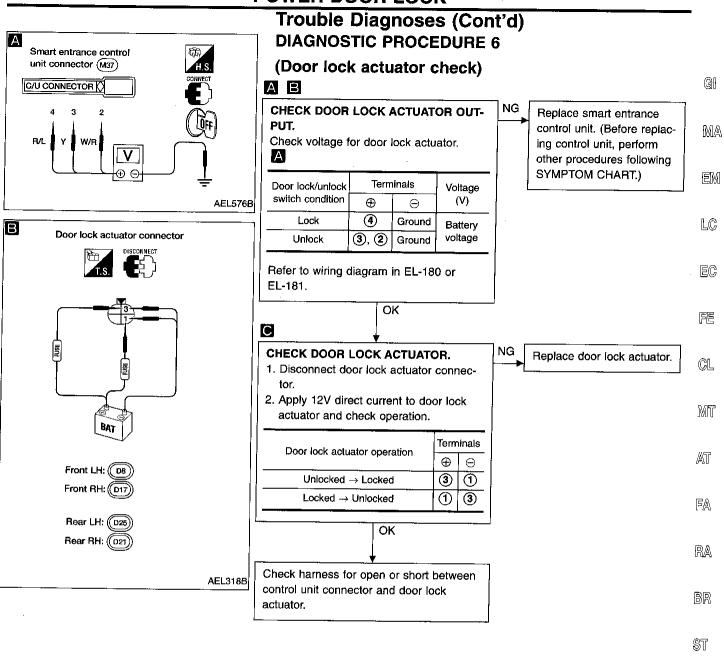
RS

BT

IDX



 Harness for open or short between control unit and door unlock sensor



IDX

RS

BT

System Description

Cyclom Bocompaier.
Power is supplied at all times: from 25A fusible link (letter f, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to circuit breaker terminal 1 through circuit breaker terminal 2 to smart entrance control unit terminal 1. Power is supplied at all times: from 10A fuse (No. 15, located in the fuse block [J/B])
 to interior lamp terminal ① to key switch terminal ①. Power is supplied at all times: from 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to multi-remote control relay-1 terminal ①
 to multi-remote control relay-1 terminal 6 to multi-remote control relay-1 terminal 3 to multi-remote control relay-2 terminal 1. With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: from 15A fuse (No. 10, located in the fuse block [J/B])
 to smart entrance control unit terminal ①. With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: from 7.5A fuse (No. ②, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to smart entrance control unit terminal ①. Terminal ⑩ of the smart entrance control unit is grounded through body grounds M43, M44 and M60.
INPUTS
 When the key switch is ON (ignition key is inserted in key cylinder), power is supplied: through key switch terminal ② to smart entrance control unit terminal ② When any door switch is OPEN, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminals ⑤, ⑥ and ⑤ through front door switch LH terminal ② through any other door switch terminal ①.
 When the front door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) is UNLOCKED, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal 12 through front door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal 4 to front door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal 2 through body grounds 143 M44 and 160 INLOCKED ground is supplied:
 When the front door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) is UNLOCKED, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal (3) through front door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal (4) to front door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal (2) through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).
 When either rear door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is UNLOCKED, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal (1) through either rear door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal (2) to either rear door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal (2) through body grounds (B14) and (B17) Remote controller signal input:
through internal antenna.

MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM System Description (Cont'd) The multi-remote control system controls operation of the: power door lock interior lamp G1 . panic alarm hazard lamp ID code entry. MA **OPERATING PROCEDURE** Power door lock operation EM When the following input signals are both supplied: key switch REMOVED (when ignition key is not inserted in key cylinder); door switches CLOSED (when all the doors are closed). LC The above two signals are already input into the smart entrance control unit. At this point, smart entrance control unit receives a LOCK signal from the remote controller. The smart entrance control unit locks all doors with input of the LOCK signal from the remote controller. EC And then ground is supplied: to multi-remote control relay-1 and -2 terminal ② through smart entrance control unit terminal (7). FE Multi-remote control relay-1 and -2 are now energized, and the hazard warning lamps flash twice as a reminder—HAZARD REMINDER. For detailed description, refer to "Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps", EL-63. CL When an UNLOCK signal is sent from the remote controller once, the driver's door will be unlocked. Then, if an UNLOCK signal is sent from the remote controller again within 5 seconds, the passenger doors MIT will be unlocked. To deactivate the horn chirp when using the remote controller, press both unlock and lock buttons for two seconds. With the horn deactivated, the exterior lights do not flash when the unlock button is pressed. AT To activate the horn chirp, press both unlock and lock buttons for two seconds. Interior lamp operation When the following input signals are both supplied: FA key switch OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in key cylinder); door switches CLOSED (when all the doors are closed); multi-remote control system turns on interior lamp (for 30 seconds) with input of UNLOCK signal from remote controller. For detailed description, RA refer to "Interior and Trunk Room Lamps/System Description", EL-72. Panic alarm operation BR

Multi-remote control system may or may not operate theft warning system (horn and headlamps) as required.

When the multi-remote control system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal (8)
- to theft warning lamp relay terminal (2) and
- to horn relay-2 terminal ②.

The headlamp flashes and the horn sounds intermittently:

The alarm automatically turns off after 30 seconds or when smart entrance control unit receives any signal from multi-remote controller.

Hazard lamp operation

When the following input signals are all supplied:

- key switch OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in key cylinder);
- door switches CLOSED (when all the doors are closed)
- door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) LOCKED (when all the doors are locked); multi-remote control system outputs the following ground signals with input of LOCK signal from remote controller:
- to multi-remote control relay-1 terminal (2)
- to multi-remote control relay-2 terminal ②
- through smart entrance control unit terminal ⑦.

As a result, multi-remote control relay-1 and multi-remote control relay-2 are energized and hazard warning lamps flash on and off.

For detailed description refer to "Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/System Description", EL-63.

1403

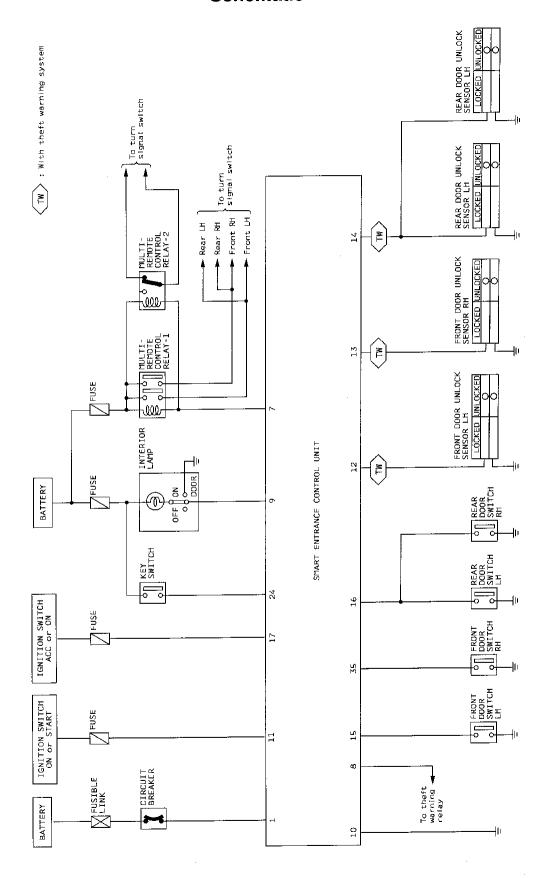
ST

RS

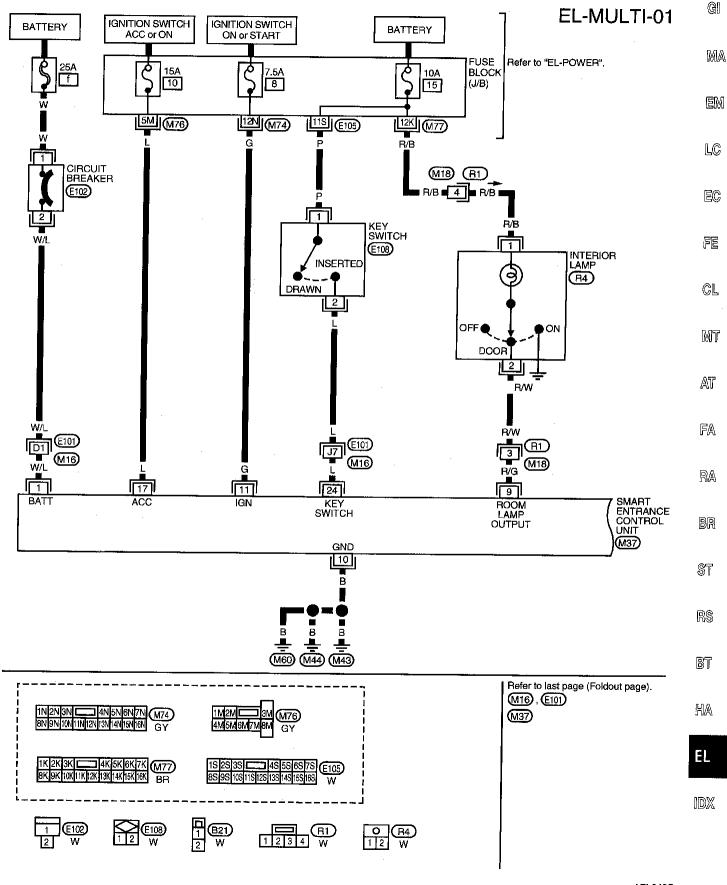
HA

||D)X(

Schematic

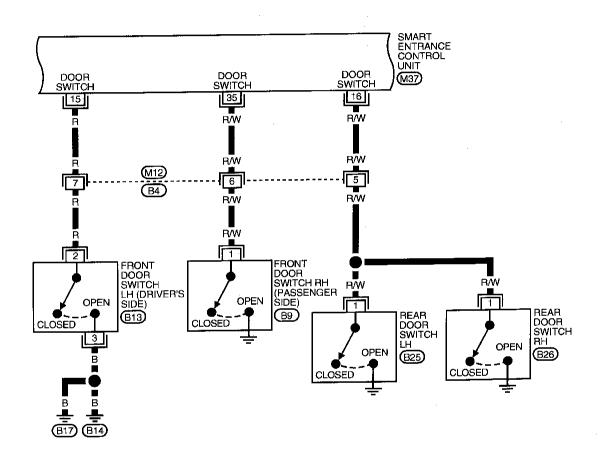


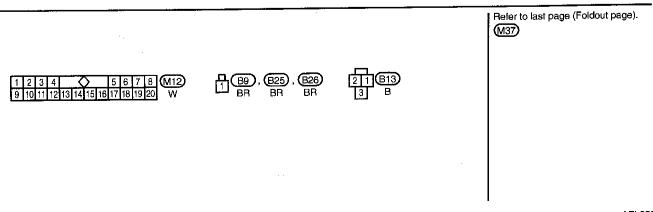
Wiring Diagram –MULTI–



Wiring Diagram -MULTI- (Cont'd)

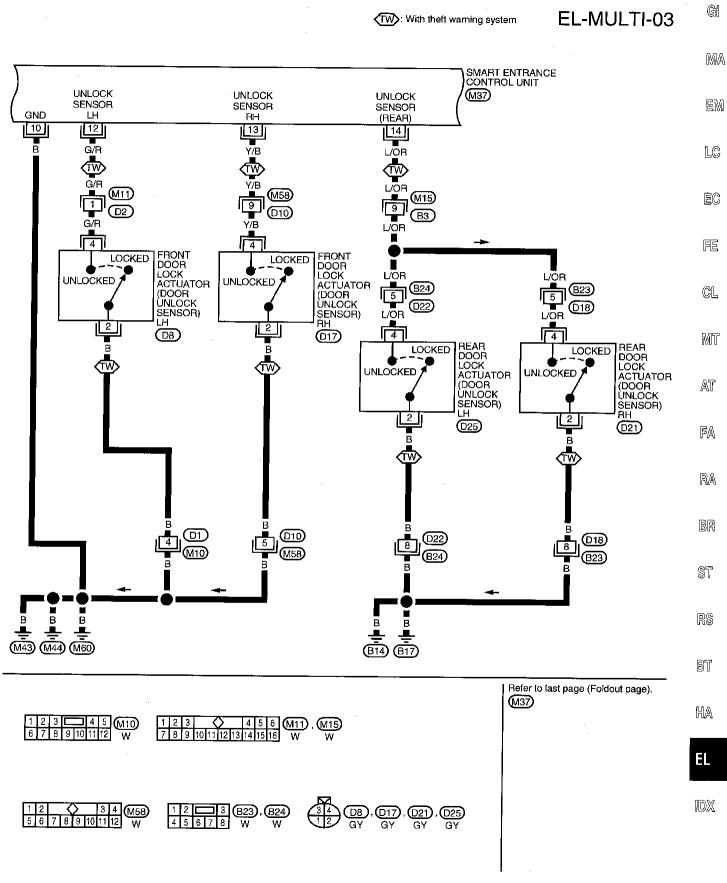
EL-MULTI-02



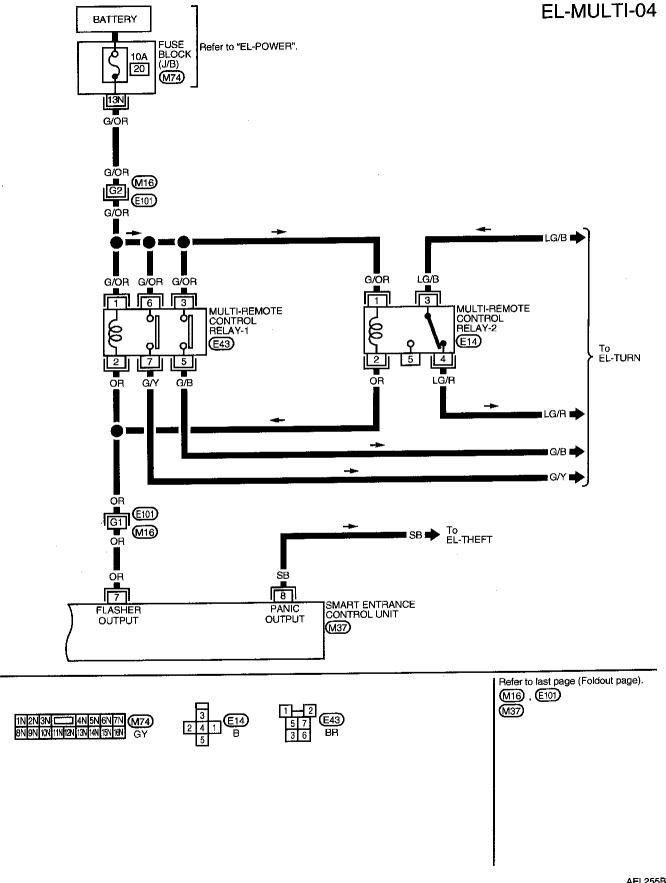


AEL253B

Wiring Diagram –MULTI– (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -MULTI- (Cont'd)

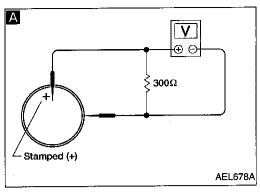


Trouble Diagnoses

TROUBLE SYMPTOM GI All functions of multi-remote control system do not operate. NG CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER BATTERY. Replace battery. Refer to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1. MA Enter the Identity (ID) code of different or new remote controller. EM Lok No Can the new ID code be entered? LC Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2. Yes Replace with the originally used remote controller. Some functions of remote controller do not operate. FE 1 DOOR LOCK OR UNLOCK DOES NOT FUNCTION. (Pressing lock or unlock button of remote controller normally locks or C/L unlocks all doors.) Check if power door lock system functions with door lock & unlock switch. No Check "POWER DOOR LOCK" system. — OR (2) INTERIOR LAMP DOES NOT TURN ON FOR 30 SECONDS WHEN MT PRESSING UNLOCK BUTTON OF REMOTE CONTROLLER. Check if the interior lamp switch is in the "door" position, the lamp illuminates when a door is open. ÆΤ No Check "Interior lamp" circuit. If check is OK, Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3. - OR -(3) HAZARD INDICATOR DOES NOT FLASH TWICE WHEN PRESSING FA LOCK BUTTON OF REMOTE CONTROLLER. Check if hazard indicator flashes with hazard switch. No Check "Hazard indicator lamp" circuit. If check is OK, Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4. RA - OR -4 PANIC ALARM (HORN AND HEADLAMP) DOES NOT ACTIVATE WHEN PANIC ALARM BUTTON IS CONTINUOUSLY PRESSED FOR BR MORE THAN 1 SECONDS. • If the vehicle is equipped with Theft Warning System, check if horn and headlamps activate when test is conducted as follows: 1. Open the driver's window. 2. Close all doors. 3. Lock doors with door key inserted into key cylinder. RS 4. Wait for about 30 seconds to make sure that the lighted "SECURITY" warning lamp begins to blink. No Check "THEFT WARNING" system. 5. Manually unlock with driver's door lock knob, then panic alarm should BT activate. (The alarm will stop when door is locked and unlocked with the key.) HA Yes Enter the identity (ID) code of different or new remote controller and Check remote controller operation again. Yes recheck operation to see if the same trouble as indicated above occurs. ΕL If necessary, replace smart entrance control unit. L No Replace the remote controller.

Note: • The unlock and panic alarm operation of the multi-remote control system does not activate with the ignition key inserted in the ignition key cylinder.

• The lock operation of the multi-remote control system does not activate with the key inserted in the ignition key cylinder.



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

Check remote controller battery.

Α

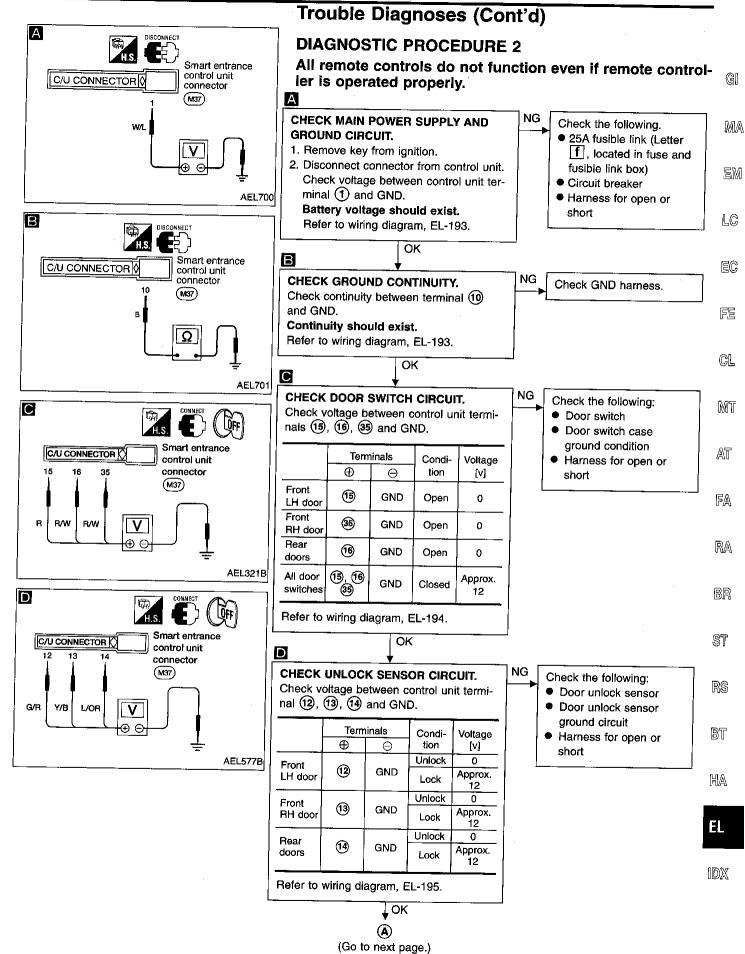
CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER BAT-TERY.

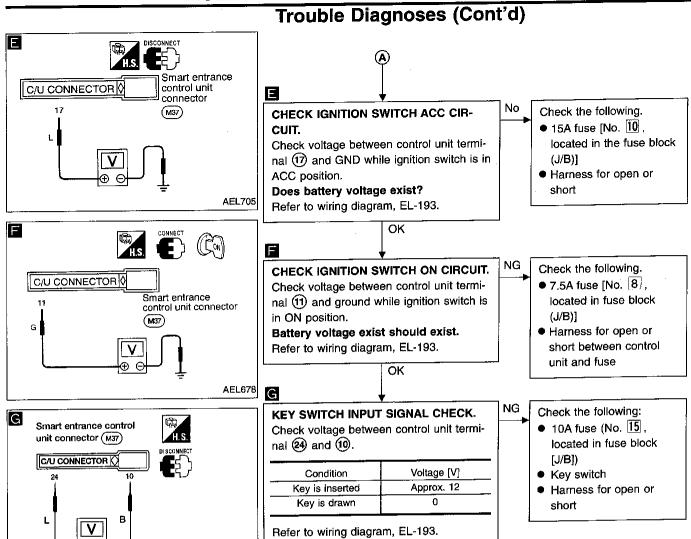
Remove battery and measure voltage across battery positive and negative terminals \bigoplus and \bigcirc .

Measurin	Standard		
\oplus	Θ	value	
Battery positive terminal	Battery nega- tive terminal ⊖	2.5 - 3.0V	

Note:

Remote controller does not function if battery is not set correctly.



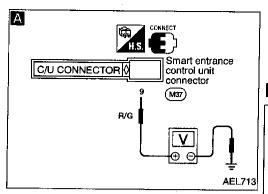


ΟK

Check operation parts in multi-remote

control system for function.

AEL143A



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

Interior lamp does not turn on for 30 seconds when pressing unlock button of remote controller. Everything else 🔞 functions.

Nο

No

Α

Α

CHECK INTERIOR LAMP CIRCUIT. When interior lamp switch is in DOOR position, check voltage between control unit terminal (9) and GND.

Push unlock button of remote controller

and check voltage between control unit

Yes

Voltage (v)

Battery voltage

Yes

Does battery voltage exist?

CHECK VOLTAGE.

button condition Unlock button is pushed.

pushed.

Unlock button is not

Check system again.

terminal (9) and ground. Multi-remote controller

Refer to wiring diagram, EL-193.

Repair hamess between control unit connector and interior lamp connector.

MA

LC

Check harness for open or

short between interior lamp

and control unit.

FE

EC

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

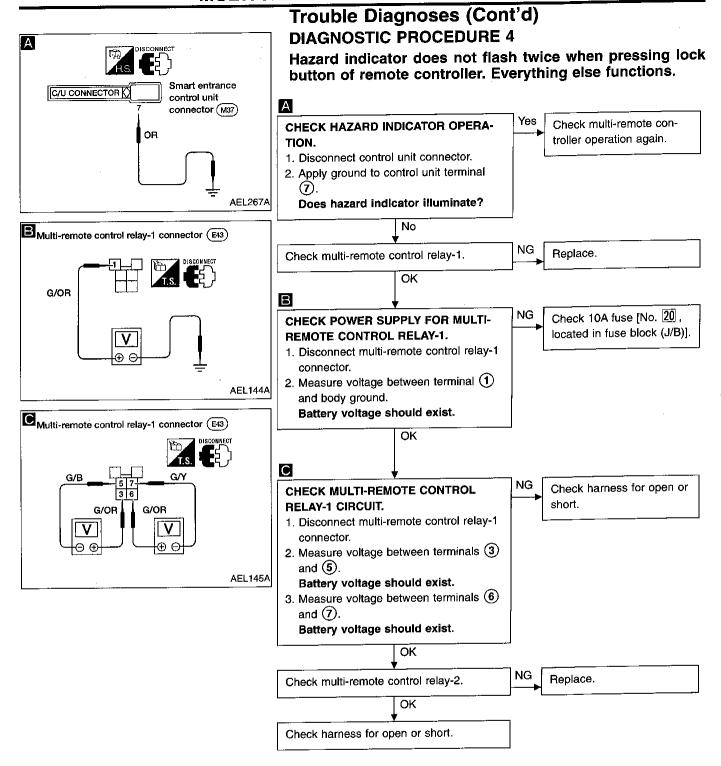
BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

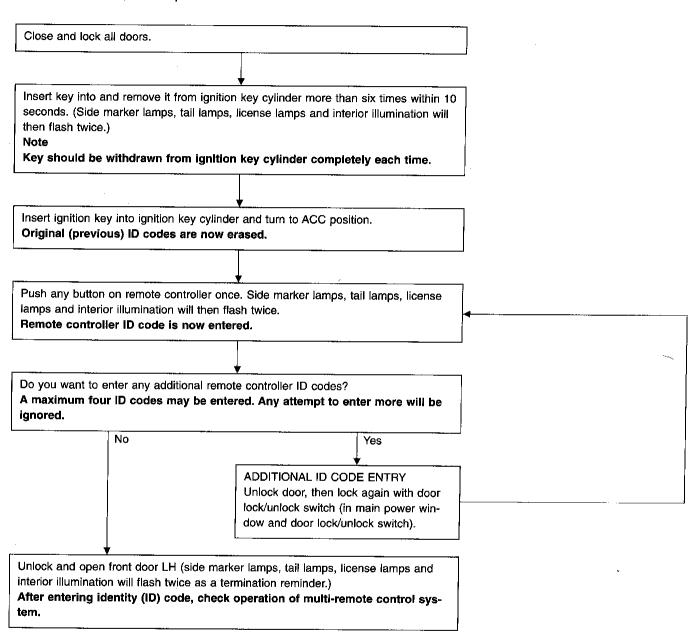


ID Code Entry Procedure

Enter the identity (ID) code manually when:

- remote controller or smart entrance control unit is replaced.
- an additional remote controller is activated.

To enter ID code, follow procedure below.



NOTE

- If you need to activate more than two additional new remote controllers, repeat the procedure "Additional ID code entry" for each new remote controller.
 - If the same ID code that exists in the memory is input, the entry will be ignored.
- Entry of four ID codes maximum is allowed and any attempt to enter more will be ignored.
- Any ID codes entered after termination of the "setting mode" will not be accepted. Additional remote control signals will be inhibited if not entered during the "setting" mode.



G

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

ΑT

FA

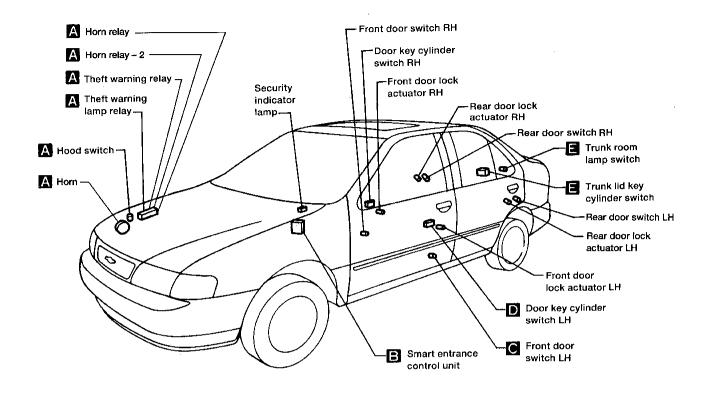
RA

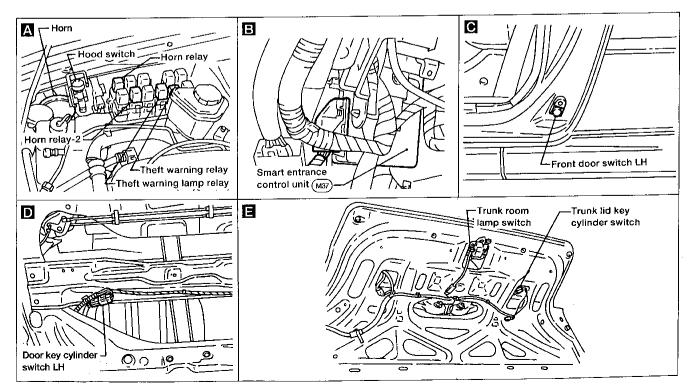
BR

RS

BT

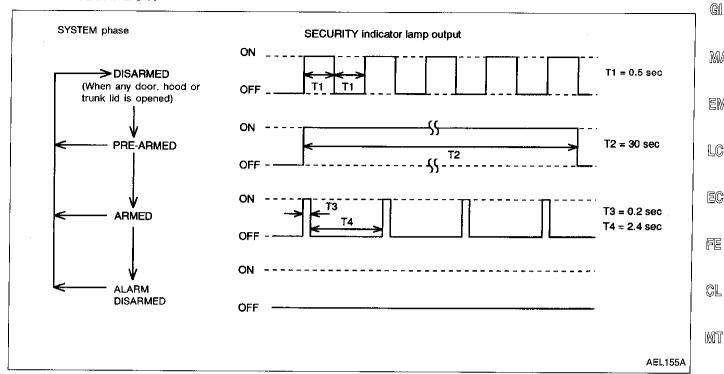
Component Parts and Harness Connector Location





System Description

OPERATION FLOW



SETTING THE THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Initial condition

- (a) Close all doors.
- (b) Close hood and trunk lid.
- (c) Pull key out of ignition.

Disarmed phase

The theft warning system is in the disarmed phase when any door(s), hood or trunk lid is open and the ignition key is not in the ACC or ON position. The security indicator lamp blinks every 0.5 second. When the ignition key is turned to the ACC or ON position, the security indicator lamp turns off.

Pre-armed phase and armed phase

The theft warning system turns into the "pre-armed" phase when hood, trunk lid and all doors are closed and locked by key or multi-remote controller. (The security indicator lamp illuminates.) After about 30 seconds, the system automatically shifts into the "armed" phase (the system is set). (The

security indicator lamp blinks every 2.6 seconds.)

CANCELLING THE SET THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

When the following (a) or (b) operation is performed, the armed phase is canceled.

(a) Unlock the doors or the trunk lid with the key or multi-remote controller.

(b) Open the trunk lid with the key. When trunk lid is closed after opening the trunk lid with the key, the system returns to the armed phase.

ACTIVATING THE ALARM OPERATION OF THE THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Make sure the system is in the armed phase. (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.5 seconds.) When any of the following operations (a), (b) or (c) are performed, the system sounds the horns and flashes the headlamps for about 2.5 minutes. After 2.5 minutes the security indicator lamp will turn off. (At the same time, the system disconnects the starting system circuit.)

The starting system is kept dead even after the alarm turns off.

- (a) Engine hood or trunk lid is opened before unlocking door with key or multi-remote controller.
- (b) Door is unlocked without using key or multi-remote controller.
- (c) Key cylinder is pulled out from either front door or the trunk lid.

ÆŢ

G1

MA

EM

FA

BR

RA

RS

BT

HA

EL

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

System Description (Cont'd)

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

Power is supplied at all times:

through 10A fuse [No. 15], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

to security indicator lamp terminal 39

to key switch terminal ①.

When the key switch is ON (ignition key is inserted in key cylinder), power is supplied:

though key switch terminal ②

to smart entrance control unit terminal 24.

Power is supplied at all times:

through 25A fusible link (letter f, located in the fuse and fusible link box)

• to circuit breaker terminal (1)

• through circuit breaker terminal 2

• to smart entrance control unit terminal ①.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

through 15A fuse [No. 10], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

• to smart entrance control unit terminal 17.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

• through 7.5A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

• to smart entrance control unit terminal 11.

Ground is supplied:

• to smart entrance control unit terminal 10

ullet through body grounds (M43) , (M44) and (M60) .

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ACTIVATION (Without key or remote controller used to lock doors)

The operation of the theft warning system is controlled by the doors, hood and trunk lid.

To activate the theft warning system, the ignition key must be removed, doors, hood and trunk closed, and the doors locked.

When a door is open, smart entrance control unit terminals (15), (16), or (35) receives a ground signal from door switches.

When a door is unlocked, smart entrance control unit terminal 12, 13 or 14 receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (4) of all the door unlock sensors
- through terminal (2) of all the door unlock sensors
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60) for the front doors and
- through body grounds (B14) and (B17) for the rear doors.

When the hood is open, smart entrance control unit terminal @ receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (1) of the hood switch
- through body grounds (£13) and (£25).

When the trunk lid is open, smart entrance control unit terminal @ receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (1) of the trunk room lamp switch
- through body grounds (T9) and (T10).

If none of the described conditions exist, the theft warning system will activate automatically.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ACTIVATION (With key or remote controller used to lock doors)

If the key or remote controller is used to lock doors, terminal 30 receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (1) of the door key cylinder switch LH
- from terminal ② of the door key cylinder switch RH
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

If this signal is received by the smart entrance control unit, the theft warning system will activate automatically.

With the theft warning system activated, smart entrance control unit terminal 3 supplies ground to the security indicator lamp.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

System Description (Cont'd)

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM OPERATION

The theft warning system is triggered by:

- opening a door
- opening trunk lid without using the key
- opening the hood
- tampering with the key cylinder in the door
- unlocking door without using key or multi-remote controller.

Once the theft warning system has been activated, it will be triggered if the smart entrance control unit receives a ground signal at terminals (1), (1), (2), (2), or (3). Also, when a door key tamper signal is received at the smart entrance control unit, the system will be triggered. The headlamps flash, the horn sounds intermittently, and the starting system is interrupted.

When a door key cylinder switch has been tampered with, smart entrance control unit terminal @ receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (3) of the front LH or RH door key cylinder switches
- through body grounds (M43), (M44) and (M60).

If the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied:

- from terminal 32 of the smart entrance control unit
- to theft warning relay terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, power to the clutch interlock relay (M/T models) or park/neutral position (PNP) relay (A/T models) is interrupted. The starter motor will not crank and the engine will not start. When the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently:

- from terminal ® of the smart entrance control unit
- to theft warning lamp relay terminal ② and
- to horn relay-2 terminal ②.

The headlamps flash and the horn sounds intermittently.

The alarm automatically turns off after 2 or 3 minutes but will reactivate if the vehicle is tampered with again.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM DEACTIVATION

To deactivate the theft warning system, a door or the trunk lid must be unlocked with the key or remote controller.

When the key is used to unlock a door, smart entrance control unit terminal ③ receives a ground signal:

- from terminal ② of the door key cylinder switch LH
- from terminal (1) of the door key cylinder switch RH.

When the key is used to unlock the trunk lid, smart entrance control unit terminal @ receives a ground signal from terminal (1) of the trunk key cylinder switch.

When the smart entrance control unit receives either one of these signals, the theft warning system is deactivated.

PANIC ALARM OPERATION

When key switch is OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in key cylinder), the multi-remote control system turns on and off horn and headlamps intermittently with the input of a PANIC ALARM signal from the remote controller.

For detailed description, refer to "System Description", "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM", EL-190.

HA

BT

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

C/L

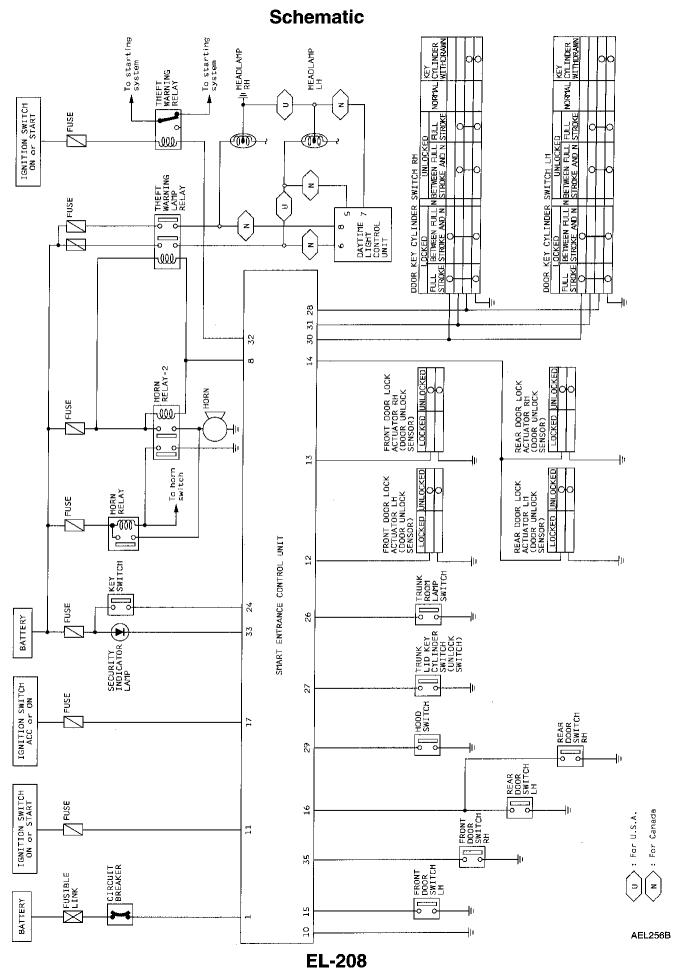
MT

AT

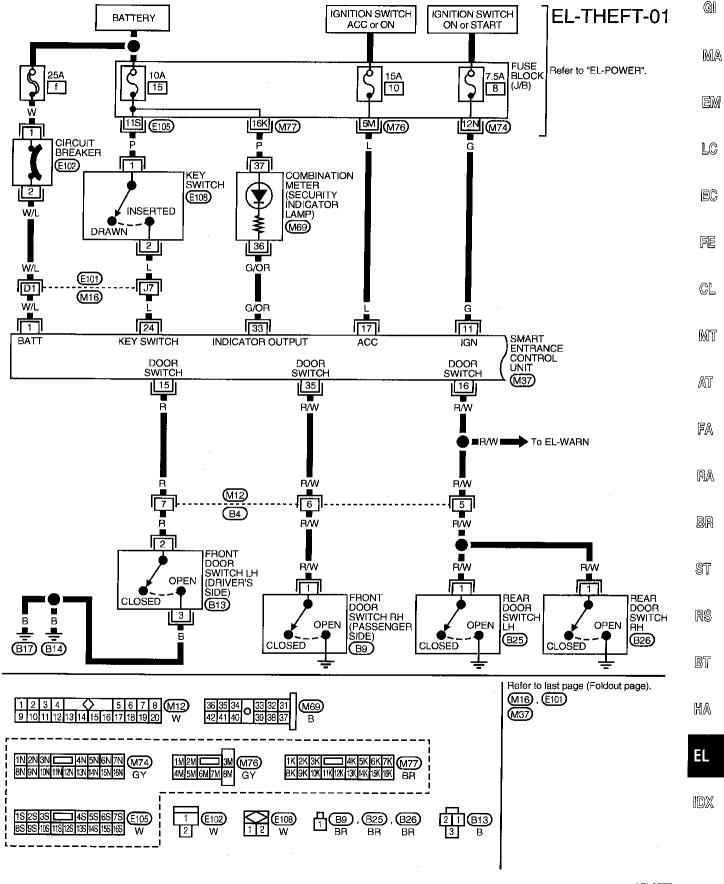
FA

BR

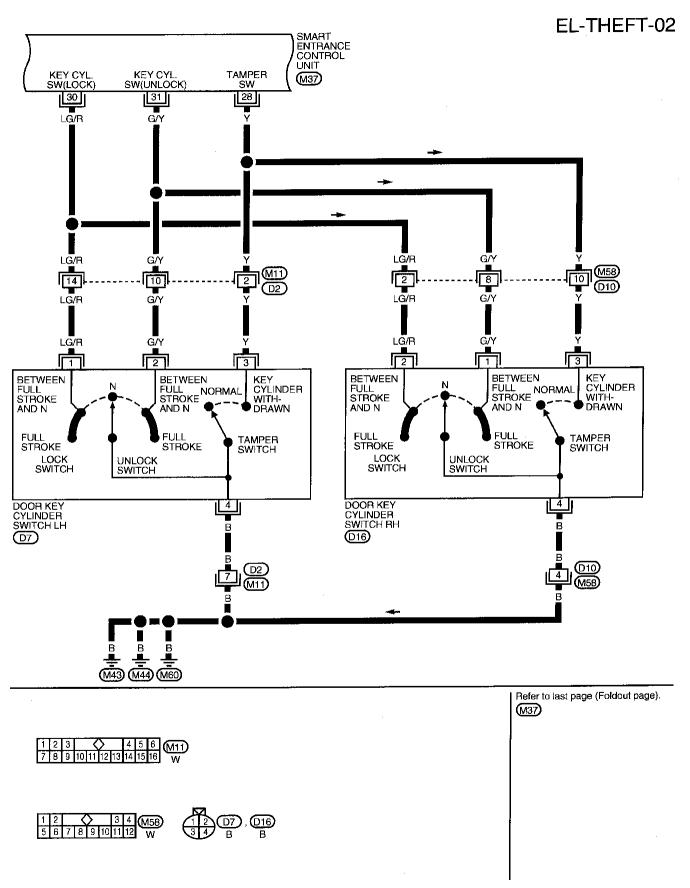
ST



Wiring Diagram -THEFT-

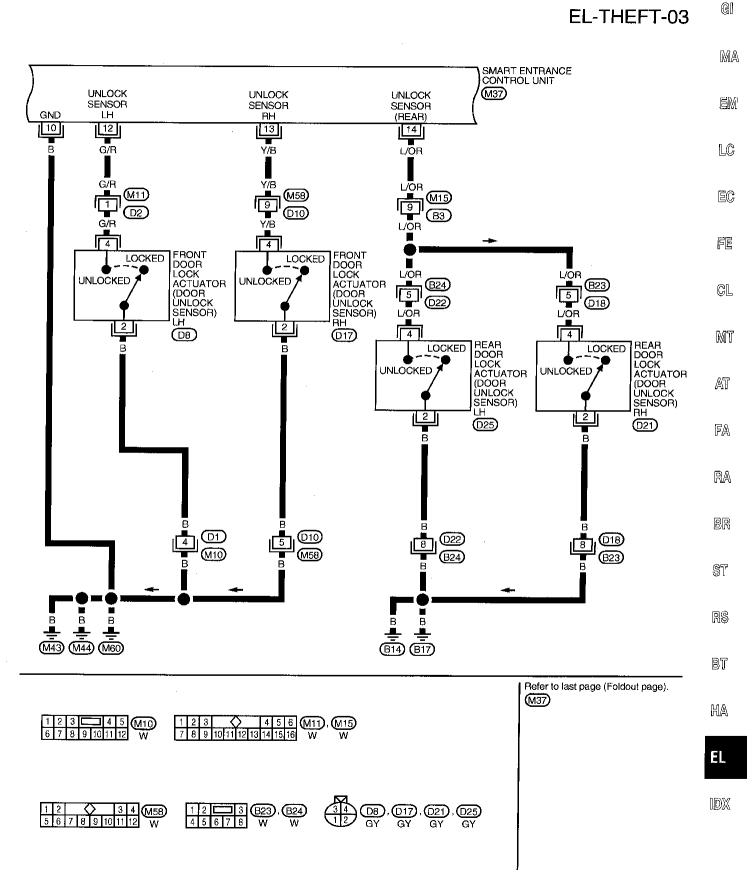


Wiring Diagram -THEFT- (Cont'd)



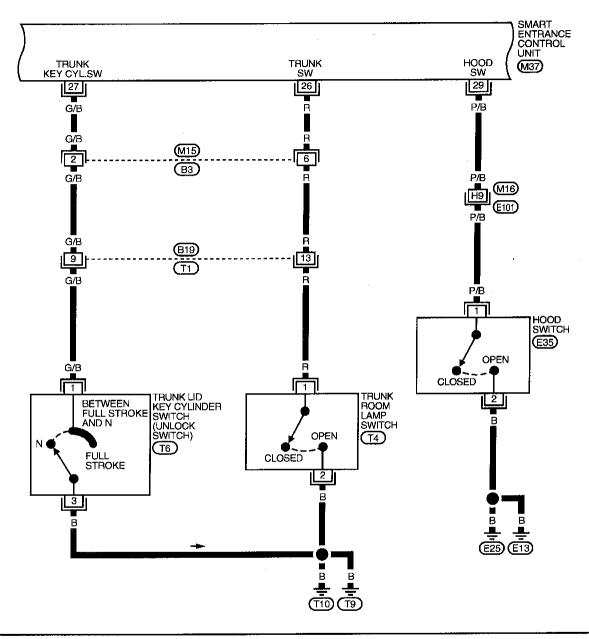
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

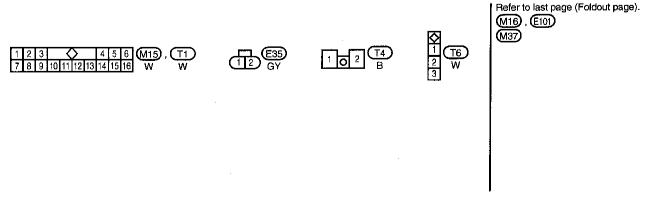
Wiring Diagram -THEFT- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -THEFT- (Cont'd)

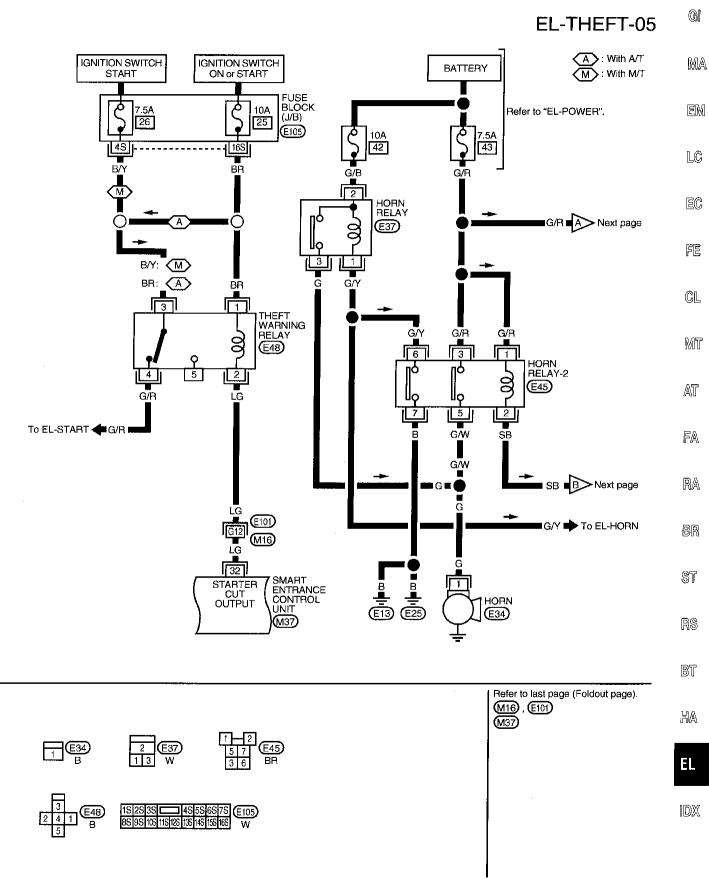
EL-THEFT-04



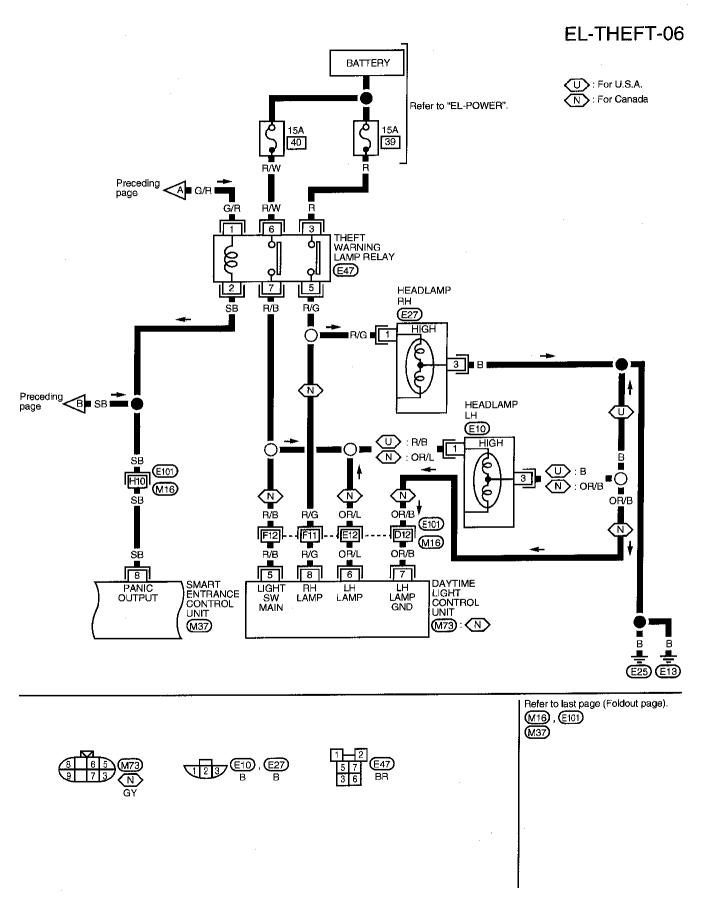


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram -THEFT- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -THEFT- (Cont'd)

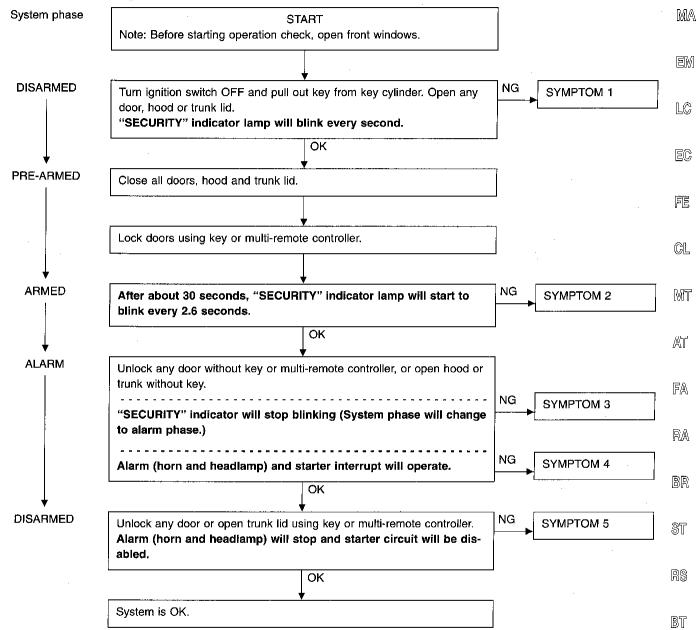


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Trouble Diagnosis

PRELIMINARY CHECK

The system operation is canceled by turning ignition switch to ACC at any step between START and ARMED in the following flow chart.



After performing preliminary check go to symptom chart in next page.

EL

HA

GI

Trouble Diagnosis (Cont'd)

Before starting trouble diagnoses, perform preliminary check, EL-215.

Symptom numbers correspond with the preliminary check.

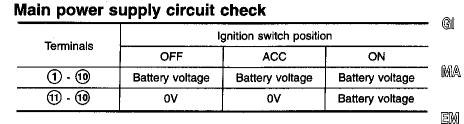
SYMPTOM CHART

PR	OCEDUF	RE		and g	supply ground check			D	iagnostic	proced	ure	_	_	_
RE	REFERENCE PAGE		EL-217	EL-217	EL-218	EL-222	EL-223	EL-224	EL-225	EL-226	EL-227	EL-228	EL-197	
SYI	мртом		Preliminary check	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Door, hood, trunk room lamp and tamper switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Security indicator lamp check)	Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Door unlock sensor check)	Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 5 (Trunk lid key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 6 (Theft warning horn alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Theft warning headlamp alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 8 (Starter interrupt system check)	Check "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL" system.
1		arning indicator t turn ON or blink-	x	х	х		X							
	ing not	All items	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х						
2	warn can t by	Door outside key	Х	Х	х				Х					
	Theft warning system cannot be set by	Multi-remote con- trol	х	x	х	·								×
	warning does not when	Any door is opened.	Х	Х	Х	Х	·							
3	*1 Theft warning system does not alarm when	Any door is unlocked without using key or multi- remote controller	х	x	х			x						
	not not	All function	Х	Х	х	х		Х						
4	varnir does rate.	Horn alarm	Х	Х	Х						х			
4	Theft warning system does not activate.	Headlamp alarm	Х	Х	х							х		
	sys	Starter interrupt		х	Х								х	
	t be	Door outside key	х	х	Х				х	ļ				
5	warnir canno ed by	Trunk lid key	Х	Х	Х	-				х				
	Theft warning system cannot be canceled by	Multi-remote con- trol	х	x	х									х

X : Applicable *1: Make sure the system is in the armed phase.

Smart entrance control unit connector (M37) C/U CONNECTOR (M37) H.S. CONNECT CONNECT AEL592B

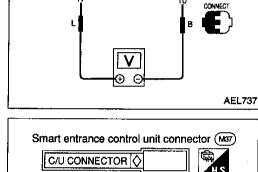
Trouble Diagnosis (Cont'd) POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK



Smart entrance control unit connector C/U CONNECTOR 17 10 CONNECT

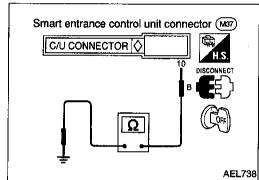
Power supply circuit check for system cancel

Terminals	Ignition switch position					
reiminais	OFF	ACC	ON			
① - ⑩	0V	Battery voltage	Battery voltage			



Ground circuit check

Terminals	Continuity
1 Ground	Yes



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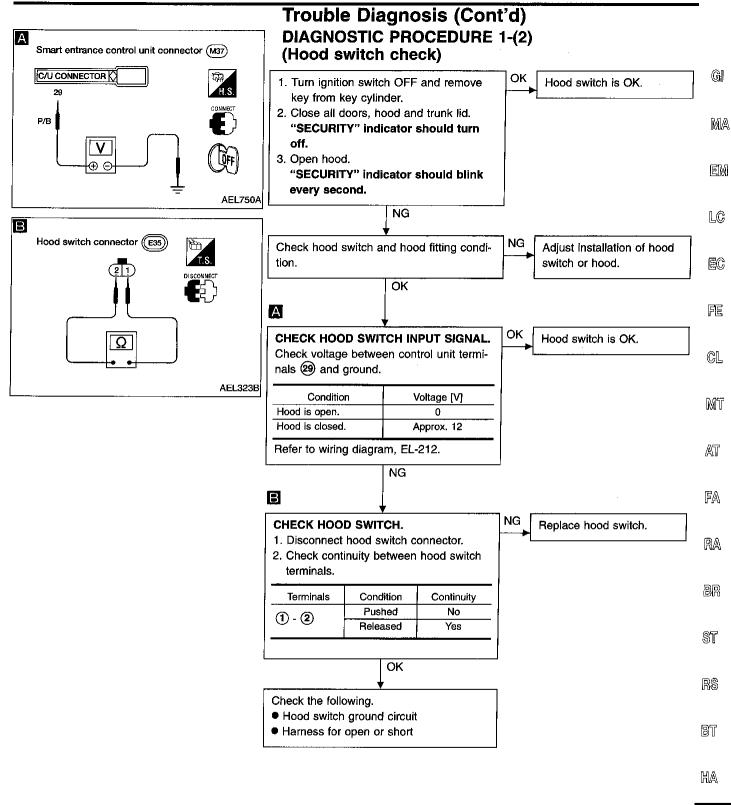
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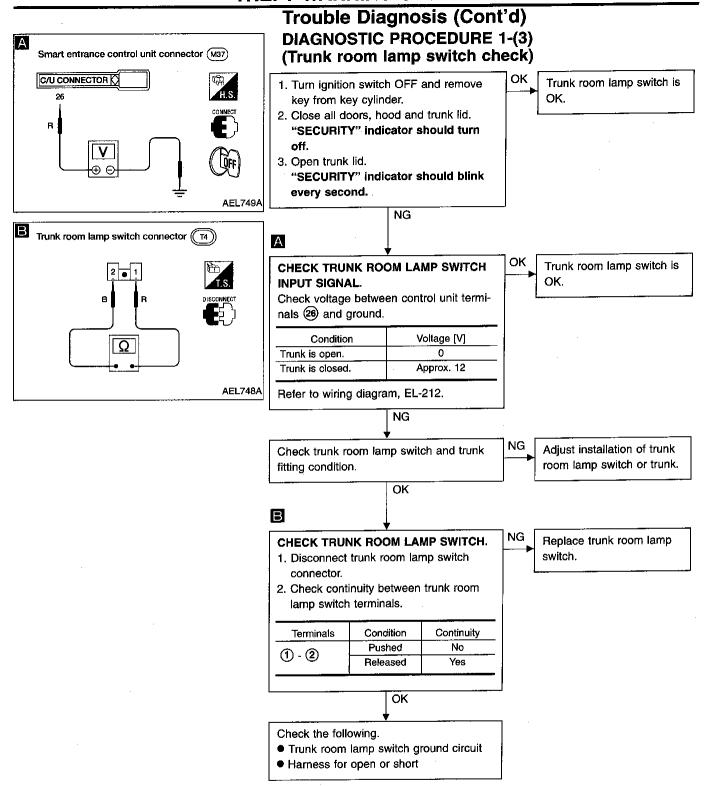
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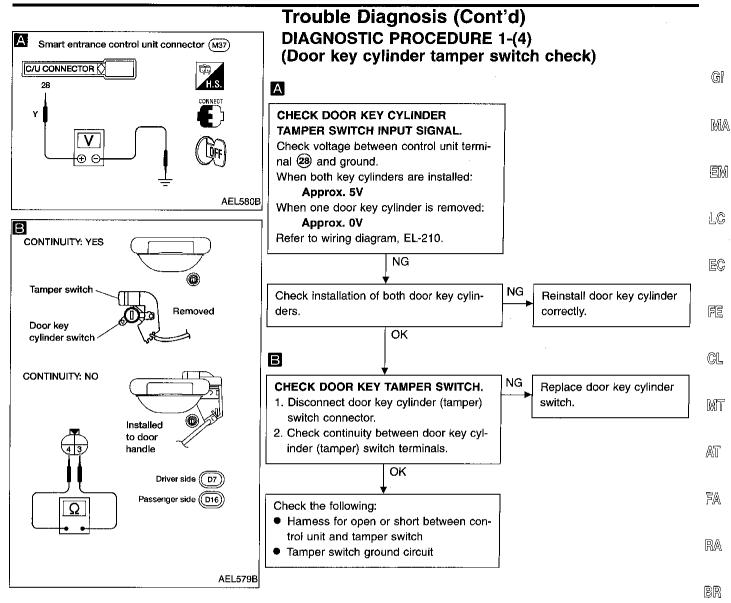
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Trouble Diagnosis (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1-(1)** Α (Door switch check) Smart entrance Door switch is OK. C/U CONNECTOR 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and remove control unit key from key cylinder. connector 2. Close all doors, hood and trunk lid. (M37) "SECURITY" indicator should turn R/W R/W 3. Open any passenger door. "SECURITY" indicator should blink every second. AEL321B NG В Α CHECK DOOR SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL. Go to the next procedure. Front door switch LH connector (B13) Check voltage between control unit terminals (15), (16), (35) and ground. Terminals Condi-Voltage \oplus tion [v] Θ Front (15) GND Open 0 LH door Front (35) GND Open 0 RH door Door switch connector Rear (16) GND Open 0 Front RH: (B9) doors Rear LH: (B25) **13**, **16** All door Approx. GND Closed switches Rear RH: (B26) Refer to wiring diagram, EL-209. NG В CHECK DOOR SWITCH. Replace door switch. 1. Disconnect door switch connector. AEL322B 2. Check continuity between door switch terminals. Terminals Condition Continuity Front door Closed **(2)** - **(3)** switch LH Open Yes Closed No Other door (1) - GND switches Open Yes OK Check the following: Door switch ground condition Harness for open or short





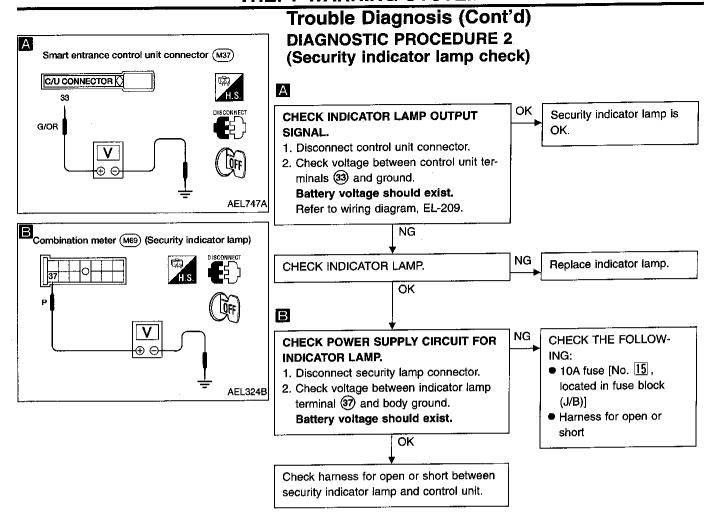


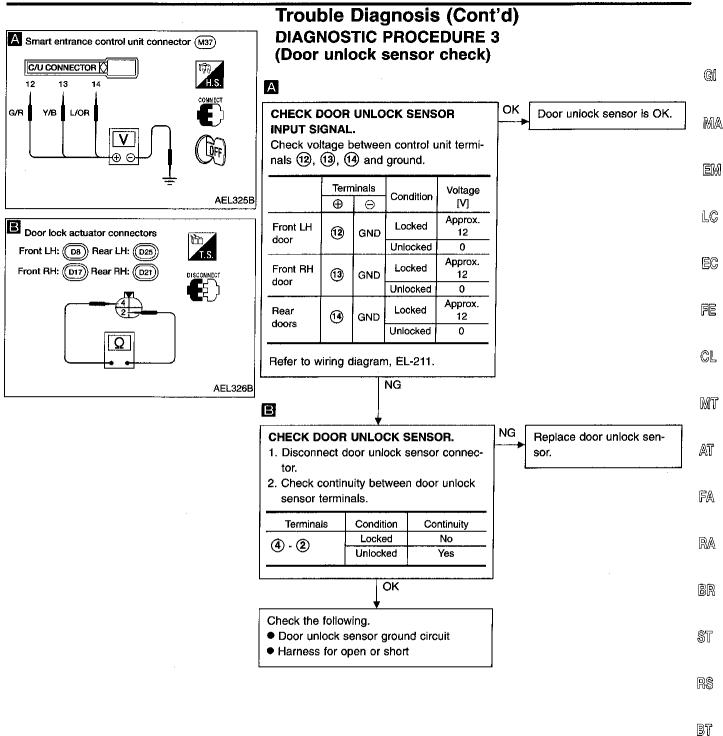
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EL-223 1435

Smart entrance control unit connector M37 CAU CONNECTOR O BLOCK Neutral Unlock Passenger side AEL743A



Α

CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL (LOCK/UNLOCK SIGNAL).

Check voltage between control unit terminals 30 or 31 and ground.

Ter	minals	Key posi-	Voltage	
⊕	⊕ ⊝		[V]	
30	GND	Neutral	Approx. 12	
_		Lock	0	
<u> </u>	GND	Neutral	Approx. 12	
		Unlock	0	

NG

Refer to wiring diagram, EL-210.

age

OK

Door key cylinder switch is OK.

Replace key cylinder

switch.

В

CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH.

 Disconnect door key cylinder switch connector.

2. Check continuity between door key cylinder switch terminals.

Terminals	Key position	Continuity
LH: 1 - 4	Neutral	No
RH: ② - ④	Lock	Yes
LH: ② - ④	Neutral	No
RH: 🛈 - 🍎	Unlock	Yes

OK

Check the following.

AEL327B

- Door key cylinder switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short

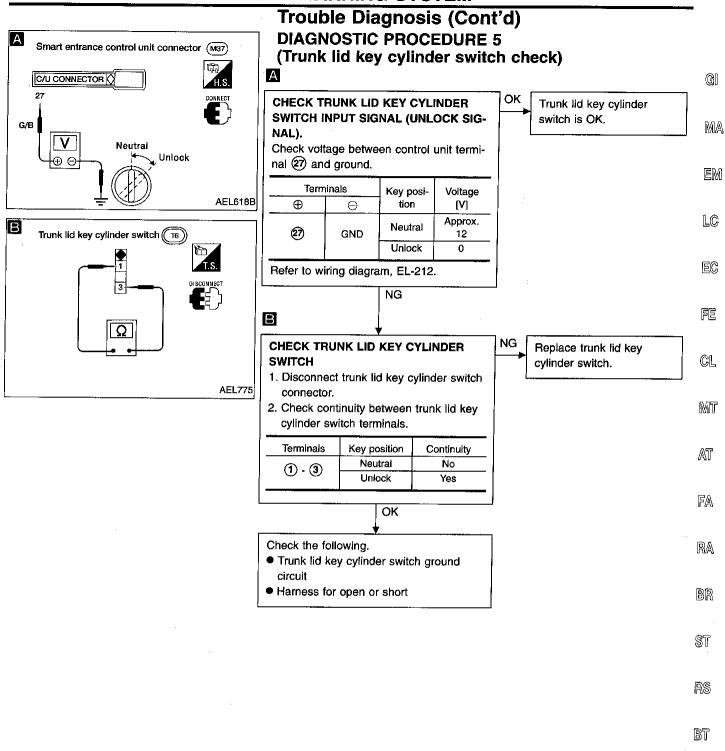
Door key cylinder switch connector

LH: D7 RH: D16

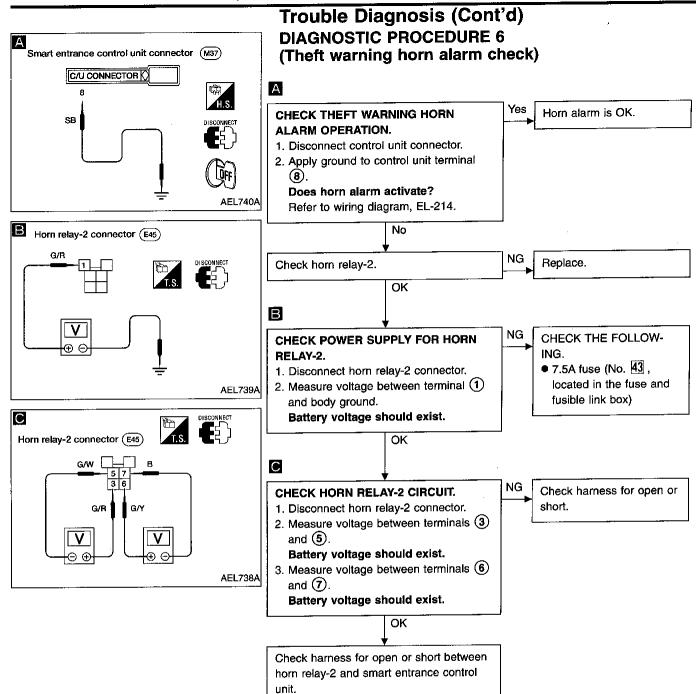
2 : Door unlock switch terminal (LH)
Door lock switch terminal (RH)

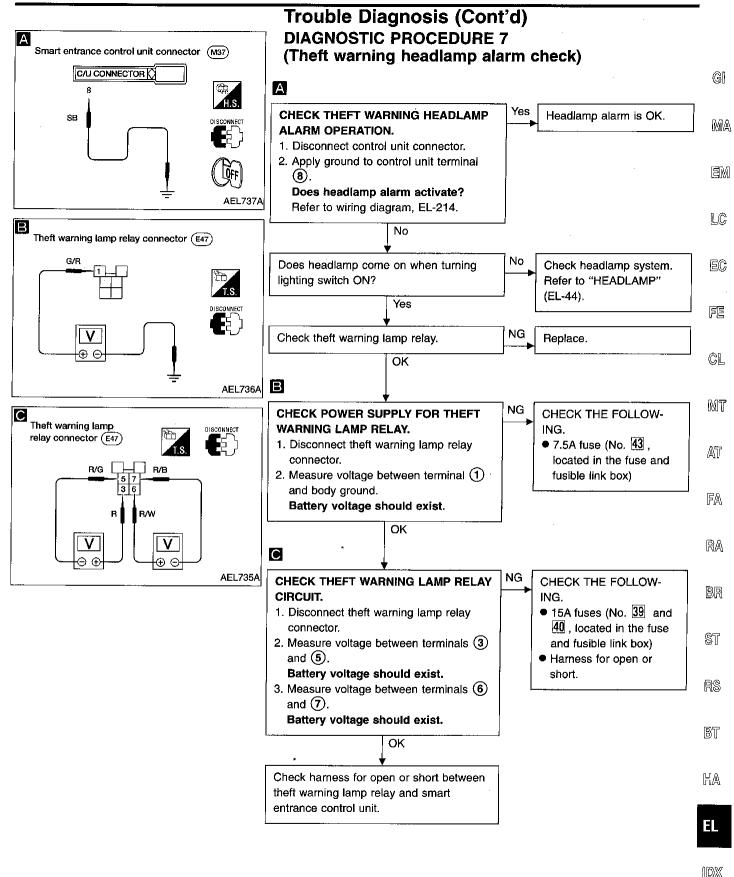
4 : Ground terminal

1 : Door lock switch terminal (LH)
Door unlock switch terminal (LH)
Door unlock switch terminal (RH)

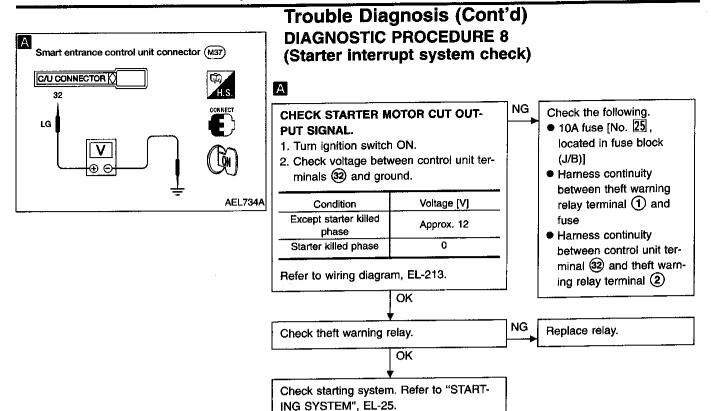


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EL-227 1439



SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT

Description

The following systems are controlled by the smart entrance control unit.

- Warning chime
- Rear window defogger timer
- Power door lock
- Multi-remote control system
- Theft warning system.

For detailed description and wiring diagrams, refer to the relevant pages for the each system.

The control unit receives data from the switches and sensors to control their corresponding system relays and actuators.

Input	Output	
Door lock and unlock switches Front door switches Key switch (Insert) Door key cylinder switches (lock/unlock) Front door unlock sensors	Door lock actuators	
Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ACC) Door switch Door unlock sensors Antenna (remote controller signal)	Horn relay-2 Theft warning lamp relay Interior lamp Multi-remote control relay-1 and 2 Door lock actuators	_
Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ON) Lighting switch (1st) Seat belt buckle switch Front door switch LH	Warning chime	
Ignition switch (ON) Rear window defogger switch	Rear window defogger relay	
Ignition switch (ACC, ON) Door switches Hood switch Trunk room lamp switch Door key cylinder switches (lock/unlock) Trunk lid key cylinder switch (unlock) Door unlock sensors	Horn relay-2 Theft warning lamp relay Theft warning relay (Starter interrupt) Security indicator	
	Door lock and unlock switches Front door switches Key switch (Insert) Door key cylinder switches (lock/unlock) Front door unlock sensors Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ACC) Door switch Door unlock sensors Antenna (remote controller signal) Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ON) Lighting switch (1st) Seat belt buckle switch Front door switch LH Ignition switch (ON) Rear window defogger switch Ignition switch (ACC, ON) Door switches Hood switch Trunk room lamp switch Door key cylinder switches (lock/unlock)	Door lock and unlock switches Front door switches Key switch (Insert) Door key cylinder switches (lock/unlock) Front door unlock sensors Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ACC) Door switch Door unlock sensors Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ON) Lighting switch (1st) Seat belt buckle switch Front door switch (ON) Rear window defogger switch Ignition switch (ACC, ON) Door switches Hood switch Trunk room lamp switch Door key cylinder switch (unlock) Door lock actuators Horn relay-2 Theft warning chime Rear window defogger relay Horn relay-2 Theft warning lamp relay Theft warning relay (Starter interrupt) Security indicator

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EL-229 1441

SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT

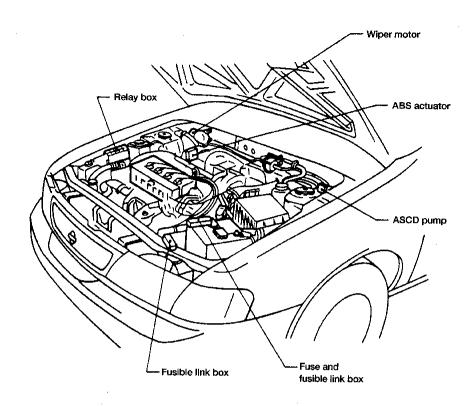
Input/Output Operation Signal

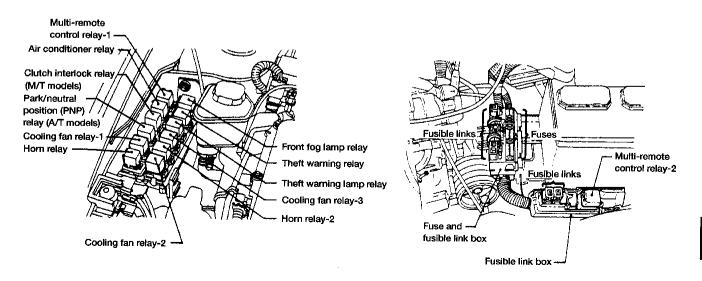
SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT

Terminal No.	Wire color	Connections	Operated condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	W/L	Power source (C/B)	_	12V
2	W/R	Passenger and rear door lock actuators	Door lock & unlock switch	12V
3	Υ	Driver door lock actuator	Free	0V
	5.4	A.II	Door lock & unlock switch	12V
4	R/L	All door lock actuators	Free	0V
7	OR	Multi-remote control relay -1, -2	When doors are locked using remote controller	12V → 0V
8	SB	Theft warning lamp relay	When panic alarm is operated using remote controller	12V → 0V
9	R/G	Interior lamp	When interior lamp is operated using remote controller. (Lamp switch in "DOOR" position)	12V → 0V
10	В	Ground	_	
11	G	Ignition switch ON	ON position	12V
12	G/R	Driver door unlock sen- sor	Driver door: Locked → Unlocked	12V → 0V
13	Y/B	Passenger door unlock sensor	Passenger door: Locked → Unlocked	12V → 0V
14	L/OR	Rear door unlock sen- sors	Either rear door: Locked → Unlocked	12V → 0V
15	R	Driver door switch	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V
16	R/W	Rear door switches	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V
17	L	Ignition switch ACC	ACC position	12V
18	GY	Door lock/unlock switches (lock)	Neutral → Locks	12V → 0V
19	PU	Door lock/unlock switches (unlock)	Neutral → Unlocks	12V → 0V
20	G/B	Rear window defogger switch	OFF → ON	12V → 0V
21	W/B	Seat belt buckle switch	Unfasten → Fasten	0V → 12V
24	L	Ignition key switch (Insert)	IGN key inserted → IGN key removed from IGN key cylinder	12V → 0V
25	R/G	Lighting switch (1ST)	1ST, 2ND positions: ON → OFF	12V → 0V
26	R	Trunk room lamp switch	ON (Open) → OFF (Closed)	0V → 12V
27	G/B	Trunk lid key cylinder switch (unlock)	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Unlocked)	12V → 0V
28	Υ	Tamper switches	OFF (Normal) → ON (Key cylinder withdrawn)	12V → 0V
29	P/B	Hood open switch	ON (Open) → OFF (Closed)	0V → 12V
30	LG/R	Door key cylinder lock switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Locked)	12V → 0V
31	G/Y	Door key cylinder unlock switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Unlocked)	12V → 0V
32	LG	Theft warning relay (Starter cut)	OFF → ON	12V → 0V
33	G/OR	Theft warning indicator	Goes off → Illuminates	12V → 0V
35	R/W	Passenger door switch	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V
36	G/R	Rear defogger relay	OFF → ON	12V → 0V

LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

Engine Compartment





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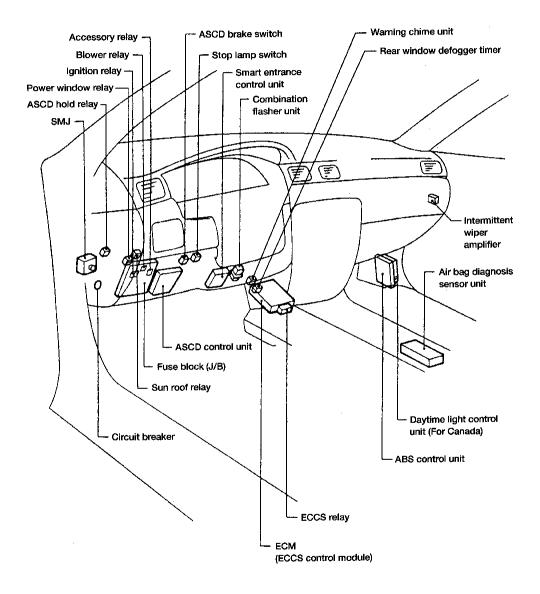
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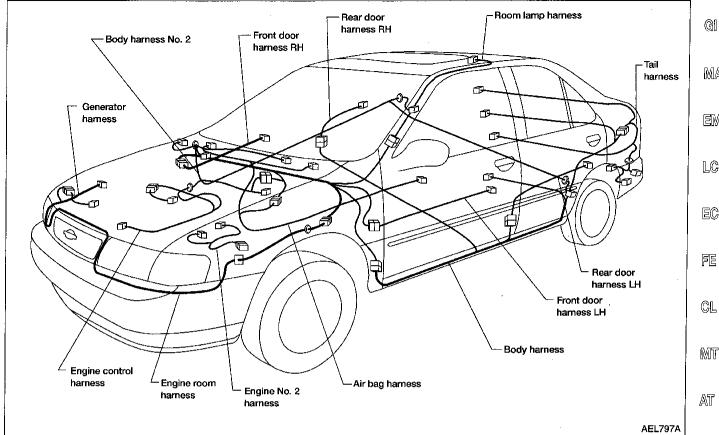
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Passenger Compartment



Outline



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How To Read Harness Layout

Example: E2 E1 GY/2: Brake fluid level switch Connector color/Cavity Connector number

Grid reference

The following Harness Layouts use a map style grid to help locate connectors on the drawings:

- Engine Room Harness (Engine Compartment)
- Main Harness
- Body Harness

To use the grid reference

- 1) Find the desired connector number on the connector list.
- 2) Find the grid reference.
- 3) On the drawing, find the crossing of the grid reference letter column and number row.
- 4) Find the connector number in the crossing zone.
- 5) Follow the line (if used) to the connector.

CONNECTOR SYMBOL

Main symbol of connector (In Harness Layout) are indicated below.

	Waterp	roof type	Standard type		
Connector type	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Cavity: Less than 4Relay connector	©	Ø	Ø		
Cavity: From 5 to 8					
Cavity: More than 9		\Diamond		\Diamond	
Ground: terminal etc.	-		C	8	

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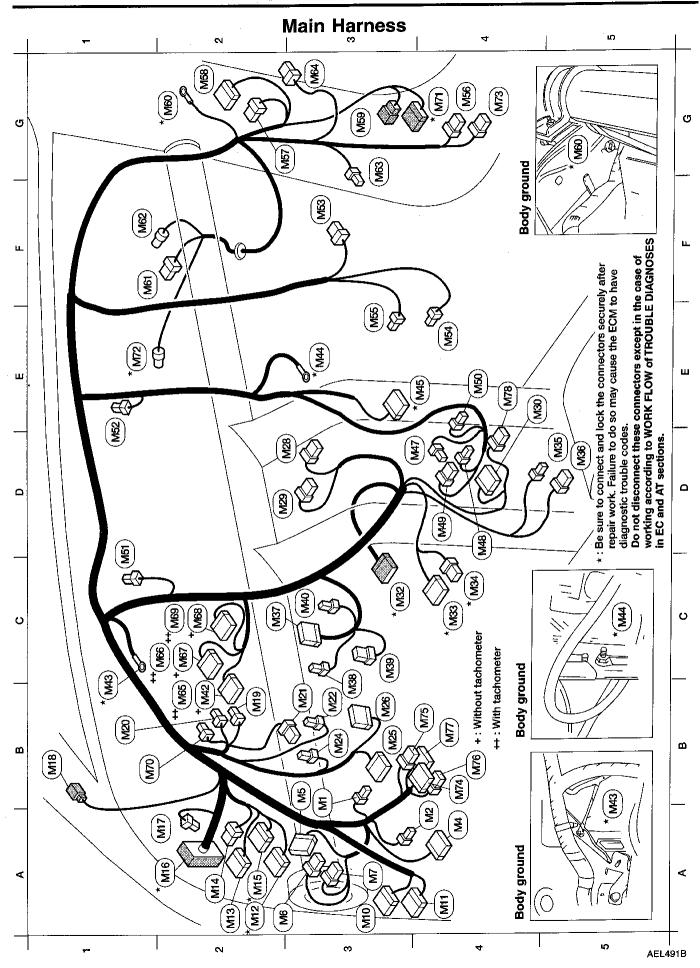
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HARNESS LAYOUT Main Harness (Cont'd)

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Engine Room Harness

PASSENGER COMPARTMENT

(J/B) S/2 : Fuse block (J/B) *(EI®) W/16: Fuse block (J/B)

Era W/6 : Joint connector-3

印図 W/2 : Circuit breaker

EIOT SMJ : To (MIG)

En® W/4 : Fuse block (J/B) : Ignition switch : Key switch E108 W/2 9/M (Jia) *

(EIII) W/8 : Lighting switch 6110 W/6 8/T (B)(E)

: Turn signal switch : Wiper switch

: Front fog lamp switch

E112) B/2

*: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have

E107

(A)

Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections. diagnostic trouble codes.

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E188)

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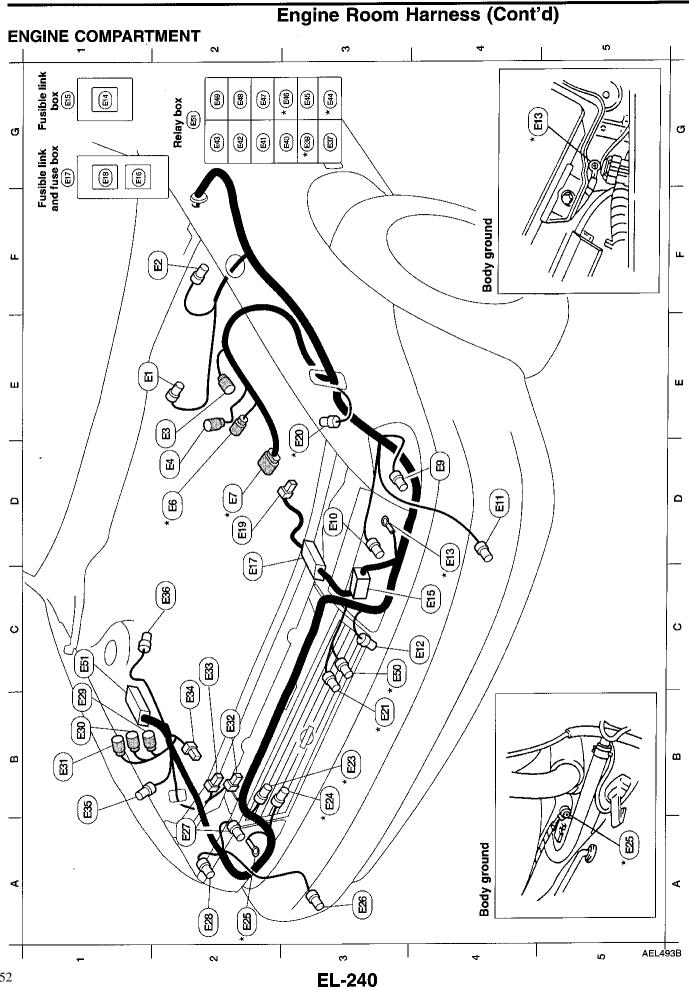
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Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

Fusible link (E) ğ fusible link box Fuse and (8) (E)

ly box	8	(SPE)	(E4)	989)*	
Relay box	(643)	(E42)	Equ	(E40)	

	8	E48	(E47)	(9 8 2) *	(E46)	*(E44)
. (E	(E43)	(E42)	(E41)	(E40)	*(E39)	(E37)

(ES) B/2 : ABS relay box

(EX) W/3 : Horn relay

*E® L/4 : Cooling fan relay-1

(E4) L/4 : Park/neutral position (PNP) relay (without ASCD) GY/6: Park/neutral position (PNP) relay (with ASCD)

E4) L/4 : Clutch interlock relay (with M/T)

Et BR/6: Multi-remote control relay-1 BR/6: Air conditioner relay (F)

(E4) L/4 : Cooling fan relay-2 (with A/T)

(E4) L/4 : Cooling fan relay-3 (with A/T)

BR/6: Theft warning lamp relay

*(23) GY/2: Cooling fan motor-2 (with M/T and A/C) * (E4) GY/4 : Cooling fan motor-2 (with A/T and A/C)

(E6) GY/2: Front fog lamp RH

A3 Ŗ

: Body ground

ı

(B) *

EZ) B/3 : Headlamp RH

* (Eq.) GY/2 : Cooling fan motor-1 (with M/T) *(ED) GY/2: Intake air temperature sensor

E48 B/5 : Theft warning relay

C3 *(EE) GY/4: Cooling fan motor-1 (with A/T)

Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have diagnostic trouble codes,

Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections.

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(E8) BR/3: Front combination lamp RH GY/1: To 😣 (8) 8

E) GY/2 : Brake fluid level switch

E2) GY/4: ASCD pump

낊

BR/2: Front wheel sensor LH

(B)

(E4) GW/2: To (E22) * (E) GY/4 : To (E)

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GY/3: To (AI) <u>a</u> Ħ

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GY/1: To 🙉

(E2) B/2 : Washer fluid level switch 2

B2

(E3) W/2 : Front washer motor

BR/3: Front combination lamp LH

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* (E) GY/8 : To (East)

Est B/1 : Horn ଧ

(ES) GY/2: Hood switch **B**2

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: Multi-remote control relay-2 (in fusible link box)

B/5

: Fusible link box

EIS FB

8

: Dual pressure switch

E12 B/2

: Body ground

ı

(E)

7

EII) GY/2: Front fog lamp LH

2 2

: Headlamp LH

E10 B/3

: Fusible link holder (in fuse and fusible link box)

(E16) B/1 Ett) FB

: Fuse and fusible link box

: Fusible link holder (in fuse and fusible link box)

: Battery

20

E18 W/1 (E19) **B/1**

8

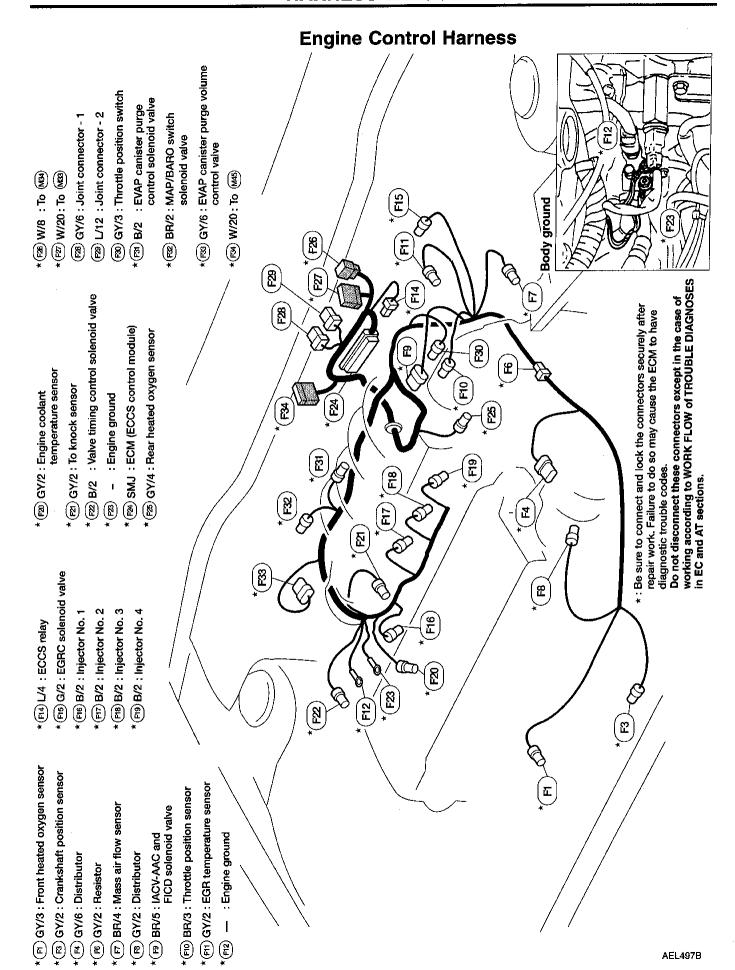
Es BR/6: Horn relay-2

E L/4 : Front fog lamp relay

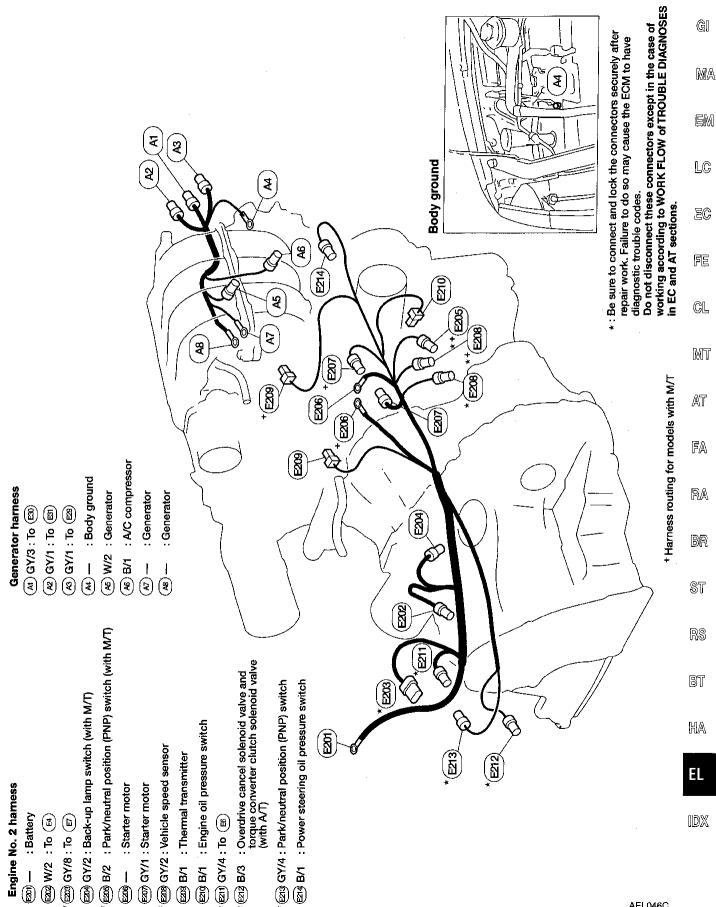
FB : Relay box 5

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S 83 83 83 83



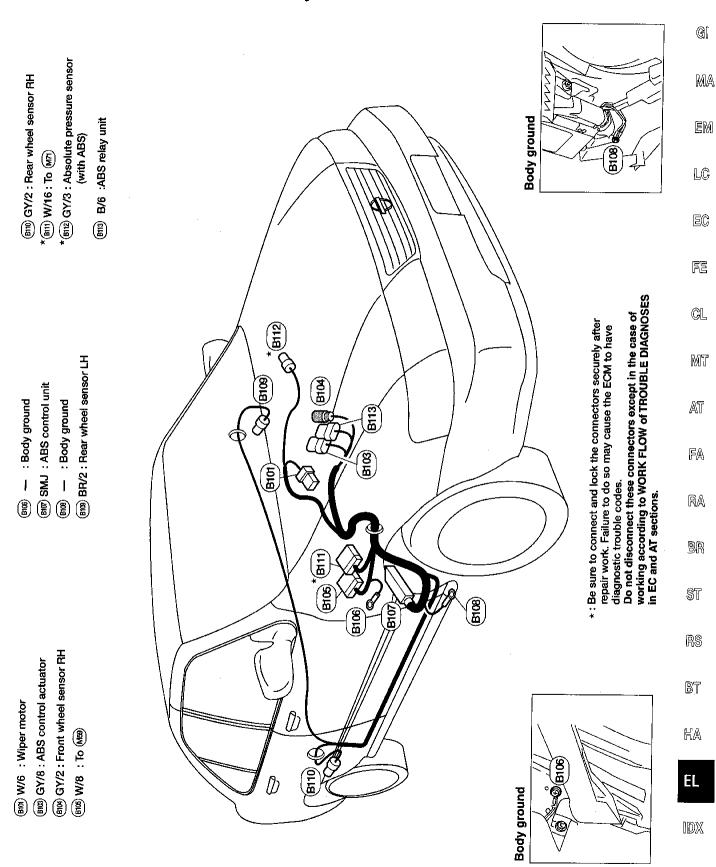
Engine Harness No. 2 and Generator Harness



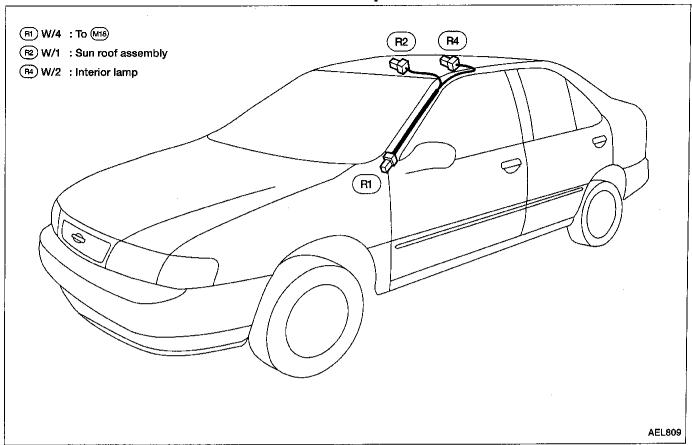
AEL046C

HARNESS LAYOUT **Body Harness** G N O Q Ø (M (B202) **Body ground Body ground** <u>8</u> 0 ш 88 Trunk Room Lamp switch Trunk Room 88 Diode (BB) : Rear window defogger BB/1: Rear door switch RH (B202) BR/1: Rear door switch LH **B**19 Lamp : Trunk room lamp 🖾 BR/2 : Rear speaker RH : Body ground (B#6) B15) (REG) W/8 : To (D18) (REA) W/8 : To (D22) ш (Fig.) B18) Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections. (B24) W/8 (BZI) W/2 B20) B/1 Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have (B17) ឌ ප **B**3 F2 F2 (88 (88) Ω ۵ : Seat belt buckle switch (Big) B/1 : Rear window defogger 88 : Front door switch LH E4 * BIS GY/4: Fuel tank gauge unit 910 (E2) BR/2: Rear speaker LH : Body ground : Body ground (віб) GY/2 : Fuel pump 8 diagnostic trouble codes. 912 (<u>B14</u>) E3 *® W/16: To (ਜ) O (Br3) B/3 W/2 I I **EE** <u>B</u> D3 * (617) (B) (B) * 8 2 **E**4 8 ප 8 SE SE 8 8 6 (B5) BR/6: Rear window defogger relay ® W/2 : Diode (with multi-remote system) 8 87 $\mathbf{\omega}$ Θ BR/1: Front door switch RH B/1 : Parking brake switch *(Bs) W/12: Fuse block (J/B) B/2 : Fuse block (J/B) 88 B17 ES W/16: To (MIS) * (B4) W/20 : To (M12) BI W/6 : To MIG BZ W/10: To (MI3) 22 **Body ground** 8 ⋖ (a) (8) (E) 8 留 83 **A**3 A4 83 8 88 LO Q ന AEL499B

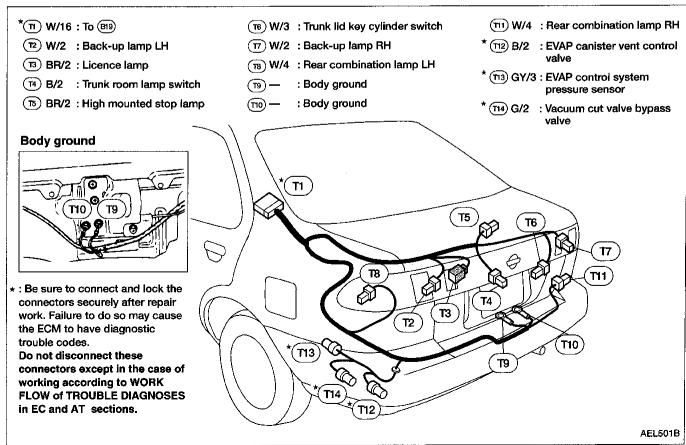
Body Harness No. 2



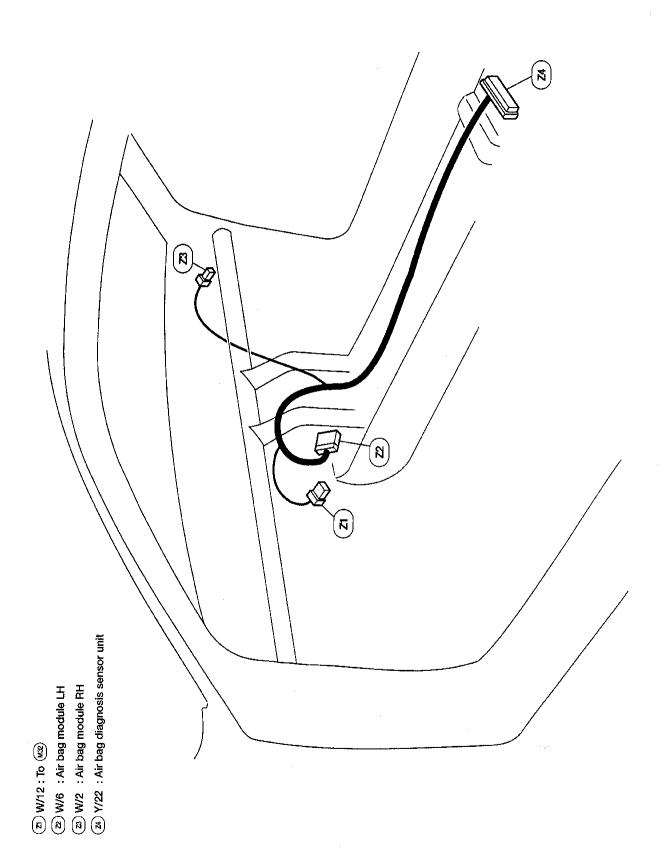
Room Lamp Harness



Tail Harness



Air Bag Harness



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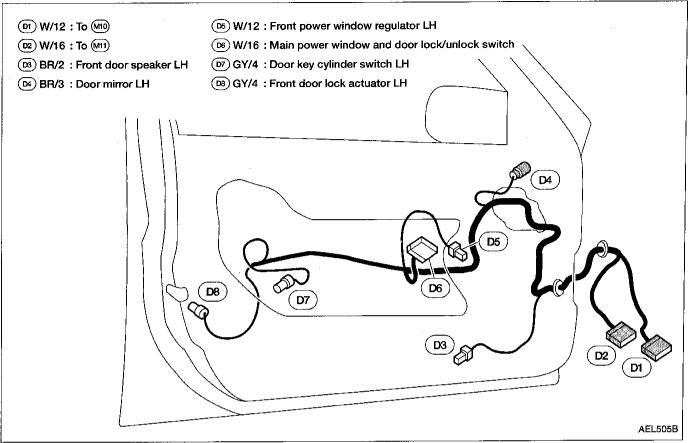
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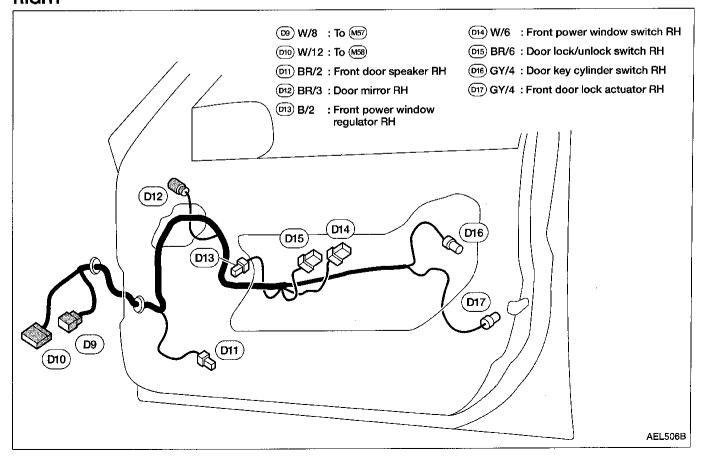
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LEFT

Front Door Harness

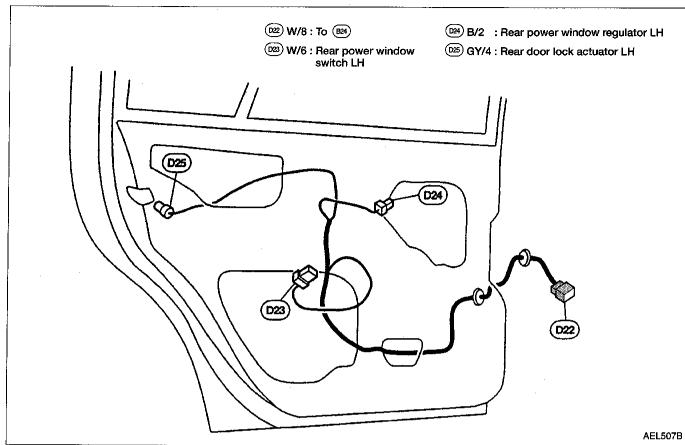


RIGHT

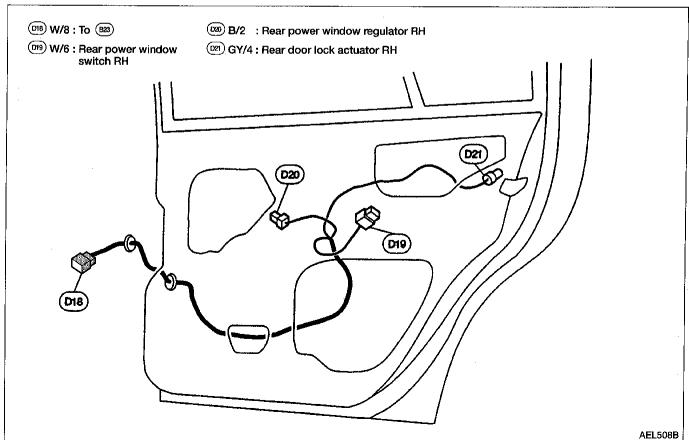


LEFT

Rear Door Harness



RIGHT



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BULB SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Wattage (12 volt)	Bulb No.
Headlamp (Semi-sealed beam)		
High/Low (SENTRA)	65/45	HB9004
High/Low (200SX)	65/55	HB5 9007
Front combination lamp	27/8	1157NA
Front fog lamp	35	H3 (Special)
Rear combination lamp		
Turn signal	27	1156
Stop/Tail	27/8	1157
Back-up (SENTRA)	13	921
Back-up (200SX)	27	1156
License plate lamp	5	168
Trunk lid-mounted stop lamp	13	912

WIRING DIAGRAM CODES (CELL CODES)

Wiring Diagram Codes (Cell Codes)

- Use the chart below to find out what each wiring diagram code stands for.
 Refer to the wiring diagram code in the Alphabetical Index to find the location (page number) of each wiring diagram.

		<u> </u>
Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
AAC/V	EC	IACV-AAC Valve
ABS	BR	Anti-lock Brake System
A/C	НА	Air Conditioner
AP/SEN	EC	Absolute Pressure Sensor
ASCD	EL	Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD)
A/T, RL	AT	Automatic Transaxle (RL4F03A)
AUDIO	EL	Audio
BACK/L	EL	Back-up Lamp
BYPS/V	EC	Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve
CANI/V	EC	EVAP Canister Purge Control Solenoid Valve
CHARGE	EL	Charging System
CHIME	EL	Warning Chime
CIGAR	EL	Cigarette Lighter
CKPS	EC	Crankshaft Position Sensor (OBD)
CMPS	EC	Camshaft Position Sensor
COOL/F	EC	Cooling Fan (Overheat)
DEF	EL	Rear Window Defogger
D/LOCK	EL	Power Door Lock
DTRL	EL	Headlamp – With Daytime Light System
ECTS	EC	Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor
EGRC/V	EC	EGR Valve and EVAP Canister Purge Control Solenoid Valve
EGRC1	EC	EGR Function
EGR/TS	EC	EGR Temperature Sensor
F/FOG	EL	Front Fog Lamp
FICD	EC	IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve
F/PUMP	EC	Fuel Pump
FRO2	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor
FRO2/H	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater
FUEL	EC	Fuel Injection System Function
HEATER	НА	Heater
H/LAMP	EL	Headlamp
HORN	EL	Horn
IATS	EC	Intake Air Temperature Sensor
IGN/SG	EC	Ignition Signal
ILL	EL	Illumination
INJECT	EC	Injector

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
INT/L	EL	Interior and Trunk Room Lamps
IVC	EC	Intake Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve
KS	EC	Knock Sensor
LKUP	EC	Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve
LOAD	EC	Load Signal
MAFS	EC	Mass Air Flow Sensor
MAIN	EC	Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit
METER	EL	Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp. and Fuel Gauges
MIL/DL	EC	MIL & Data Link Connectors
MIRROR	EĻ	Door Mirror
MULTI	EL	Multi-Remote Control System
PGC/V	EC	EVAP Canister Purge Volume Control Valve
PNP/SW	EÇ	Park/Neutral Position Switch
POWER	EL	Power Supply Routing
PRE/SE	EÇ	EVAP Control System Pressure Sensor
PST/SW	EC	Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch
RRO2	EC	Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor
RR02/H	EC	Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater
SFT, RL	AT	A/T Shift Lock System (RL4F03A)
SROOF	EL	Sunroof
SRS	RS	Supplemental Restraint System
S/SIG	EC	Start Signal
START	EL	Starting System
SW/V	EC	MAP/BARO Switch Solenoid Valve
TAIL/L	EL	License, Tail and Stop Lamps
TFTS	EC	Tank Fuel Temperature Sensor
THEFT	EL	Theft Warning System
TPS	EC	Throttle Position Sensor
TP/SW	EC	Throttle Position Switch
TURN	EL	Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps
VENT/V	EÇ	EVAP Canister Vent Control Valve
vss	EC	Vehicle Speed Sensor
WARN	EL	Warning Lamps
WINDOW	EL	Power Window
WIPER	EL	Wiper and Washer

MA

EM

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EC